"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair to-day and to-morrow; moderate west winds.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,415. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1913.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, TWO CENTS. Elsewhere

PRESIDENT QUITS 'CARABAO' SOCIETY

Resigns as Honorary Member of Organization That Burlesqued Philippine Policy

AND ORDERS INVESTIGATION

Singing of "Damn, Damn, Damn the Insurrectos" Offensive — Court-Martial or Reprimand Hinted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Incensed at what he deemed uncalled-for ridicule of his Administration at the annual dinner of the military Order of the Carabao last Thursday in this city, President Wilson to-night formally withdrew his recent acceptance of honorary membership in the order, which is composed of regular and volunteer officers of the army, the navy, and the Marine Corps who served in the Philippine Islands during the troubled four years succeeding the Spanish-American war.

Earlier in the day the President had ordered an investigation of various satires and travesties on the Administration's policy toward the Philippines as portrayed at the banquet. The demand for an investigation, together with intimations from the White House that courts-martial or severe reprimands might be forthcoming, caused a sensation in army and navy circles.

Lindley M. Garrison, Secretary of War, had accepted an invitation, but was unable to attend the dinner. Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, was present and made a speech about independence for the Filipinos. He got scant applause. Others there were Attorney General McReynolds, Postmaster General Burleson, Secretary of Commerce Redfield, Secretary of Labor Wilson, Justices McKenna, Pitney, Lamar, and Van Devanter of the Supreme Court of the United States; Assistant Secretary of War Breckinridge, Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt, and many Senators and Representatives, in addition to a hundred or more army, navy, and Marine Corps officers.

The presentation of floats indicating the Bryan peace policies and the singing of "Damn, Damn, Damn the Insurrectos," particularly aroused the ire of the Administration. This ditty was sung with zest to the air of "Tramp, Tramp, Tramp, the Boys Are Marching." With some new verses, the words of the song as it was rendered at the Carabao dinner follow:

The "Insurrecto" Song.

In that land of dopy dreams, happy, peaceful Philippines,
Where the boloman is hiking night and day,
Where Tagalos steal and lie, where Americanos die,
These you hear the soldiers sing this evening lay:

CHORUS.

Damn, damn, damn the insurrectos, cross-eyed kakiack ladrones;
Underneath the starry flag, civilize 'em with a Krag,
And return us to our own beloved homes.

There's a land of dopy dreams, far from Filipino themes,
Where the bolomen are busy night and day;
Where they wield the gladsome axe, taking huge and gory hacks
At a shining pate or lock of hoary hair.

Old-time customs there are few, all the members hack and hew
At the standpat bunch in manner far from nice.
They believe in making Hay, Warren for it day by day;
When the pie is cut each wants the biggest slice.

I've a large and growing hunch that this insurrecto bunch
Would have been the chaps to cop the fleece of gold.
Poor old Jason in his hunt would have pulled a better stunt
Had he the crowd that left us in the cold.

The Hay referred to in the song is Representative Hay of Virginia, Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs; the Warren is Senator Warren of Wyoming, ex-Chairman of the Military Affairs Committee.

Feature of Carabao Dinners.

In the past, this song always has been sung at the Carabao gatherings. It was written by an army officer in 1901, and is one of the songs most commonly heard in the army, officers and men singing it with a gusto on social occasions. Originally the chorus begins, "Damn, damn, damn the Filipinos," but recently, in consideration for the feelings of the Filipino people, the word "Filipinos" was changed to "Insurrectos."

Secretary Daniels had never before heard the song. He left the dinner early, but not, he explained to-day, because of his displeasure at the song. He had made an engagement to attend a reception, he said.

Secretary Daniels to-day began an investigation of the affair on his own account. But he had hardly begun before Secretary Garrison was called to the White House by telephone, and directed by President Wilson to investigate the matter fully, and report to the President all that took place at the dinner.

Among the moving picture scenes was a film showing an army detachment chasing a Filipino, according to the legend, for ten years. When he was caught he was made Governor of a province "by order of W. H. T."—which meant ex-President Taft.

Another feature of the banquet which some of the Administration officials criticised was a cartoon representing a carabao drawing a cart on which were figures of Secretaries Garrison and Daniels and others, with a figure representing Secretary Bryan running behind trying to catch the cart and holding in his hand a bottle labeled "Grape Juice."

Great amusement was caused by the sailing into the banquet room of the "Peace fleet," consisting of the United States steamships "Friendship," "Fellowship," and "Piffle," in derision of Secretary Bryan's peace proposals. With the fleet came the "Chautauqua circus tent."

"Grape Juice" and "Hot Air."

The "Piffle's" conning tower was labeled "Lecture Platform," her guns were marked "Grape Juice" and "Pop," her funnel bore the name "Hot Air," and on the quarterdeck was the figure of Uncle Sam shouting through a megaphone "Peace on earth." In the muzzles of the guns of the fleet were stuck nosegays, and a white dove was perched on each fighting top.

All these "stunts" Secretary Garrison will describe minutely in his report. So far as practicable he will endeavor to discover what persons were responsible for them.

"I have been instructed by the President," said Secretary Garrison, "to ascertain whether the facts warrant a court-martial or a reprimand."

"I had never heard the 'Insurrecto' song before," said Secretary Daniels to-night, "and it grated on my nerves. I thought it was in very bad taste. They were singing it without thinking what it meant. I thought how the people in the Philippines would feel when they

Continued on Page 2.

SCHWERIN TREASURES BURN

Fire in the Castle of Grand Duke Causes $750,000 Loss.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—The Grand Duke and Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg-Schwerin and the members of their family and suites had to flee for their lives from the famous Castle of Schwerin in consequence of a fire which broke out last evening. The castle is partly in ruins, and precious works of art have been destroyed. When the fire was extinguished early this morning, the total loss was estimated at $750,000.

The Duke and Duchess were at dinner when the frightened servants burst into the room, shouting: "The castle is on fire!" The flames rapidly made headway, and the Duke and Duchess, without hats or wraps, had to rush through flying sparks to escape.

Reports were circulated in Schwerin to-day that the fire was the work of a revengeful servant who had recently been discharged. The Court officials deny this, saying that it was caused by an electrical short circuit.

Among the apartments completely destroyed were the celebrated "golden hall" and the "golden staircase." The art works burned include Gobelin tapestries valued at thousands of pounds. The archives of the Mecklenburg dynasty were saved at the last moment.

Special trains with fire-extinguishing apparatus were sent from Hamburg and Rostock.

The Grand-ducal Palace of Mecklenburg-Schwerin is picturesquely situated on an island in the Lake of Swerin. It is an extensive structure, largely modern, but containing parts which date back to the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries. The Gothic chapel was built in 1560-63. The show apartments were the Golden Hall, the throne room, and the Hall of Armor.

PACKERS CUT BEEF PRICES.

Forced to Meet Argentina Competition in Navy Contracts.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The recent action of the Navy Department in buying beef from Argentina has forced down the prices of American packers. This is shown, the Navy Department announced, by bids just opened at various pay offices from competitors for domestic contracts for the months of January, February, and March. At every port excepting Norfolk and Hampton Roads prices for American beef were based on Argentina quotations, resulting in a saving of several thousand dollars. Awards for American beef will be placed at all ports except the two mentioned, those awards going to Argentina.

"Under the old high-tariff law," said Secretary Daniels, "this saving could not have been affected, but the recent Democratic tariff bill allows the importation of foreign meats free of duty."

WOMAN HEADS GARY POLICE.

Mrs. Ray Will Also Have Direction of the Fire Department.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—A woman is to be put in control of the Police and Fire Departments of Gary, Ind., the seat of the big plant of the United States Steel Corporation. Mayor Knotts has announced that to-morrow he will appoint Mrs. Kate Woods Ray, a suffrage leader, to the Presidency of the Safety Board. In this office Mrs. Ray will have control of the Police and Fire Departments of the Steel City.

Chief of Police Martin and sixty men in his department and Chief Joseph Feeley and five companies of firemen will report to Mrs. Ray for orders. Mrs. Ray will be the only woman Police Commissioner in Indiana. The police are not overjoyed at the prospect of a woman "boss." They believe that Mrs. Mary Azymonga and Mrs. R. M. Charlton, Gary's two policewomen, will be the "right hand men" of the Police Commissioner.

Mrs. Ray has taken a wide interest in politics in Indiana, is an orator of ability and espouses the Progressive cause.

EDISON SEES MISS KELLER.

Inventor Thinks He Can Give Her Actual Sound Perceptions.

A meeting, which had been much desired by both for many years, was arranged between Helen Keller and Thomas A. Edison at the Edison home in Llewellyn Park last Sunday afternoon, just before Miss Keller and her teacher, Mrs. Macy, started West, to continue a lecture tour. Miss Keller was much interested in all that Mr. Edison told her of recent experiments and inventions.

"Tell me more about your wonderful inventions," she said over and over again.

Mr. Edison showed deep interest in Miss Keller's keenness and delicacy of touch perception. After testing it in various ways he declared his confidence that he could translate sound waves into electrical vibrations, which would give Helen Keller actual sound perceptions.

Miss Keller and Mrs. Macy will spend a day with Mr. Edison in his laboratories on their return from the West, for the purpose of assisting in experiments to this end.

MARSHALL TO LECTURE.

Vice President Joins Chautauqua Circuit with Bryan Next Fall.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Onio, Dec. 15.—Vice President Marshall will join the Chautauqua lecturers with Secretary Bryan in the Fall of 1914. Louis J. Alber of Colt Alber Chautauqua Bureau, on his return from Washington to-day, announced that the Vice President has signed a contract to deliver a course before Congress next meets, providing that his official duties do not interfere.

This is said to be the first time a Vice President in office has been a regular Chautauqua speaker. Secretary Bryan has renewed his contract with the same bureau.

Yuban—the Arbuckle Guest Coffee can now be secured at over 2500 grocery stores in New York City.—Adv.

SET TRAIN SIGNALS BY WIRELESS NOW

Lackawanna Finds It Can Raise and Lower Semaphore from a Distant Station.

WILL PREVENT ACCIDENTS

Use of Wireless on Moving Trains Means a Great Saving in Heavy Freight Traffic.

Since the first wireless telegraph message from a moving train to a fixed station was flashed from the fast Lackawanna Limited to Scranton, Penn., five weeks ago, the improvement of the wireless service between trains and stations for commercial and operating purposes has been steadily going on. L. B. Foley, the Lackawanna's Superintendent of Telegraph, who originated the idea of the train wireless system and has been in charge of the tests, is making satisfactory experiments in fields hardly thought of when the new use of wireless was first conceived.

The latest accomplishment is the setting of signals by wireless from a moving train or from a fixed wireless station. When Mr. Foley reached the city yesterday from his last test trip he said that there was no longer any doubt that the wireless could be depended on for this signal service. If an operator at a station, he said, wants to set a signal for a moving train not in communication with him he can cause the semaphore blade of the signal post to rise or fall as he wishes by simply sounding the proper dots and dashes on his key.

"Signals can be set by wireless," said Mr. Foley, "as easily and as surely as they are now set by electricity conducted in wires. We have a selective device by which an operator can set a signal at any point if he has occasion to flag a train.

"This means that if any mistakes are made in the orders issued to engineers and conductors at stations or in the case of any emergency in which a train must be stopped to avert an accident the station operator can signal the train as certainly as if he had direct wire communication with some one on board.

"Another valuable use to which the wireless-controlled signals can be put," said Mr. Foley, "is the handling of freight trains on long runs. At present a through freight must make many stops between its starting point and destination, so that orders and instructions concerning right of way can be delivered to the conductors, but these frequent stops are a source of expense and delay which will be abolished by the wireless telegraph.

"Keeping freight trains in motion for long distances without stops will result in great economy of operation," said Mr. Foley. "Railroad operating officials know how expensive it is to start and stop heavy freight trains, the additional cost of fuel with the consequent pulling out of drawheads and the wear and tear of equipment being no inconsiderable items in themselves. With direct communication with a train and the ability to set and release signals by wireless, dispatchers can keep in touch with conductors and make the stops needless. The wireless permits the dispatcher to board every train and deliver his instructions as surely as if he handed them to the conductor in a sealed envelope.

"That the wireless service for ordinary operating purposes is no longer an experiment is proved by the fact that the Lackawanna has already depended upon it when wire communication was cut off. Recently, when a severe sleet storm put all telephone and telegraph lines out of commission in the Mountain Division of the Lackawanna Railroad, all train orders were handled by wireless between Scranton and Binghamton, where the railroad's two fixed stations are. "The signals were strong and distinct," Mr. Faley said, "and the messages were received and sent by the operators without difficulty. The wireless was the only means of communication between Scranton and Binghamton for two hours during which fifty-four orders were transmitted."

As soon as all trains are equipped with the wirless the total loss of communication between trains and stations will be a thing of the past, Mr. Foley believes. Such disasters as the Dayton flood and San Francisco earthquake will no longer cause communication between storm centres and the outside world to be cut off. Messages can be flashed from fixed stations or stalled trains to the nearest station outside the trouble zone. Also derailed or wrecked trains can notify stations of accidents the moment they occur.

"Communication by wireless telegraph to and from fixed stations with moving trains is no longer an uncertainty," Mr. Foley said yesterday. "Railroads can now go ahead and install the service without any fear of failure. There are many fields for the wireless telegraph in railroad operation, in routine business, and emergencies when lives and property can be saved by its use.

"And the service can be put into operation without increasing the train crews. Regular trainment can easily learn the telegraph alphabet or telegraph operators on trains can perform the duties of trainmen. Later, it may be found necessary and profitable to place a telegraph operator on limited trains running long distances without stopping to handle commercial telegrams for the public. Telegraph offices on trains in the future may be of as much value to the public as branch offices in hotels and other places where people congregate in large numbers."

Commercial telegrams have already been sent from the Lackawanna Limited and a set of regular toll rates is now being prepared by the railroad and telegraph companies.

PRAY FOR B. & M. INVESTORS

Baptist Ministers Ask Divine Aid for Widows and Orphans.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 15.—Hundreds of Baptist ministers, at a conference in Chipman Hall, Tremont Temple, to-day, united in prayer for the widows and orphans who purchased Boston & Maine stock.

The Rev. Charles L. Page, assistant pastor of the Dudley Street Baptist Church, was presiding, and, as customary, before he prayed, asked for suggestions from the ministers present. There came a voice: "I suggest that we pray for the poor women and children who have invested their money in Boston & Maine stocks and whose heads are now under the wheel."

When Mr. Page touched this point in his prayer he said:

"And it is pertinent at this time that we should pray to God as our brother has suggested for the unfortunate women and children who have unwisely invested their money in railroad stock. We trust that God will take care these people shall not be in absonate want."

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER. 50c. per case of 6 glass-stoppered bottles.—Adv.

A Christmas Legend by Percy Mackaye
It is called "The Laughing Star," and will charm all who enjoy the work of this noted dramatist and poet.
IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

FINDS LITTLE GIRL BOUND TO A STAKE

Woman Brings 13-Year-Old Anna Villoix to Her Home from Lot Where Men Dragged Her.

George Villoix and his wife were beginning to be greatly concerned last night as to the whereabouts of their thirteen-year-old daughter, Anna, when by 10 o'clock she had not returned to her home, at 620 St. Ann's Avenue, the Bronx, although at 6 o'clock she had started for home from her aunt's house in Elton Avenue, armed with a big frying pan, which her mother wanted for the crullers that are a part of a German Christmas. They were just wavering on the point of sending out an alrm to the police, when a woman they had never seen before came to the door of the Villoix home with the child in her arms.

The little girl was tear-stained, dusty, and faint. There were bruises on her face and arms, her hair was disarranged and her dress was torn.

At the sight of her Mrs. Villoix fainted, and only the father heard the story the strange woman told. She said that at 10 o'clock she had been walking by the gap in the fence inclosing the vacant lot at 152d Street and Brook Avenue when she heard a feeble moaning as of some one troubled in sleep.

It sounded to her like a girl's wail and though it was dark she went into the lot to search. The sounds led her to a short stake stuck in the ground, and at the foot of it was a little girl lying half-conscious. There were stout pieces of rope binding her arms and her ankles to the post, but these had sagged and from a standing position she had slipped down to the ground. A piece of cloth, which looked as though it might have been a gag, had slipped down around her neck.

The woman loosened these bonds, and carried the child out to the light of a street lamp. There she coaxed from her her name and the number of her father's house, and so she had carried her home.

This was the story the woman told. To the mother, the little girl told a story that corroborated it. She had been on her way home from her aunt's when, as she was walking along the lonesome stretch of slaughter houses and railroad yards at 152d Street and Brook Avenue, two young men, rough looking and rough spoken, had grabbed her and dragged her into the lot. She had not even screamed. She was too frightened. She said she remembered their tying her to the post and nothing more.

The father had seen and heard enough. He picked the child up in his arms, and ran with her to the Morrisania Station, and there the two told the story again to Detectives McGrath and McCarthy.

By 12 o'clock the detectives had asked all the questions they could think of and had suggested an ambulance call. Mr. Villoix said he preferred to have the child examined by their family physician, and took her away.

Meanwhile, the reporters who had seen the father and child go into the detectives' room, had gone to St. Ann's Avenue and had obtained an account of the child's story and of the strange woman's story from her mother. The woman herself had gone and Mrs. Villoix remembered afterward that in the excitement she had not even asked her name.

The reporters who went direct to the detectives were somewhat surprised to find McGrath and McCarthy sitting unconcernedly in the station, without having stirred to make the first steps of an investigation.

"We don't believe that girl's story," was their explanation.

Later the reporters, believing that a mistake was being made, presented the whole story as they had heard it from different sources. Then that the detectives were on their feet in an instant. They said the father had given them no such complete account, and with that brief explanation they started out at full speed. Something more than an hour had been lost already.

W. C. OSBORN IS CHAIRMAN.

Heads Glynn's Business Committee to Modernize State Government.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 15.—Gov. Glynn announced to-night the appointment of William Church Osborn of Garrison as Chairman of the committee of business men to formulate a business plan for the conduct of the State Government. The Governor said he intended to make the other appointments in the next few weeks. The idea is in line with the scheme to keep down to an efficiency minimum the expenditures next year.

The name of Assemblyman George E. Dennen of the Tenth District of Kings was mentioned to-day in connection with the appointment of the five Workmen's Compensation Commissioners. His candidacy has been laid before the Governor. During his term Mr. Dennen opposed party measures several times, but was a supporter of the Compensation bill. He was defeated at the late election.

The commission would be non-partisan, the Governor said to-night. He added that as yet he had no idea as to the identity of the membership.

FOR BUFFOM POISON TRIAL.

Special Panel of 150 Jurors Drawn —Case to Come Up Feb. 16.

Special to The New York Times.

OLEAN, N. Y., Dec. 15.—A special panel of 150 jurors was drawn to-day in the Supreme Court at Little Valley for the trial of Ernest Frahm and Mrs. Cynthia Buffom, charged with murder in the first degree for the poisoning of Will S. Buffom by means of arsenic mixed with his food. The trial was set for a special term of the Supreme Court to be held at Little Valley Feb. 16. It is expected Justice Charles Brown will preside.

Little Laura Buffom, although still seriously ill, shows some improvement since the arrest of her mother. Mrs. Buffom's sons visit her daily at the county jail.

FLOWERS BLOOM NEAR ICE.

Skaters on Morris Canal See Dandelions Springing Up.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, N. J., Dec. 15.—With boys and girls skating to-day on the Morris Canal, and three inches of ice reported in the lakes in this section, dandelions are springing up in the grass along the canal. To-day Mrs. Charles Force of Broad Street picked fresh pansies from her garden.

A number of farmers have tapped maple trees and found them all to contain a large amount of sap. Even the hens are deluded. Apparently believing that Spring is here, they have started laying.

UNCOVERS A PLOT TO ROB BOX OFFICE

Klaw & Erlanger Discharge Two Trusted Theatre Employes.

Two employes, the Assistant Treasurer and the ticket taker, of one of Klaw & Erlanger's largest city theatres were discharged yesterday following the accidental discovery by Marc Klaw, Jr., of an attempt to rob the box office.

Last Saturday night young Klaw went into the box office of the theatre where he had left his overcoat, put on what he supposed to be that garment, and left the house. A few moments later he put his hand in the pocket of the coat and found a large number of "exchange" tickets such as are sometimes sold at the box offices of theatres when persons who have entered the theatre go back to the box office and pay a higher price for better seats than the ones originally purchased. In the pocket, also, were a number of general admission tickets.

These tickets should have been put in the box at the door by the ticket taker at the time they were presented. Mr. Klaw made a further investigation and found that the overcoat was not his, but belonged to the ticket collector of the theatre. He then went back to the box office, hung up the coat without saying anything about having made a mistake and stood where he could see all that went on.

Shortly afterward the Assistant Treasurer of the theatre, who was on duty in the box office at the time, went to the overcoat, took the tickets out of the pocket, and placed them back among the unsold tickets.

The matter was at once reported to A. L. Erlanger, and following a further investigation the two men were discharged. How long the practice had been going on or how much money had been lost, Klaw & Erlanger were unable to determine. The matter was not reported to the police.

PASTOR STOPS GOSSIP.

Young Widow and Aged Sexton as Targets—Inquiry Clears Them.

It became known here yesterday that the Rev. Charles F. Mayhew, pastor of the Nepperham Baptist Church of Yonkers had before him on Sunday Mrs. Bessie Watson, a widow, 30 years old, of 160 Palisades Avenue, and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Van Voorhis.

Van Voorhis is 80 years old, and has been sexton of the church for a number of years. He is quite feeble. Mrs. Watson has been a prominent church worker for some time.

Recently the gossips of the neighborhood had been connecting the names of Mrs. Watson and the sexton. Some one told Mrs. Van Voorhis that they saw her husband stealing in a back pew of the church and that Mrs. Watson was holding his hand. The case was brought to the attention of the pastor. The Rev. Mr. Mayhew summoned all the parties concerned before him Sunday morning. He did not hold a formal inquiry, but had a frank talk with them. It is said that nothing was revealed which would cause any jealousy on the part of Mrs. Van Voorhis.

Mrs. Watson was not at home this evening. Her sister, however, said that if her sister, Mrs. Watson, had ever held the sexton's hand it was simply as a greeting, or she had done so to help him to a seat, owing to his feeble condition.

WALL ST. CLERK MISSING.

Sister Sends Out Alarm for David Roach of Jersey City.

A woman, who said she was Miss Catherine Roach of 72 Hanson Place, Brooklyn, drove up to Police Headquarters in an automobile at a late hour last night and asked that a general alarm be sent out for her brother, David Roach, 32 years old. She said her brother had been missing from his home at 266 Thirteenth Street, Jersey City, since last Tuesday, and that his wife was greatly distressed over his absence.

Her brother, she said, was employed by a Wall Street brokerage firm. He had a serious illness several years ago, she said, and was in a sanatarium. He eventually returned to work. Nine months ago, she said, he again was taken ill. She heard that he was last seen on the day he left home in front of a theatre in Hoboken.

TAFT'S SON HEADS CLASS.

Duplicates His Father's Feat at Ohio Bar Examination.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 15.—Not to be outdone by his father, Robert Alfonzo Taft, son of former President Taft, stood to-day at the head of his class that took the Ohio State bar examinations with a percentage of 90.7. His grade was two points higher than that of the candidate who stood second on the list. Young Taft registered two years ago for the examination after finishing a collegiate course at Yale and graduating from Harvard Law School.

Years ago, when former President Taft was admitted to the Ohio bar, he won the highest honors of his class and Robert worked diligently to duplicate the feat. He succeeded and to-day received a congratulatory message from his father. Robert Taft lives in Cincinnati.

INDICT PITTSBURGH MEN.

Grand Jurors Return Bills Alleging Fraud in Tax Receipts.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 15.—Indictments were returned to-day by the Grand Jury against Dr. E. R. Walters, County Collector of Delinquent Taxes; Howard B. Oursler, Director of the Bureau of Supplies of Pittsburgh; Norman Wymard, Clerk in the Tax Collector's office, and Henry McKelvey, a special policeman, charging them with conspiracy to issue fraudulent tax receipts in connection with the late election.

Walters and Oursler have long been prominent in Pittsburgh politics.

All Deerfoot Farm Sausages are made at the farm, in Southboro, Mass. Their success is owing to choice materials and the neatness and cleanliness of the preparation. New York Store, 172 Chambers Street.—Adv.

REPUBLICANS VETO PARTY CONVENTION

National Committee Favors Referring Reorganization Problems to State Conventions.

ACTION AT HILLES DINNER

Expected That Conclusions Reached Will Be Ratified To-day—Strong Sentiment for Party Reforms.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Dec. 16.—After conferring for nearly three hours, following a dinner at the Metropolitan Club last night, the members of the Republican National Committee reached a conclusion at an early hour this morning not to call a Special National Convention of the Republican Party to consider changing the basis of representation in National Conventions so as to reduce the number of delegates from Southern States and changing the manner in which delegates shall be elected.

To-day when the National Committee holds its formal meeting it will go through the form of ratifying the agreement thus reached informally at the dinner, at which Charles Dewey Hilles, Chairman of the National Committee, was host.

While the advocates of a special convention will continue to make a contest in to-day's meeting, it was virtually understood by them after midnight that this plan would be defeated, and that an alternative compromise plan of a referendum to State Conventions would be adopted.

The advocates of a special convention are in the minority, and, while there are a few members of the committee whose minds are understood to be open, not enough support for the convention plan can be mustered in to-day's meeting, it is believed, to adopt any resolution calling for a convention.

To Draft Rival Resolutions.

It was decided to have a special subcommittee prepare two resolutions to be voted upon at to-day's session of the National Committee. The sub-committee was appointed at midnight, and consists of Messrs. Warren of Michigan, Chairman; Borah of Idaho, Hadley of Missouri, Smoot of Utah, and Howell of Nebraska. This committee will meet at the New Willard Hotel at 8:30 o'clock this morning to draft the two resolutions. These will be:

First—A resolution providing for a special convention to pass upon the reduction of representation in the South and other matters.

Second—A resolution providing for no convention, but instead of it, as an alternative compromise proposition, for a referendum of the proposal for reduction in Southern representation to the States.

This latter resolution will provide that the National Committee shall work out a plan for reducing the South's representation in the National Conventions, this plan to be submitted to the Republican Party in the various States, to be adopted by Republican State Conventions, or in such other fashion as the Republicans in the various States may decide. The resolution will provide that the plan, as worked out by the National Committee and thus submitted shall be binding and valid only when adopted by States, whatever those States may be, that cast two-thirds of the Republican vote in the last national election.

Both these resolutions will be voted on in the National Committee to-day. After last night's meeting it was generally agreed that there would not be enough votes to adopt the convention plan, and that the compromise resolution would be adopted.

There was no division of opinion over the wisdom of changing the representation in the next National Convention, and the only division was over the special convention plan.

Committeeman Warren favored the holding of a convention, but, after discovering the strength of the opponents of the convention plan, he offered as an alternative suggestion the plan for a referendum. Senator Jones of Washington spoke vigorously in favor of the convention plan. Committeeman Remmel of Arkansas, while favoring a change in the basis of representation, said he was opposed to the holding of a special convention.

Barnes Favored a Convention.

Committeeman William Barnes, Jr., of New York went on record in favor of a convention. He declared that while he thought Committeeman Warren's suggestion for a referendum was thoroughly fair, he was himself of the opinion that it would be better to hold a special convention next Spring, at which the Republican Party would, among other things, adopt a ringing declaration of antagonism to the Democratic Party and its record in control of the National Administration since March 4 last.

Senator Borah spoke in favor of the referendum plan, as did ex-Senator Saunders of Tennessee. Mr. Saunders asserted that the Southern men were willing to agree to a referendum of the question of changing the basis of representation, even though it would "put a number of Southern Republican leaders on the shelf." He was willing to favor this change in the hope that it would be approved by the Southern States by the sheer force of the wisdom of the proposal.

Ex-Gov. Hadley spoke eloquently in favor of the convention plan, but indicated he would accept the referendum proposal as a second choice if the convention resolution could not be adopted.

It was in the hope of reaching a harmonious understanding that would pave the way for quick action at their meeting to-morrow that the members of the National Committee engaged in the informal discussion. Early in the day there had been every indication that the trend of sentiment in the committee was toward holding a national convention next year.

"Not a Counsel of Despair."

In a speech to the diners that preceded the discussion of the question, Mr. Hilles outlined at length the matters which the committee and a convention, if called, would be asked to settle, gave some of the arguments on each side, and declared that in any event the Republican Party should get together.

"This conference," he said, "is not a counsel of despair. Republicans have every reason to feel hopeful."

Reduction in South.

Mr. Hilles dwelt at length on the proposed recognition of primary laws and the proposal to change the basis of representation, which would lead to a reduction in the proportion of delegates from Southern States. Discussing the proposed reduction, Mr. Hilles pointed out the success of the Republican Party in several States south of Mason and Dixon's line, and summed up the argument of the opponents of the plan.

"It may not be irrevalent to remark," he added, "that if President Wilson's proposal of a Federal primary law

Continued on Page 2.

CANAL OPEN THROUGHOUT.

Cucaracha Slide Cleared Sufficiently to Permit Passage of Vessels.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, Dec. 15.—Work on the Cucaracha slide is progressing fast, and the opennig now is sufficiently large to permit the passage of vessels. The ladder dredge Corozal went through yesterday.

The canal is now open from ocean to ocean.

TOKIO IS SHAKEN.

Sharpest Earthquake in Years—Nobody Killed and Not Much Damage.

TOKIO, Dec. 15.—The strongest earthquake in several years occurred here to-day and was felt over an extensive area.

Houses in Tokio and Yokohama were violently rocked, and the people were greatly alarmed.

So far as can be learned there were no casualties, and the damage was confined to windows and bric-à-brac.

LAVA DESTROYS VILLAGES.

Much Loss of Life from Volcanic Eruption in Ambrim Feared.

MELBOURNE, Dec. 15.—Dispatches from Noumea, capital of the French colony of New Caledonia, report that great destruction has been wrought by a volcanic eruption in Ambrim Island of the New Hebrides group.

Six new craters were formed on the west coast on Dec. 6. The following day Mount Minnie collapsed and many villages were overwhelmed by streams of molten lava. The majority of the inhabitants sought refuge in canoes and boats, and a steamer rescued 500 of them.

No casualties are reported among the white population, whose numbers are small, but it is feared that many natives in the interior perished.

Ambrim Island is about 50 miles in circumference and is somewhat sparsely inhabited.

QUAKE KILLS 8 IN GERMANY.

Tunnel Collapses, Crushing a Train —Thirty-four Persons Injured.

CHEMNITZ, Dec. 15.—At least eight persons were killed and thirty-four others were injured by the crushing of a passenger train in a tunnel near here which collapsed as a result of a slight earthquake at midnight.

The train was coming from Roswein to Chemnitz, and as it was passing through the boring which pierces the Harras cliffs, eight miles out, the tunnel partly fell in and buried the locomotive and six cars beneath huge rocks.

A relief gang with doctors and ambulances from Chemnitz was brought quickly to the wreck by the signalman at the mouth of the tunnel, who saw the collapse and telegraphed for aid.

The work of examining the wreckage is still in progress. A hurricane, accompanied by snow, hindered it.

The earthquake shock was felt here.

WOMAN FIREMAN AT PLANT.

Husband Taken Ill Tending Furnaces and She Does His Work.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 15.—When employes of the Woven Steel Hose and Rubber Company went to the plant in Prospect Street this morning they found Mrs. Daniel Bunn, wife of the night fireman, tending to the boilers. Her husband had been taken ill early in the evening and had summoned her by telephone.

While he lay on a couch suffering intense pain and directing her work she shoveled coal in the furnaces, raked them down, and kept the steam at proper gauge all night long until the day force arrived.

A MONKEY COCAINE FIEND.

Dr. Briand Describes a Strange Case to a Paris Medical Society.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—Dr. Marcel Briand showed an interesting case to-night at a meeting of the Clinical Society of Mental Medicine—a monkey suffering from a drug habit.

The monkey was the pet of a woman cocaine taker and the extraordinary feature of the case is that the monkey acquired the habit spontaneously, and not by imitation of his mistress.

The animal searches ceaselessly for the drug and snuffs it up his nose. It appears to experience the sensations and all the hallucinations of sight and touch of a human being addicted to the habit.

NEW HAVEN STEAMSHIP HEAD

Report in Oregon That J. H. Young Has Been Appointed.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 15.—That Joseph H. Young, who last week resigned the Presidency of the Hill lines in the West, will become manager of the steamship lines of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad under President Howard Elliott is the report to-day on railroad row here.

It is said that his appointment came through the close intimacy between Mr. Elliott and Mr. Young for many years, and also because of Mr. Young's experience in the management of Alaska steamship lines.

BOSTON, Dec. 15.—"I shall not resign as President of the Maine Central Railroad," said Morris McDonald, President of the Boston & Maine Railroad, to-night in commenting on the Joint Public Service Commission's report, which was made public yesterday. "The Maine Central was my first love, and I am going to stick by it," he added.

DRUGGED BY WOMAN, DIES.

Coroner to Investigate Case of Actor Who Expires in a Hospital.

Coroner Feinberg will hold an inquest to-day into the death of Edward F. Cummings, 26 years old, who came to this city from Massachusetts on Nov. 18 and died in Flower Hospital on Nov. 26. According to physicians who examined him, Cummins died of poison.

He registered at a hotel in West Forty-third Street with other members of a theatrical troupe on the evening of Nov. 18. The next day he was found unconscious in bed and was taken to the hospital. He had strength enough left to say that a woman had drugged him by putting a powder in a glass of beer. He developed pneumonia, but death, according to Coroner's Physician Weston, was due indirectly to morphine poisoning.

▲ GIFT.—Audemair Opera, Field or Marine Glass. ▲ Lorgnette. SPENCER, 5 & 7 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

REBELS MENACE MEXICO CITY

2,000 Zapatistas Engage Federals Only 17 Miles from the National Palace.

HUERTA CLAIMS VICTORY

But It Is Suspected That the Bandits Have Withdrawn Only to Renew the Attack Later.

CONGRESS ENDS SESSION

Adjournment Leaves Huerta Practically Dictator—Capital Banks Reject Bills of State Institutions.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 15.—A force of 2,000 Zapatistas to-day attacked Milpa Alta, only seventeen miles from the National Palace.

The Federal detachment stationed there resisted the attack, summoning reinforcements by telephone from here. Three companies of the Ninth Infantry entrained in special street cars and rushed to the end of the line at Tuliahualco, less than three miles from the scene. The First Regiment of mounted police and 200 men of the Twenty-first Scouts also went to the rescue on horseback. The rebels are reported to have fallen back into the foothills and to have encamped at San Lorenzo, two miles away, soon after nightfall. The War Department to-night claims a victory, although private advices indicate that the rebels' losses were small and that they are prepared to make another attack, possibly to-night. Many of the Federals have already returned to the capital.

The fighting lasted less than three hours, and was practically all at long range, since the Zapatistas did not attempt to make any resistance in the open country. Although reports of the fighting were spread throughout the capital during the late afternoon, there is no evidence to-night of any alarm on the part of the residents. The streets are crowded with pleasureseekers as usual, and the theatres are full. There is nothing here to indicate that the rebels are at the very gates of the capital.

Congress adjourned this afternoon, leaving President Huerta practically dictator, with extraordinary powers in the Departments of War, Interior, and Finance.

Business Men Fear a Crash.

Business conditions here were sluggish to-day, as everybody is marking time for the crash which is regarded as impending. Merchants say that the holiday business will probably be smaller than that of any month this year and that many concerns will be left with large stocks, on which they will be unable to realize even at a great loss.

Practically all the business houses to-day posted notices that they would not accept the bills of State banks in payment for purchases. According to existing statutes, they are not required to take these bills, but it is expected that President Huerta will soon issue a decree making such acceptance compulsory.

All the banks except the Banco Central, which is the holding bank of a majority of the State institutions, also posted notices that they would not accept bills on the banks of Chihuahua, Guanajuato, San Luis Potosi, Hidalgo, Queretaro, Coahuila, and the Oriental of Puebla. It is expected that to this list will soon be added the State Banks of Sonora and Durango. All these banks are subsidiaries of the Central except the Oriental, Hidalgo, and Sonora.

Government Hard Pressed.

The financial situation of the Huerta Government is regarded as extremely critical. It is believed that unless he is assisted by European bankers he will not only be unable to meet the interest on the National Railway debt and the Government bonds, but will also find difficulty in paying army and civil Government salaries.

It is pointed out that several special tax payments are coming due which will probably enable him to meet expenses for two weeks, but that the chances for the third are doubtful. He is expected to resort to drastic measures to obtain funds—possib

The supply of coal is only a couple of hundred tons. This presages the suspension of work in many factories where electricity is unavailable. It is impossible to get wood, as the Zapatistas who infest the mountains capture and execute all woodcutters leaving the city. The presence of rebels in the Tuxpam district, from which the capital's oil supply is drawn, will, it is feared, result in the paralysis of railway traffic, except for a few military trains and freights absolutely necessary to supply provisions to the larger cities.

In view of the reports received here of the probable renewal of the attack on Tampico, Rear Admiral Paul von Heintze, the German Minister, has ordered the Kronprinzessin Cecilie to remain at Tampico until the situation has been definitely settled, or the refugees have all been removed. The Morro Castle has also been ordered to remain to take away Americans. It is believed that the sailings from Vera Cruz will be delayed until the arrival of other ships to replace those now at Tampico.

The report was current to-day that Sir Edward Grey had protested to Washington against the rebel outrages in Chihuahua and the violation of the neutrality of the British Vice Consulate by Gen. Villa. It was also rumored that European diplomats here were preparing a joint recommendation to their Governments regarding the situation, although what this was to be could not be ascertained.

The draft of the budget for the fiscal year 1914-15 was published to-day. It is practically the same as for last year, so far as expenditures are concerned, with the exception of the War Department, for which the appropriation has been raised more than 11,000,000 pesos over last year, an increase of about 20 per cent. This budget will not be considered by Congress until the April session.

Huerta Congress Adjourns Till April

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 15.—From now until April 2 President Huerta will be obliged to conduct the Government without Congress, as that specially created organization was formally adjourned to-day.

Its most important acts during the session were the ratification of the President's assumption of power over the various departments of the Government, after dissolving the preceding Congress and regranting to the President this same power, which gives Gen. Huerta until Congress convenes again practically the sway of a dictator.

Altogether the new Congress was unobtrusive, interfering not at all with the Executive's ideas of Government. Its most notable act, aside from those directly connected with the Executive plans, was the ratification of a concession to a Belgian syndicate to construct 5,000 miles of narrow gauge railways.

The rebel General Villa's treatment of the Spaniards at Chihuahua has aroused the keen sympathies of the colony here. The Polish Minister, Stephen Gregory Cologan, sent to Washington to-day through the American Chargé, Nelson O'Shaughnessy, his thanks for the efforts made by the American Government to relieve his countrymen at that place.

The situation around Tampico is declared by the Government to be satisfactory. Late railway reports indicate that the rebels in their retreat took away only four locomotives and enough cars to make up four trains.

Reports from other parts of Mexico concern the usual number of minor engagements and rebel depredations.

The rebel loss in the battle between the Federal troops and the Constitutionalists for the possession of the seaport of Tampico is estimated at 1,000 men, according to a telegram received to-day at the Ministry of the Interior from the Governor of the State of Tamaulipas.

The last shot in the battle was fired at 10 o'clock on Sunday morning, when the rebels retired, according to the official report given out at the War Office to-day. Federal cavalry pursued the retreating rebels for some distance, afterward returning to Tampico and reporting that the rebels had dispersed, some of them going toward Victoria and others in the direction of Tula and Xicotencatl in the State of Tamaulipas.

VILLA'S MEN FEAR A TRAP.

Federals May Take Advantage of Their Divided Forces.

JUAREZ, Dec. 15.—While rebel headquarters in Juarez to-day was sending urgent messages to Gen. Francisco Villa, the rebel commander at Chihuahua, telling him he was incurring the displeasure of foreign countries in his actions toward Spaniards and other foreigners, and asking him to modify his attitude, Gen. Villa himself was said to be seriously concerned over renewed Federal activity.

Reports were that Federals were advancing toward Chihuahua from Torreon, about 200 miles south. Villa has had to scatter his forces by sending troops to surround the Federals at Ojinaga, on the border, while garrisoning Juarez and Chihuahua. This was said to offer the Federals an opportunity to strike at Chihuahua, which was evacuated by them when Villa had all his forces together. Federal troops were also reported on their way from Monterey with a view of strengthening the position of the Huerta Government in the interior.

An attack on Chihuahua, which is not regarded as imminent, would cut Villa off from any base on the border. It was conceded by rebels that the first act of the Federals should they arrive in the vicinity of Chihuahua would be to stop all telegraph and railroad communication. Thus the Federal evacuation of Chihuahua, which occurred two weeks ago and enabled Villa to enter the State capital without a battle, would prove to be a military trap out of which the rebels would have to fight their way.

The situation at Chihuahua, on account of the protest of Spaniards against their expulsion from Mexico, was less critical. It was understood that arrangements were made for the sending of an official inquiry from the American Government to Villa through Consul Letcher. Villa was making progress with the disposal of goods which he had seized from the Spaniards. All the foodstuffs and clothing in the Spanish retail stores were sold at less than half price, and Constitutionalist money was accepted.

Word came that Luis Terrazas, Jr., for whose release from prison an appeal had been sent to Secretary Bryan, had already granted a forced loan to Villa. This took the form of checks in small denominations, aggregating $250,000, and the checks were being used as currency.

There was no fighting at Ojinaga to-day.

MADRID, Dec. 15.—The Spanish Government is disposed to commit the safeguarding of its interests in Mexico to the United States Government, according to an announcement made to-day by the Spanish Premier, Eduardo Dato, who said that preliminary steps had been taken already with that end in view.

REFUGEES ARE STORMBOUND.

Norther Keeps Them on Warships —Red Cross Aids Spaniards.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Following official reports from him that the Constitutionalists were completely routed at Tampico, Rear Admiral Fletcher sent a wireless message to the Navy Department to-day that affairs there were becoming normal.

Admiral Fletcher advised the department that because of rough weather he would be unable to return the refugees that had sought protection on the United States vessels in the river and had been sent to the battleships outside the bar.

The North German Lloyd steamer Kronprinzessin Cecilie left Tampico today for Vera Cruz with a number of refugees on board. On account of the norther the steamer Logician was unable to leave. Wireless dispatches from the army transport Sumner indicated that she would reach Tampico this evening and would anchor outside. The Ward liner Morro Castle will leave Tampico for Vera Cruz to-morrow.

The State Department notified the Spanish Ambassador to-day of the arrival at El Paso of a large number of Spanish refugees from Chihuahua, whence they were driven to the border by Gen. Villa of the Constitutionalist army. Owing to the fact that telegraphic communication with Chihuahua is cut, and all dispatches from Mr. Letcher, the American Consul, have to be sent north by courier, the department's information as to the course taken by Villa in seizing the property of the Spanish refugees and ordering them out of Mexico is very meagre.

State Department and Red Cross funds are being used to feed and care for the 420 who have reached El Paso. Besides the Spanish refugees, Gen. Bliss, commanding the United States military force and on the border, reported to-day that forty-six Mexican refugees had come over and were being cared for with the several hundred already at El Paso. The people of El Paso are also generously feeding and housing the destitute refugees.

Owing to the fact that there was no Spanish Consul at Chihuahua, the Spanish refugees were not able to make any arrangements for their property. It is expected that the Spanish Ambassador here will take steps to have his Government look after the welfare of the distressed Spaniards just as soon as arrangements can be made. It is understood that much of the property that was abandoned by them was that of the Catholic Church, which had once been confiscated under the Diaz régime, and after the retirement of President Diaz was again taken in charge by Spanish priests.

The State Department denied to-day the statement that Consular Agent Carrothers, whose post is at Torreon, had been sent with a peremptory message to Gen. Villa, protesting against his treatment of the Spanish refugees. Mr. Carrothers came north from Torreon with a large number of American refugees six weeks ago, and took advantage of being in the United States to ask a short period of leave to visit his home. He was heard from to-day at Texas City, Texas, and said he should go at once to El Paso, whence he expected to return by way of Chihuahua to Torreon.

WHY MEXICANS HATE U3.

Dislike of Americans Due to Brusqueness, Says English Correspondent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 16.—The London Times's special correspondent in Mexico City, writing on Nov. 25 and attempting to explain the hostility of the Mexicans toward Americans, says that in recent years this hostility has been inflamed by personal dislike. After pointing out that, according to the last census, there were 20,000 Americans residing in Mexico, the correspondent proceeds:

"They have made a great deal of money, and further have offended the Mexicans, who are a courteous race, by the brusqueness of their manners. Most of them, not contented with disregarding them, profess an open contempt for the formalities of speech which are so important in Mexico. In a country where no laborer will pass in front of another without a polite 'con permiso,' and where even all telephone business conversations open with a skirmish of inquiries after the health of each speaker and their respective families, the rough-and-ready methods of the United States give offense where none is intended."

The correspondent asserts that when the United States, after the recent election, refused to recognize the Congress and called upon Huerta to resign, Huerta at one moment almost decided to abandon the struggle.

"I have been assured by one in whose word I place full confidence," says the correspondent, "that a comical misunderstanding caused him to change his mind. He received from a friend, whom he had sent to the United States to 'take the temperature,' a cablegram which described the international situation as 'resolute and firm,' meaning that Europe was leaving Washington a free hand. The words 'resolute and firm' were interpreted by him as advice, and he hardened his heart."

The correspondent concludes: "Such a plight as that of Mexico can be mended in only one way. That way, often practiced by the British in India, is to support the strongest man in sight. When he has restored order, then there can be talk of reforms. The alternative to mending is ending.

"If the United States once went into Mexico, they would be obliged to stay there. That would increase their responsibilities, cost them vast sums of money, and estrange the South American republics. Yet President Wilson's diplomacy has brought the danger of war very near. An incident like the incident of the Maine would almost certainly provoke it.

"Even if war is avoided the future is heavy with storm clouds. The two factions in Mexico are too nearly equal, and many whose fortunes are most deeply implicated are now of the opinion that the best hope lies in Mexico defaulting at the end of the year, when heavy payments on bond issues and loans will fall due. Then there might be an international commission to look after the country's finances and stop grafting in the public service. That would more effectually put an end to the revolutions than President Wilson's method. It would remove the motive for them, which invariably is graft."

OWES FREEDOM TO VILLA.

Dr. C. H. Harle, Imprisoned for Murder, Now a Rebel Surgeon.

ABILENE, Texas, Dec. 15.—A promise of release from prison made by Gen. Villa to Dr. Charles S. Harle, who had served ten years on conviction of murder, was kept by the rebel General immediately after his occupation of Chihuahua City, according to a letter received by Harle's mother to-day.

After Harle's conviction he was sentenced to be shot, but execution was delayed several years, until the judgment was affirmed by the higher court. Then the sentence was commuted to twenty years' imprisonment. All efforts of friends to obtain his release were unavailing until Villa promised to act if he captured Chihuahua City. Harle was released on Dec. 8, the letter said, and he has been made a Surgeon in the rebel army, with the rank of Major.

Leaves $150 for Light in Temple.

In her will filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogate's Court, Sophia Schuster, who died on Dec. 9, bequeathed $150 to the Congregation Beth Hamedrosch Hachodosh on condition that a light be kept burning in the temple for one year and that prayers be offered in her memory. Services also are to be held on the anniversary of her death. If the bequest is not accepted under the conditions the executor is to find some other church which will perform the services.

EULOGIZE ADAMSON AT A BIG DINNER

Mayor-Elect Mitchel Announces That Secretary Will Be in His Cabinet.

MAYOR KLINE ADDS PRAISE

Silver Tea Service Is Presented to the Manager of the Fusion Campaign.

Some 700 friends of Robert Adamson, the Mayor's secretary, and manager of the recent Fusion campaign, gave him a dinner last night at the Waldorf. As one of the speakers put it, it was a testimonial to "Father Knickerbocker's fair-haired boy."

Job Hedges was toastmaster, and among the speakers were Mayor Kline, Mayor-elect John Purroy Mitchel, Collector Dudley Field Malone, Luther B. Little, Borough President George McAneny, Controller Prendergast, William F. McCombs, and Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards. Every one spoke highly of Mr. Adamson's abilities as a mayoralty secretary and as the successful manager of a political campaign. Practically every member of the Mayor's cabinet was present.

As a further mark of appreciation, Mr. Adamson received a solid silver tea service. In responding he told of others who had helped in the downfall of Tammany, mentioning John A. Hennessy, who, he said, "wielded a good Irish shillalah." Mayor-elect Mitchel brought every diner to his feet by saying that he intended to keep Mr. Adamson in his administration. In just what capacity he did not say.

Job Hedges struck the keynote of the dinner by saying that "Adamson was the only real thing present," and that it wasn't an ordinary dinner and "couldn't be pulled off under ordinary circumstances." Mr. Adamson's chief merit, said the toastmaster, was that he didn't claim to be any better than anybody else, and he made the crowd laugh by many sallies at Mr. Adamson's expense. "Mr. Adamson," said Mr. Hedges, "has been tried and never found wanting—anything he didn't get. He is modest but tactful, quiet but far-reaching, firm in his friendships, and he never gets mixed up between essentials and non-essentials. Mayor Kline is here because he is a friend of Adamson and works for him, and because Mr. Adamson likes to have these young men around."

Eulogies for Adamson.

Mayor Kline said that Mr. Adamson, as secretary, had been of invaluable assistance to him.

"He is a man of tremendous energy and capacity," said the Mayor, "and he has the faculty of going forward all the time and acting in complete harmony with his surroundings. Altogether, to my mind, he is typical of the highest type of citizenship."

In his eulogy of Mr. Adamson, Mr. Mitchel said among other things:

"I am under deep service to Mr. Adamson for undertaking the Fusion campaign management and bringing it to so successful an issue. There was a time when we were searching for some one to take the helm and we sent a now famous telegram to Europe inviting a distinguished Republican, Mr. Hedges, to take charge. When he arrived here he said his health was too delicate for him to undertake the work. We then turned to Mr. Adamson, with the result that the Fusion cause was triumphant. I sincerely hope, and I think I am justified in saying, that I expect to have the help and co-operation of Mr. Adamson in the next administration."

Dudley Field Malone spoke of Mr. Adamson as a man "who was not born in New York, but who had made good here." He was followed by Luther B. Little, who said that Mr. Adamson had accomplished the task of driving in a team the bull moose, part of a donkey and an elephant, and that he had beaten the tiger to it and had made all the animals eat out of his hand.

"He is Father Knickerbocker's fair-haired boy," Mr. Little said.

Borough President McAneny said that there wasn't one stage of Mr. Adamson's career but what was worthy of such a dinner as was being given him.

"As a newspaper man," he said, "Adamson was not of the ordinary kind," he said. "As was said of another man, he wielded a pen that never wrote a calumny or signed a page that registered a lie. The Mayor's secretary is practically the Deputy Mayor of this town, and Mr. Adamson was an ideal secretary. He made the office mean, probably, a great deal more than it ever did before. If Mr. Mitchel retains him, I am sure he will continue to give the same high service to the city as he always has."

In introducing Controller Prendergast, the next speaker, Job Hedges called him, in view of his recent desertion of the Bull Moose Party, "a man who was, then wasn't, but now is."

Mr. Prendergast said that Mr. Adamson made an ideal political manager of a campaign.

"The unostentatious way in which he has done his work as secretary to the Mayor constitutes the chief charm of his service," he said. "He has left a real impression upon the city, and I am glad that Mr. Mitchel intends to retain him."

Mr. McCombs told of the efficient work Mr. Adamson did as an assistant manager during the Democratic campaign for President in 1912. Mr. Mitchel, he said, couldn't inaugurate his administration with a better appointment than that of Mr. Adamson.

"This is Bob Adamson night," said "Big Bill" Edwards, when it came his time to speak, and the diners shouted their approval of the sentiment.

Gives Credit to Hennessy.

Mr. Adamson was cheered for several minutes when he arose to speak. He said he owed his success in managing the Fusion campaign to the fact that every time Job Hedges offered him any advice he did exactly the opposite thing.

"One of the most heartening things of the campaign," said Mr. Adamson, "was the fact that so many citizens did what they could to help in downing the tiger. The good Irish shillelah of John A. Hennessy should not be forgotten, either. He told some real truths that the people were entitled to know, and it helped to open the eyes of the people to the character of some of our opponents.

"The Fusion ticket was elected because the public sentiment had reached the point where it would no longer allow the vulgar hand of the politician to rest upon the City Hall. Down at the root of social life the processes of education are at work, and for one I felt confident that the Tammany ticket would be defeated. I do not believe we won because of the impeachment of Gov. Sulzer or because of the ordinary misfortunes and accidents of politics, but because we have at last built up a decent, honest, non-partisan government. Among the forces which wrought this good none stand higher than the administration of Mayor Gaynor. His administration was wise, humane, and far-sighted."

John H. Finley, former President of the City College, who could not be present, sent this song, which was sung by all the diners:

I would I were an urban Burns,
I'd sing of such as you, Bob;
Among a million city men
The "likes" of you are few, Bob.

They'll say a lot of things to-night,
And some will aye be true, Bob;
But all they say in loving praise
Will not be all that's due, Bob.

I have to be far, far away,
Else I would see you through, Bob;
But I'll be looking toward the town
And thinking of you, too, Bob.

So here's to you, Bob Adamson,
For you're the real true blue, Bob;
New York's a better place, because
It's had four years of you, Bob.

Prominent Men at the Dinner.

Among those at the speakers' table were Tilden Adamson, R. Ross Appleton, Henry Clews, Maurice E. Connolly, Robert W. De Forest, Benedict J. Greenhut, Marcus M. Marks, Douglas Mathewson, Charles J. McCormack, Rollo Ogden, George W. Perkins, Herman Ridder, Jacob H. Schiff, R. A. C. Smith, James Speyer, Archibald R. Watson, and the Rev. Dr. John C. York.

Fire Commissioner Joseph Johnson, who managed the campaign for Edward E. McCall, the Tammany Mayoralty candidate, sent word that it was impossible for him to be present. Other guests were Joseph Haag, Clarence J. Shearn, Alfred Steckler, Peter T. Barlow, Richard Sutro, Andrew Freedman, Theodore P. Shonts, Samuel Untermyer, Frank Hedley, William Berri, William Loeb, Jr., John A. Sleicher, Max S. Griffenhagen, Lee Shubert, Lamar Hardy, Frank L. Polk, Cesare Conti, Louis Gans, James B. Brady, George F. Kunz, William H. Reynolds, Travis H. Whitney, Guy Lowell, William A. Brady, George Broadhurst, J. J. Sheerin, John P. McIntyre, Samuel J. Bloomingdale, William Fox, F. H. Kracke, William McAdoo, Daniel F. Murphy, Howard S. Gans, Louis S. Gimbel, Joseph M. Price, William H. Chesebrough, Samuel S. Koenig, Ogden L. Mills, William R. Willcox, Allan Robinson, John Hennessy, Henry Mann, Walter W. Vick, R. Fulton Cutting, and Col. E. M. House.

GIVE TO WOMAN'S FUND.

Mrs. Speyer as Treasurer Reports Many Contributions for Hospitals.

Mrs. James Speyer of 257 Madison Avenue, the Treasurer of the Woman's Auxiliary of the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association, reports the following contributions to the Woman's Fund. It is regarded as a very encouraging beginning:

Mrs. C. B. Alexander	$250	Mrs. J. Langeloth	$25
Mrs. E. P. Shepard	250	Mrs. S. Lawrence	25
Mrs. W. D. Sloane	250	In memory P. C. Swords	25
Mrs. J. Speyer	250	Mrs. C. H. Leland	25
Mrs. J. Vanderbilt	250	Miss E. Leland	25
Mrs. E. S. Harkness	200	Mrs. G. de F. Lord	25
Mrs. S. V. Harkness	200	Mrs. R. S. Lovett	25
Miss E. P. Morgan	200	Mrs. C. A. Low	25
Mrs. G. Blumenthal	100	Mrs. J. P. Morgan	25
Mrs. F. Gallatin	100	Mrs. W. F. Morgan	25
Mrs. H. B. Hyde	100	Mrs. H. Morgenthau	25
A Friend	100	Mrs. A. Mackay	25
Mrs. O. H. Isham	100	Mrs. Max Nathan	25
Mrs. W. B. King	100	Miss S. V. Olyphant	25
Mrs. W. H. Peckham	100	Mrs. J. T. Pratt	25
Mrs. W. D. Straight	100	Mrs. W. R. Proctor	25
Mrs. F. M. Warburg	100	Mrs. A. Real	25
Mrs. J. D. Archbold	50	Mrs. W. W. Reese	25
Mrs. J. T. Barclay	50	Mrs. W. Reid	25
Mrs. E. L. Bayliss	50	Mrs. J. D. Rockefeller, Jr.	25
Mrs. B. Brewster	50	Mrs. A. Rhulander	25
Mrs. H. N. Brinsmade	50	Mrs. H. L. Satterlee	25
Mrs. M. B. Carpenter	50	Mrs. A. W. Schelz	25
Mrs. F. C. Cutting	50	Mrs. G. S. Scott	25
Mrs. W. B. Cutting	50	Mrs. W. Shillito	25
Mrs. W. B. Dinsmore	50	Mrs. J. H. Smith	25
Mrs. F. P. Frazier	50	Mrs. T. Snell	25
Mrs. A. M. Hoyt	50	Miss S. M. Sturges	25
Mrs. M. K. Jesup	50	Mrs. E. Thalman	25
Mrs. R. Olyphant	50	Mrs. J. M. Varnum	25
Mrs. J. N. Seligman	50	Miss E. Wellington	25
Mrs. C. H. Warren	50	Mrs. F. S. Witherbee	25
Mrs. W. Wickes	50	Mrs. A. M. Young	25
Mrs. E. Redmond	40	Mrs. J. E. Alexander	20
Mrs. W. M. Kingsland	30	Mrs. C. T. Cook	20
Mrs. J. B. Lawrence	30	Mrs. K. A. Du Bois	20
Mrs. I. Wormser	30	Miss E. Fuchtwanger	20
Mrs. C. Altschul	25	Mrs. H. J. Fisher	20
Mrs. J. T. Atterbury	25	Miss E. D. Hunt	20
Miss E. Babcock	25	Mrs. C. C. Jackson	20
Miss M. Babcock	25	Mrs. B. Johnson	20
Mrs. G. F. Baker, Jr.	25	Mrs. S. Keyser	20
Mrs. A. Bierstadt	25	Mrs. D. Milburn	20
Miss S. D. Bliss	25	Mrs. F. Pearson	20
Mrs. R. S. Brewster	25	Mrs. S. J. Pennman	20
Mrs. E. A. Wickes	25	Mrs. W. W. Phelps	20
Mrs. O. A. Campbell	25	Mrs. W. P. Clyde	25
Mrs. G. E. Chisolm	25	Mrs. A. W. Colgate	25
Miss C. G. Clarkson	25	Mrs. C. H. Coster	25
Mrs. B. Hochschild	25	Mrs. G. A. Crocker	25
Mrs. E. T. Holme	25	Mrs. G. Davis	25
Miss E. King	25	Mrs. C. M. Depew	25
		Mrs. D. T. Dickey	25
		Mrs. W. B. Douglas	25
		Mrs. W. G. Fitch	25
		Mrs. E. N. Gibbs	25
		Mrs. A. Hendricks	25
		Mrs. G. Scoville	20
		Mrs. N. D. Smith	20
		Mrs. C. H. Wesson	20
		Mrs. E. A. Wickes	20
		Mrs. H. S. Wilson	20
		Mrs. C. W. Bowen	15
		Mrs. M. B. De Bois	15
		Mrs. H. F. Hadden	15
		Miss M. E. Lewis	15
		Mrs. H. H. Nathan	15
		Mrs. L. S. Wolff	15

Manager Wake Reinstated.

The State Insurance Department has renewed the license of Charles Wake, one of the metropolitan managers of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, whose license was suspended while he was abroad on account of ill-health because of charges brought by Thomas Wilson. Deputy Insurance Commissioner Hadley, in charge of the New York office, held a hearing on Wilson's charges and reported that they were without support.

PRESIDENT QUITS 'CARABAO' SOCIETY

Continued from Page 1.

read that army and navy officers sang those words that made the Filipinos a butt of ridicule.

"Army and navy officers ought to be careful not to give that great people, our dependents, the slightest cause for resentment. Suppose this song had been sung for ten years or more, what of that? That doesn't mean that they should sing it after last Fall's elections. The whole Philippine policy is now changed. The President has sent a man to the Philippines to give them their independence as soon as it is possible. The Taft Administration did not have that spirit, and perhaps it was all right, then, to sing this song. Now we have entered another era, and I feel that we should show a generous and magnanimous spirit toward the Philippines and their people."

First Saw It in Newspapers.

The banquet first came to the President's attention when he read accounts of it in the newspapers. Through his secretary he communicated with various members of the Cabinet, expressing his indignation that officers of the army and navy should sing songs containing profane epithets toward a people whom the United States was endeavoring by assist to self-government and civilization. No effort, according to White House officials, had been made to keep the banquet a private affair, copies of the songs and descriptions of the travesties showing opposition to the Administration's Philippine policy being given to the press in advance.

Secretaries Daniels and Garrison conferred at length on the subject and called upon Rear Admiral Thomas T. Howard, U. S. N., and Major Gen. James Aleshire, U. S. A., the two highest officers of the Carabaos, for an explanation. They promise to give all the information desired.

Daniels suggested to Admiral Howard that he decline the Presidency of the order to which he was elected last Thursday, and informed him that the "Insurrecto" song should never be sung again under the present Administration with officers of the navy present.

Army and navy officers who would speak of the matter said that probably not one of them had any idea in singing the song other than to make it a part of their jollity on an occasion which was entirely reminiscent of their experiences in the Philipine campaign. It is likely from what they said that this song will disappear from their song books and will not be sung again at any of their entertainments. That there will be any court-martial ordered is not expected. Some one may be reprimanded, and probably the most substantial result of the affair will be a careful censorship of Carabao banquet programmes hereafter.

The opinion of the President and members of his Cabinet is that satires cannot be objected to when coming from persons outside of the Government, but that to permit to go unnoticed criticisms by officials of the army and navy is likely to be misinterpreted abroad as a severe breach of discipline.

President Wilson's withdrawal of honorary membership leaves ex-President Taft the only honorary member of the Carabaos.

A Committee to Explain.

The committee which arranged for the dinner, including Rear Admiral Thomas H. Howard, Major Gen. William P. Biddle of the Marine Corps, and other high ranking officers, held a meeting this evening and appointed a committee of three to furnish to the Secretaries of War and the Navy a complete account of all that took place at the banquet.

Dr. Joseph M. Heller, Secretary of the Washington Corral, gave out a statement disclaiming any intention to ridicule the Administration, and declaring that the "Insurrecto" song was merely a camp ditty that had been sung for fifteen years, and that the other features objected to were produced entirely in the spirit of fun.

The President's deep interest in the matter was emphasized by the assignment of a White House official to gather information as to whether the articles of war grant authority for the trial by court martial of officers guilty of ridiculing the Government.

3,000 FAMILIES NEED YOUR HELP

In most of these homes their only Christmas cheer and Winter comfort will be what you and others make it possible for us to give.

Misfortune of some kind has made their every-day life barren and cheerless.

Will you not make their Christmas the beginning of hope and courage instead of a day of lonely bitterness?

Let us be your Santa Claus to one or more of these needy families.

Our gifts fit the need of each recipient. They bring both cheer and comfort.

Send contributions to Robert Shaw Minturn, Treasurer, Room 210, 105 East 22nd Street.

NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.
R. Fulton Cutting, President.

FLEET, GALE-TOSSED, HAS TRAGIC VOYAGE

Capt. Chapin Dying, the Ohio's Sailors Have Smallpox, and the Vermont Breaks a Shaft.

WYOMING'S PLATES SPRUNG

Superdreadnoughts Arrive Here for Christmas After a Homeward Trip Marred by Many Mishaps.

The arrival in this port from the Mediterranean of the superdreadnoughts of the first division of the Atlantic fleet yesterday was not marked by any of the displays of enthusiasm on the part of officers and sailors that are nearly always a feature of the homecoming of our seamen from visits, extended and otherwise, to foreign waters. Instead, a note of sadness pervaded the fleet, due to the fact that Capt. Frederick L. Chapin, the commander of the superdreadnought Wyoming, the flagship, was in the ship's hospital so ill from Bright's disease that it was feared that he would die in a few days.

The voyage home of these great ships—the Wyoming, the Arkansas, Florida, and Utah, the very backbone of the Atlantic Fleet—was one of the roughest in the history of that organization. There were times when the seas ran mountain high and the waves followed so rapidly that the ships were hidden from one another.

Smallpox on the Ohio.

But the illness of Capt. Chapin and the turbulence of the sea were not all that made this voyage a memorable one. As the wireless has told already, the Vermont broke one of her crank shafts while she was fighting the gale and it was learned yesterday that the battleship Ohio, instead of proceeding to Mexican waters to reinforce the fleet under Admiral Fletcher, had left the other ships ordered to Vera Cruz and was speeding to Guantanamo, there to land at least two members of her crew who developed smallpox after the battleship sailed from Marseilles. It is said that there are in addition several suspected cases of the same disease on the Ohio and it may be weeks before the battleship obtains a clean bill of health and is permitted to resume her voyage to Vera Cruz.

Capt. Chapin, who has commanded the flagship Wyoming since she was commissioned a little more than a year ago, is one of the most popular officers in the Navy. He is of the Bob Evans type, gruff at times, but always just, and both officers and sailors are fond of him. He was seemingly in robust health when the dreadnought division sailed from Hampton Roads on Oct. 25 and it was not until the division was well on its way home that Surgeon Charles M. Oman, of the Wyoming, found that the Wyoming's commander was seriously ill.

Medical Director William C. Bralsted, the Fleet Surgeon, was called into consultation and the two worked over Capt. Chapin constantly, but he continued to fail, and five days ago his condition was so serious that it was feared he would not live to see the end of the voyage. On Sunday his condition showed improvement, and when the Wyoming arrived at the navy yard yesterday he was transferred to the Naval Hospital, in Flushing Avenue, where late yesterday afternoon it was said that he was doing as well as could be expected, but the physicians asserted that the chances of his recovery were remote.

Mrs. Chapin Joins Her Husband.

Mrs. Chapin, who was in Washington, was not informed of her husband's illness until the Wyoming arrived off Quarantine yesterday morning, when a telegram was sent to her asking her to come to New York at once. She arrived last night and is now at Capt. Chapin's bedside.

The next serious incident of the voyage was the discovery soon after the ships had passed the Azores, and the Kansas, Ohio, and Minnesota changed their course toward Mexico that smallpox had attacked sailors on the Ohio. This information was sent by wireless to the Wyoming, and orders were issued for the Ohio to steam at full speed for the naval station at Guantanamo. Whether any additional cases had developed on the Ohio was not known here yesterday. All the information on this subject came from Washington and was based on Admiral Badger's report to the Navy Department.

After the discovery of smallpox on the Ohio the Vermont broke a crank shaft, which was so serious that the dreadnought Delaware was detached from the First Division and ordered to convoy the crippled battleship to Hampton Roads. It will take several months probably to repair the damage to the Vermont.

From the Azores, the Wyoming, accompanied by the flagship Arkansas, the Utah, and the Florida, made a straight course for New York, and from that time until the light on Fire Island was sighted early yesterday morning, the ships struggled through heavy gales and some of the officers said they had never seen such high seas before as those that made every one miserable on the last leg of the homeward voyage. Day and night the seas crashed over and against the big ships, lifting the anchors out of place every few minutes and letting them fall back with a crash that sounded like the discharge of a fourteen-inch gun.

Plates Sprung on the Wyoming.

On the Wyoming the seas made it dangerous to venture on the decks. A dozen or more plates were sprung in her superstructure, and when the ship arrived yesterday Ensign Perlman showed a little bucket which he had lashed beneath an opened seam above his bunk. In the gale the bucket would fill with water about every forty-five minutes and his companions on the Wyoming said that Perlman, for most of the voyage, slept in 45-minute relays.

But the damage done was all in the superstructure, and the vital parts of the ships were not injured. An officer on the Wyoming said that the trip home demonstrated that battleships of the superdreadnought class equaled any vessels afloat, so far as seagoing qualities were concerned.

When the Arkansas arrived at Tompkinsville yesterday a very sheepish person left the ship and boarded the United States immigration cutter Immigrant. This was Harry Baker, who had stowed away in Naples and was not discovered until the Arkansas was off Gibraltar. He said he was an American citizen, and came on a battleship in preference to a liner because he was tired of traveling on passenger ships.

Malta Police Tried to Enlist.

The Wyoming visited Malta also, and while there an incident occurred that will go down in the history of our navy. Some Maltese joker spread a report that the Wyoming was short seventy-five men, and that Admiral Badger was going to fill their places at Malta. The report reached Police Headquarters, and, headed by the Chief, the entire Malta police force, consisting of forty men, went aboard the Wyoming and told Commander Vogelgesang that they desired to enlist in the United States Navy, since the pay of an American sailor was about $3.50 more a month than that of a Maltese policeman. Capt. Vogelgesang told the Chief that only American citizens were eligible for service in our navy, and the members of the Malta Police Department left the Wyoming sorely disappointed.

REPUBLICANS VETO PARTY CONVENTION

Continued from Page 1.

should take form and be enacted into a constitutional law the five perplexing problems, which I have endeavored to state in an impartial manner, would disappear. Even so, the Republican Party would, I fancy, continue to hold State Conventions, for surely the right of assembly is still left to us as private citizens until the Constitution is repealed."

Every State and Territory was represented at the dinner by a committeeman or a committeewoman, bearing a committeeman's proxy. At Mr. Hilles's right sat Senator Reed Smoot of Utah, while at his left was ex-Senator W. Murray Crane of Massachusetts. Other prominent party men present were ex-Gov. Hadley of Missouri, Senator Borah of Idaho, Senator Jones of Washington, ex-Gov. Franklin Murphy of New Jersey, William Barnes, Jr., of New York, Senator Jackson of Maryland, ex-Senator Guggenheim of Colorado, Gov. Hatfield of West Virginia, Roy West of Illinois, Wasson of Pennsylvania, Martin of Virginia, and Rogers of Wisconsin. Officers of the committee present included James Burton Reynolds of Massachusetts, Secretary; George R. Sheldon of New York, Treasurer, and William F. Stone of Maryland, Sergeant at Arms.

Barnes and Borah Clash.

Members leaving the conference said the meeting had been quite harmonious, the only incident to ruffle the calm being a dispute between William Barnes of New York and Senator Borah over the 1912 convention.

Boomers from several cities desiring the convention, if held, were on hand early stocked with cash and prepared to press their claims to the limit.

Among the cities contesting were Philadelphia, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and Denver, the latter was on the ground with a promise of $50,000, and St. Louis was said to be ready with $20,000.

Throughout the day there was much talk among the committeemen over Senator Root's speech against the Currency bill last Saturday, and the declaration of Senator Gallinger in favor of making Mr. Root the Republican Presidential candidate in 1916. Generally, however, the committeemen did not care to discuss candidates so far in advance of a Presidential year.

CONVENTION A CONFESSION.

Perkins Says It Shows Progressives Split Republican Party.

The Republican Party is "damned" whether it holds a convention next year for reorganization or not, George W. Perkins told a large meeting of the New York County Committee of the National Progressive Party in the Plaza Assembly Rooms, 110 East Fifty-ninth Street last night. The meeting was the first that the county Bull Moosers had held since election, and there was a big turnout before the arrival of Mr. Perkins, who was attending a dinner to Mr. Adamson, congratulating them[illegible] on the part they had taken in the election of John Purroy Mitchel and other "progressive-minded men" on the Fusion ticket.

Mr. Perkins was presented by Francis W. Bird, Chairman of the County Committee, who said that Mr. Perkins would survey the growth of the Progressive Party outside New York State.

"There is something the matter somewhere," said Mr. Perkins. "Either my good friend, Mr. Taft, is wrong, or my friend, Mr. Bird, is wrong. Mr. Taft, speaking at a dinner in this city last Saturday evening, said that nothing was left of the Progressive Party but a few Lieutenants, Captains, and Generals. But from what Mr. Bird has said, it would seem that there is nothing but privates.

"It has been rather interesting to me to see the persistency with which the Republicans raise the question as to just where and in what particular spot the Progressive Party has been interred. I don't wonder at this, because the Republicans are continually wondering what to do."

"I wonder what the Republicans are going to do," he continued. "Any way, it's simply a question of being damned if they do and damned if they don't. The very fact that they have called a conference to consider a convention for the reorganization of the party next year makes it a confessional convention. If they haven't done anything wrong, why do they go ahead and just say, Shoo, fly; don't bother me'? The minute they call that convention they confess that we broke up the Republican Party. If they don't reorganize, why, then, they will be adjudged the same old reactionary Republican Party."

There never had been a better definition of a "boss" and a "leader," according to Mr. Perkins, than was afforded at present at Albany. He described a leader as a man who "constantly was consulting the signs of the times and the wishes of the people," and a "boss" as one who could see no further than his "own selfish desires."

Speaking of the condition of the Progressive Party throughout the nation, Mr. Perkins said:

"The condition of the Progressive Party in other States is good. We could ask for nothing better. I feel that the Progressive vote is stronger to-day than it has been at any time. The only other

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Rare Antique Chinese Rugs.

SALES BY AUCTION

Thursday, Dec. 18, and two following days at 2:30 o'clock.

Mr. JAMES P. SILO, Auctioneer.

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FINEST COPPER WARE IN EXISTENCE

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FAUROT ROUNDS UP WIRE-TAPPING GANG

Men Called "Lesser Lights" by Police Found Druggist an Easy Victim.

THEY GOT $2,500 FROM HIM

West Indian Merchant Here on a World-Girdling Trip Says Paris Is Tame to New York.

A gang of alleged wiretappers, the members of which were said at Police Headquarters to be among the "lesser lights in the profession," was rounded up by Inspector Faurot and his detectives yesterday afternoon and evening. Some of the prisoners were picked up in the streets and others were trapped in an unfurnished office in East Twenty-fourth Street. Last night the detectives were looking for L. C. Wharton, a stranger to the city, who told the police he was swindled by wiretappers. He had gone to a theatre and could not be found early in the evening, but when he hears of the arrests he is expected to come to Police Headquarters.

Wharton is a druggist, with shops in the West Indies. He came to New York from London on a trip around the world a few weeks ago. It was his first trip to New York, and, he says, he found the city more exciting than Port Said or Paris. Wharton slept the first night at a downtown hotel, and reserved the second day for an inspection of Broadway. He admired the many signs on that street when he got uptown, and was about to enter a theatre for the afternoon performance when a man with a pleasant face accosted him.

"Got a match, stranger?" the man asked, and his accent was English. "I'm glad to meet you," he continued. "My name is Earl B. Linton. I'm from Montreal. Came down here to buy some fast race horses. Can't go too fast for me. Come over with me to my hotel and have a drink, and we'll go to the theatre together."

Wharton liked the man, and, after they had gone to the theatre together, the Hotel Albert, at which Linton was stopping, became Wharton's headquarters. Life for the men was a round of pleasure after that for several days, and Linton appeared to be as much of a stranger to the lobster palaces as Wharton. Then Linton met a man he knew. He called him "Burke," and Burke expressed pleasure at meeting Wharton.

"Burke has just cleaned up $20,000 on the Charleston track," said Linton.

"And I'm going to clean up $100,000 more," replied Burke. "Just came from Twenty-fourth Street, and I'm on to the game. Say, if you're in right with the wiretappers this horse game is the easiest cinch ever. I haven't lost once, and the poor dubs who don't know that I have the right tips can't understand it at all. Shall we go over?"

Linton said he didn't mind, and Wharton said he'd go, too, just to look on. Wharton bet $5, and he won a 10 to 1 shot. Then he bet $50 on an even bet, and he won again. And then a third time he won. Wharton was better pleased than ever with his friends, particularly with Burke. He left the pool parlor with his gains in his pocket.

Back to the poolroom in Twenty-fourth Street the three men went the next day. They had a plan by which they were to win $43,000. They were to pool their interests, and Wharton's share of the pool was to be $5,000. Wharton could not get more than $2,500 in bills together. A check, he was told, would be of no use. Wharton gave the $2,500 to Linton, and all waited breathlessly. A little while later it was announced that Aces Three had come in second.

"What, did you bet on that horse?" Burke cried when he saw the look of anguish on Wharton's face.

"Of course I did, didn't you tell me to?" replied Wharton.

"I did not. I told Linton to put your money on No. 4, the one which came in first. Where's Linton?"

Linton appeared, and Burke abused him roundly. Wharton stood by and began to comprehend.

"Well, it is my fault, I'll square it with my friend, Wharton, finally Linton said. "I'll give him my note for $2,500. I thought you told me to bet on Aces Trump."

And he did give Wharton his note. The "note" was wrapped up for future use when Wharton told Inspector Faurot his story about a week ago. Faurot said that the handwriting looked familiar. He found the poolroom which Wharton described, and arrested some of the men outside and some of the men inside the establishment. Three suitcases filled with telephones and other paraphernalia were found.

The prisoners, according to the police, are John H. Brady, a bartender, of Manitoba, known also as William McSherry, an alleged confidence man, with photographs in the Rogues' Galleries of Omaha and San Francisco; James Burton, 123 West 125th Street, known as John J. Fitzgerald, another confidence man, with several convictions against him here and in Boston; Henry D. Madison of 40 Grove Street, Jersey City, formerly of Allentown, Penn., and George Morgan of 147 West Sixtieth Street. All are held as suspicious persons, and Wharton will be asked to look at them to-day to see whether he can find his friends. Morgan when searched had $1,870 in his pockets, the police said.

FOUR CHARITIES PROPOSED.

State Board Hears Objections to Infirmary and Dispensary.

The State Board of Charities, represented by its Chairman, William R. Stewart, and Dr. Stephen Smith and John R Kiven, Commissioners, held a public hearing yesterday afternoon in the United Charities Building, Fourth Avenue and Twenty-second Street, on applications for certificates of incorporation.

The first application was from the Catholic Guardian Society of Manhattan, whose object is to found a home for Catholic children. No objections were offered.

The second application was made by the Neustadter Foundation, which desires to establish a convalescent home within a radius of thirty miles of New York City. The application said that the society was founded to carry out the provisions of the will of Carolyn Neustedter, who died in 1911, leaving an estate of $3,000,000.

The third application asked for a certificate of incorporation for the German Eye, Ear, and Throat Infirmary to be established in the Bronx. Opposed to the granting of the certificate were officials of the Union Hospital, the Lebanon Hospital, and the Bronx Eye and Ear Infirmary. The application said that there would be seven Directors in Manhattan and three physicians, residents of the same borough, connected with the proposed project. The opposition said that they did not think the institution necessary, as they were capable of caring for the sick and infirm of the Bronx without residents from another borough entering the field.

The last application came from the Mount Zion Dispensary of Brooklyn, to be established in the East New York section. Objections were made by the South Side Dispensary and several physicians, all of whom said that another dispensary in that section was unnecessary.

Cox Indictments Dismissed.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 15.—Two indictments, one against George B. Cox, former political leader, and six others, charging misappropriation of the funds of the Cincinnati Trust Company, and another against F. R. Williams and A. D. Martin of this city, charging misappropriation of the funds of the Ford and Johnson Chair Company, were dismissed in the Common Pleas Court here to-day upon recommendation of County Prosecutor Pogue.

BY WIRELESS AND CABLE TO THE TIMES

ADVISES ABOLITION OF GRAND JURIES

British Royal Commission on Delay in the Law Courts Presents Its Report.

JUDGES TO WORK HARDER

Court of Criminal Appeal to Have Power to Order New Trials—A Hit at Fashionable Counsel.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Dec. 15. — Important changes in the administration of the law are recommended by the Royal Commission on Delay in the Law Courts, the final report of which was issued to-night.

Some of the most striking proposals are the abolition of grand juries, the Long Vacation to be reduced to two months, no assize to be held unless there are three prisoners, and Judges in London to sit for longer hours.

A "speedy trial list" is to be formed of cases where there is no defense.

Judges are to retire at the age of 72, or after six months' absence. Judges are to be allowed to retire after ten years' service on the condition that they serve if called upon during such period as would make up fifteen years' service. All retired Judges are to be supernumerary Judges.

Pensions after five years' service or less are to be $7,500, with $1,000 a year extra for every extra year's service, the maximum being $17,500—i. e., for fifteen years' service.

A Circuit Judge, when unable to sit through illness or other cause, is to be relieved at once by a supernumerary Judge or a Commissioner. No Judge is to be sent from London or diverted from his regular work in London. In London a supernumerary Judge is to be called in if necessary in case of temporary illness.

The Court of Criminal Appeal is to have power to order new trials.

Dealing with delays in London and lengthy trials, reference is made to the growing tendency to adjourn cases for the convenience of "fashionable counsel," who like to "spread themselves over a trial for a week."

There will be little disagreement with the principal proposals of the report. It is recognized that the Grand Jury system has long ceased to perform any useful function, and the length of the Long Vacation and the congestion of the courts are generally regarded as a scandal which must inevitably lead to reform.

EXPECTS OCEAN FLIGHT SOON

Curtiss Thinks It May Be Made in the Course of Next Summer.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 16.—In an interview with the Paris correspondent of The Daily Mail on the possibilities of a transatlantic flight, Glenn Curtiss said that he considered it extremely probable that The Daily Mail's $50,000 prize for a hydroaeroplane flight across the Atlantic would be won next Summer.

Mr. Curtiss said he knew of more than one aviator who was making serious preparations to win the prize, and admitted that he had been requested to supply engines in one case, though the organizer of the flight plan was not yet prepared to publish the details of his scheme.

Mr. Curtiss favors a descent in the course of the journey for the purpose of obtaining gasoline and other supplies from a liner. He says that an American, who is contemplating the attempt, however, would try to make the journey in thirty-six hours without stopping.

REBEL VICTORY IN ECUADOR.

Fall of the Government Reported to be Imminent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, Dec. 15.—Private cable advices from Ecuador received here to-night say the Government troops have been defeated and captured by the rebels under Gen. Concha.

The whole Province of Esmeralda is now in the hands of the avengers of the murdered Alfaros, and the fall if the Government is imminent, it is affirmed.

BIG PRICES FOR TAPESTRY

Obtained at a Sale in Paris—$4,020 Paid for Buffon's Desk.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—Good prices were obtained at a sale at the Hôtel Drouot to-day of art objects from various sources.

A Louis XVI Gobelin tapestry representing "Water" brought $7,360, and another representing "Fire," $7,120. A Louis XV Aubusson panel, "Calypso Charming Ulysses," was sold for $5,120.

A writing desk that belonged to Buffon, the naturalist, brought $4,020.

'OBSERVERS' STAY INDOORS

United States Representatives in Santo Domingo Have Nothing to Do.

SANTO DOMINGO, Dec. 15.—Perfect order prevailed at the opening of the polls to-day for the election of members of the Chamber of Deputies.

Owing to the fact that the Municipal Council issued an order excluding all but officials and voters from the City Hall during the balloting the American observers remained at the American Consulate throughout the day.

The balloting will be continued to-morrow.

CREW OF THIRTY MISSING.

Vessel Believed to be German Steamer Narvik Found Bottom Up.

EMDEN, Dec. 15.—An iron vessel floating bottom up off Schiermonnikoog, an island in the North Sea, is believed to be the German steamer Narvik from Lübeck.

The pilot's body has been found, but there is no trace of the crew of thirty.

The Narvik was built in 1905. Its owners are L. Possehl & Co. She is of 3,576 tons and her home port is Lübeck.

$1,400 FOR AN ISRAELS.

And a Picture by Orchardson Brings $2,100 at a London Sale.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Paintings and drawings from the collections of Sir John Eldon Gorst, Lady Orchardson, and others were sold at Sotheby's to-day.

"The Frugal Meal," a watercolor by Josef Israels, 15 inches by 10 inches, brought $1,400. It was formerly the property of the late A. B. Stewart of Glasgow, and was sold by order of his widow's executor. It was in the Glasgow Loan Exhibition of 1878.

An oil painting by Sir W. Q. Orchardson, "How delicious is the winning of a kiss at Love's beginning," realized $2,100.

A small three-quarter length portrait of a girl by Hoppner went for $490.

ROME TO SEE "MONA LISA."

Rush to View It at Florence Continues—A Paris Police Scandal.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

FLORENCE, Dec. 15.—Immense crowds continue to view "Mona Lisa" in the Uffizi Gallery. Visitors are coming from all parts of Italy.

Next Saturday the picture will be taken by train, guarded by police, to Rome, where on Sunday at the French Academy it will be delivered to the French authorities.

The hotel here where the thief was arrested will be renamed the "Hotel Gioconda."

FLORENCE, Dec. 15.—Two officials of the Paris Department of Police arrived here to-day to investigate the circumstances surrounding the recovery of the "Mona Lisa."

Difficulties are arising with reference to the procedure in the examination of Vincenzo Perugia, the confessed thief, because the crime was committed outside of Italian territory. The French police officials can neither interrogate Perugia nor be present at his examination.

It is expected that the painting can be sent to Rome at the end of the week. By permission of the French Government, it will be placed on exhibition there. So great are the crowds striving to obtain a view of the "Mona Lisa" that the authorities have been obliged to remove many of the busts and statues from the Uffizi Gallery to prevent them from being overturned and broken in the struggles to get near the picture.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—Prefect of Paris Hennion has ordered a searching inquiry into the manner in which the police investigation was conducted at the time of the theft of the "Mona Lisa." He has been impelled to take this course in consequence of a report of M. Bertillon throwing the whole responsibility for the failure to identify Perugia on the Detective Department.

Although the detectives examined Perugia and knew his police record, they omitted to furnish to the Finger Print Department his name with those of the other persons, to the number of 257, who had worked in the Louvre.

M. Drioux, the examining Magistrate, who has had charge of the case since the theft of the painting, is inclined to believe that Perugia acted alone, as he says the "Mona Lisa" is not large, the official measurement being 77 by 53 centimeters. Even with the heavily decorated frame, the weight would not exceed thirty-five or forty pounds.

A man of ordinary physique, accustomed to handling pictures, as was Perugia, would have had no great difficulty in detaching the painting and carrying it the few yards to the closet, where it was taken out of its frame. If Perugia had accomplices, the Magistrate thinks, it must have been to aid him in getting the picture out of the Louvre without being observed.

Efforts of the police to find the girl who signed the name "Mathilde" to the love letters found in the room of Perugia after his arrest at Florence have been, so far, fruitless. Mathilde, who has been described as an exceedingly beautiful girl, the image of "Mona Lisa," is known to have disappeared suddenly several months ago.

An examination of the love missives found among Perugia's effects shows that Mathilde's French was defective. She, presumably, is of a foreign birth, possibly German.

DISCUSS THE PANAMA FAIR.

British Ministers Considering the Question of Representation.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 16.—At a Cabinet Council yesterday British representation at the Panama-Pacific Exposition was discussed.

No decision was reached, but, says The Daily Chronicle, it is confidently anticipated that the Government will not display a penurious spirit in a matter of so much moment.

COMING TO PLAY HAMLET.

Deputy Demblon Will Also Lecture on His Shakespeare Theory.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 15. — Americans next June are to see a Belgian Socialist Deputy playing Hamlet.

Celestin Demblon, a Deputy and Professor of Literature at Brussels University, whose books in which he seeks to show that the plays attributed to Shakespeare were written by Lord Rutland, have attracted a good deal of comment, will sail for America in June and lecture in the principal cities of the United States on his theory.

During his tour he plans to play Hamlet. His Socialist friends in the Belgian Chamber persuaded him not to do that here.

ROOSEVELT'S HUNTING TRIP.

His Expedition in Two Divisions Will Explore Brazilian Jungles.

RIO JANEIRO, Dec. 15.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt on his arrival at Porto Murtinho, near the Paraguayan boundary, aboard a Paraguayan gunboat, was received by a Brazilian commission, according to a dispatch from that place, and the entire party proceeded to Corumba. From there the Roosevelt party will make an early start on a hunting expedition.

Later the expedition will divide into two parties and penetrate the interior. It is probable that they will remain in the jungle for a month. One will descend the River Madeira, and the other, under the direction of Col. Roosevelt, will descend one of the smaller rivers, making explorations as far as the Madeira. There the parties will form a junction and proceed together to Manaos.

Mascagni's "Parisina" Presented.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Dec. 15.—The first performance of the new opera "Parisina," with music by Mascagni and libretto by d'Annunzio, took place at La Scala to-night in the presence of a splendid audience, and was received with great enthusiasm.

MILITANTS APPEAL DIRECT TO THE KING

Declare in Telegram That Mrs. Pankhurst Is Being "Done to Death" in Jail.

$400,000 FIRE AT PLYMOUTH

Because Mrs. Pankhurst Was Arrested There—Zelie Emerson Says the Police Assaulted Her.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—At a meeting of the Women's Social and Political Union to-night the following telegraphic appeal for the release of Mrs. Pankhurst was sent to the King:

In your Majesty's name a noble woman is being done to death at Holloway. We call upon your Majesty in the name of God to stop this crime before it is too late.

Suffragettes at Plymouth have taken revenge for the arrest of Mrs. Pankhurst by firing a big timber yard, causing $400,000 damage, while an amusement circus in the vicinity suffered to the extent of $10,000.

Zelie Emerson, the Jackson, Mich., suffragette, was arraigned at the Thames Police Court to-day in connection with yesterday's disturbance in the East End and was remanded for a week on bail in order to allow her to obtain legal advice.

The police witnesses described Miss Emerson as the leader of the trouble. When a policeman asked her to move on she refused to do so, and struck him with a flagstaff that she was carrying.

Miss Emerson, whose arm was in a sling, complained that when she was arrested the police twisted her arm severely. The police doctor said she was suffering from a slight sprain.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Sylvia Pankhurst was released this evening. Since her incarceration on Dec. 10 she had added a "sleep strike" to her "hunger and thirst strike" in order to force the prison authorities to release her. According to some of her comrades of the militant suffragette organization, she accomplishes this by continually walking.

Militant women last night burned an empty mansion near Bristol. Others broke every window of the Richmond Police Station.

Suffragette literature was found on the site of the timber yard at Plymouth that was burned to-day. The police also found a placard bearing the words "Revenge for the Arrest of Mrs. Pankhurst!" The scene of the fire is the spot where "Gen." Flora Drummond and other militants awaited Mrs. Pankhurst on her arrival in England from the United States on Dec. 4, when the suffragette leader was arrested.

TO END FISHERIES DISPUTE.

Wilson Sends Dr. Smith to Arrange Agreement with Canada.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Dec. 15.—A further effort is to be made by the United States and Canada to reach an amiable agreement regarding the regulations for governing the international inland fisheries. The question has been in abeyance since the failure of the mission of Job Hedges, whom ex-President Taft sent here toward the close of his Administration to reopen negotiations. J. D. Hazen, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, then informed the Washington authorities that Canada would withdraw from the treaty altogether if they were indisposed to remove the difficulties standing in the way of our agreement. The arrival here to-day of Dr. Hugh M. Smith, Chief Commissioner of the United States Fisheries, sent by President Wilson to reopen the matter, shows a desire on the latter's part to adjust differences, and points to a speedy determination of the dispute.

About three years ago the Washington authorities appointed Prof. David Starr Jordan to negotiate a basis of agreement. A treaty was reached which satisfied Canada, but the United States Congress, apparently influenced by representations of the Puget Sound fishing interests, refused to ratify it unless eleven of the most important clauses were practically slaughtered. Thus amended, the Canadian Government refused to accept the agreement, and the negotiations ended.

"MYSTERY SHIP" LAUNCHED.

British Battleship Tiger to be the Fastest War Vessel Afloat.

GLASGOW, Dec. 15.—The battle-cruiser Tiger, known as the "mystery ship," was launched to-day at the Clydebank Shipbuilding Works, where her keel-plate was laid on June 20, 1912.

Details of the new vessel have been guarded most strictly by the Admiralty. It is known, however, that her engines are designed to give the hitherto unattempted horse power of 100,000, calculated to develop a speed which will eclipse that of any naval vessel afloat.

Unofficial reports give the Tiger's dimensions as: Length over all, 700 feet; beam, 90 feet; displacement, about 30,000 tons. Her armament is said to comprise eight 13.5-inch guns in pairs in turrets on a centre line, and twelve 6-inch guns in casemates, with two 21-inch submerged torpedo tubes.

Titanic Hearing Set for Jan. 5.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The hearing of the suit to decide whether the liability of the Oceanic Steam Navigation Company as owner of the Titanic should be governed by American or British law was advanced to-day by the Supreme Court for a hearing on Jan. 5.

KAISER AGAIN ANNOYS HEIR.

Crown Prince Doesn't Want to be Transferred to General Staff.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—The newspapers to-night intimate that there has been another difference of opinion between the Kaiser and the Crown Prince, this time in connection with the latter's transfer to the General Staff in Berlin.

Early reports indicated that the ending of the Prince's "exile" at Danzig was by his own wish. The Government-controlled Lokal Anzeiger stated to-day that it was mainly due to the intervention of the Kaiserin. To-night it is alleged that the transfer was in consequence of a Cabinet order by the Kaiser, which took the Crown Prince completely by surprise and which he has done his utmost to have revoked.

The newspapers point out that the Prince will join the General Staff at an "ideal moment." He will work under the direct supervision of Gen. von Moltke, the Chief of Staff.

MAY BRING HER CHILD HERE.

Mrs. French, Daughter of R. J. Wynne, Gets English Court Order.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—The courts to-day allowed Mrs. Ida Marcella French, daughter of the ex-United States Postmaster General and ex-Consul General in London Robert J. Wynne, who on Dec. 1 obtained a divorce decree against her husband, Capt. Hugh Ronald French, formerly of the Seventh Dragoons, to remove the child of the marriage from the jurisdiction of the English courts.

The necessary documents were completed to-day by Mrs. French and Mr Wynne, who signed an undertaking to bring the child back to the jurisdiction of the courts if the latter at any time prior to the child's coming of age so desire.

It is understood that Mrs. French will resume her maiden name. The decree of divorce will become absolute next June.

TANGO 'ABSURD,' SAYS KING.

Ruler of Bavaria Follows Kaiser's Example and Puts Ban on It.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Dec. 15. — Following the Kaiser's example, the King of Bavaria has put a ban on the tango.

A secret Cabinet order has been circulated among the Bavarian army officers informing them that his Majesty will look upon it with disfavor if during the coming Christmas festivities officers take part in entertainments at which the tango is danced.

"The King," the order states, "regards participation in such a dance as absurd and unworthy of an officer.

"Officers must always remember the dignity of their position, even when enjoying themselves in company."

RHODES SCHOLAR'S SNEER.

American Called Oxford "a God-Forsaken Place," Dr. Macan Says.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Reginald Walter Macan, Master of University College, Oxford, speaking to the Sphinx Club here to-night on what is being done at Oxford to further Imperialism, said he had heard Oxford described by one American Rhodes scholar as "a God-forsaken place."

But Oxford, said Dr. Macan, did all Rhodes scholars nothing but good. He thought Cecil Rhodes made the mistake of his life when he left rather the smaller portion of the scholarships to be distributed over the British Empire. Uncle Jonathan could afford out of his bottomless oil wells to provide for his sons.

No doubt, however, Dr. Macan remarked, it was a great thing for the empire that friendships made between young men of Canada and the United States at Oxford should exist. Further, a young American had pointed out to him that Oxford was now more Pan-American than any American university. The Rhodes scholars were drawn from all the American States, and no university in America drew its students from so wide a field.

SAVES BIRDS OF PARADISE.

German Government Prohibits Their Slaughter in New Guinea.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—In consequence of a long agitation on the part of German humane societies against the killing of birds of paradise for millinery purposes, the Colonial Office has just announced that no permits to hunt such birds will be granted in 1914 in German New Guinea.

In the meantime an exhaustive investigation will be made in regard to the breeding habits of birds of paradise with a view to ascertaining if the ban on the killingof them should not be made permanent.

Germans who have agitated against aigrette wearing cordially approve the recent action of the American authorities.

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Drops on thin platinum Chains. Diamonds, Sapphires and Pearls. From $12.50 to $5000.

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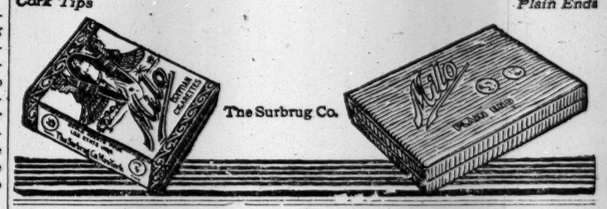
A Christmas gift that will reflect your good taste, a box of 50 or 100 Milos

Cork Tips Plain Ends



GIVE CHILD LIBERTY, SAYS DR. MONTESSORI

Young Must Have Complete Freedom for Natural Development, Asserts Educator.

EXPLAINS HER METHODS

Stimuli Offered to Awaken and Nourish the Inner Self—Her Last Lecture.

Dr. Maria Montessori made her second and last appearance in New York last night at Carnegie Hall before a large audience, in which there were hundreds of fathers and mothers, and all listened attentively to her exposition of her famous method for educating children between the ages of 3 and 6. The lecture was delivered under the auspices of the Montessori Educational Association, of which S. S. McClure, the presiding officer, is a Vice President. Dr. Montessori spoke in Italian and Miss Anne E. George acted as interpreter.

"The child must grow in liberty if he is to grow well," said Dr. Montessori, "and there is no other way in which his natural development can take place. The primal impulse of the child is to become a man, and he must have liberty to find those conditions, and that help which will enable him to become in his fullest possibilities, the man he was destined to be."

She next criticised the practice of many parents of not allowing their children to touch things on a table or desk, not realizing that the child at this age gains many of his perceptions from the sense of touch, whereas adults have outgrown this stage of development.

Dr. Montessori said that the stimuli she gave the children corresponded to their needs and were just sufficient to awaken, develop, and nourish their inner self. She said that the joyous child was the one which grew strong and sturdy in body.

"Contrary to the statements of psychologists, that between the ages of 3 and 6 a child's attention is very hard to hold," continued the lecturer, "I was first struck with their constancy in the first week of my school at San Lorenzo. There was a child playing with large and small cylinders designed to be fitted one into the other. I tried many ways to distract his interest in the cylinders, even going so far as to have the other children sing and play, but I counted forty-two times after the singing began that the child continued to manipulate the cylinders. Surely, this shows with what intensity a child rivets its attention on something in which it is interested."

Dr. Montessori said that this constancy was the essence of children's spontaneous development and that they should be allowed to do over and over again the work which interested them. As the child's activities increased, Dr. Montessori found, those of the teacher diminished. It often happened, she said, that visitors to the school commented on the fact that the teachers had nothing to do but to give the child what he wanted, and then "take it easy." Once when this comment was made the teacher smilingly replied, "No, I don't even have to do that. The children come in and get their own work themselves."

ZELAYA WARNED AGAIN.

This Time His Counsel Tells Folk He Is Ready to Sail.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Gen. J. Santos Zelaya, the former dictator of Nicaragua, still is in New York, but with his trunks packed ready to sail, according to information which came to Solicitor Folk of the State Department to-day. When inquiry was made as to when Zelaya would start for Spain in fulfillment of the promise he gave to Mr. Folk when the Nicaraguan Government dropped the extradition proceedings, counsel for the ex-dictator said he was ready to sail.

Gen. Chamorro, Nicaraguan Minister, called on Solicitor Folk to-day to ask if Zelaya had lived up to his agreement to quit the country without plotting against the Central American republic. Solicitor Folk sent word to the exiled Nicaraguan not to forget to leave the country. Officials said to-night that if Zelaya did not leave the United States soon his case would be re-opened.

At the time Gen. Zelaya was released from the Tombs Solicitor Folk was quoted in dispatches from Washington as saying that no limit was placed upon the time he might spend in this country, but that the State Department understood he would leave upon the completion of his business here.

Gen. Zelaya was at his rooms in the Hotel Hargrave last night, but he said that he did not feel at liberty to discuss any phase of his case.

SHOW WORK FOR SAFETY.

New York Telephone Company Wins the Grand Prize.

What the large industrial corporations and transportation companies are doing to prevent fatalities and injuries among employes and patrons is illustrated by working models at the International Exposition of Safety and Sanitation this week in the Grand Central Palace.

The Stevens bill, introduced at Washington, to have the Interstate Commerce Commission direct the installation of safety devices for employes and travelers by railroads attracts special attention to the exhibits of various transportation companies. The models of devices include cars equipped with automatic couplers, air and electric brakes.

Methods of preventing explosions in mines and of rescue and first aid work are shown by the United States Bureau of Mines. An automatic gas cut-off, to prevent fatalities due to the extinguishing of gas from open windows, is one of the household safety devices exhibited.

The Grand Prize was awarded yesterday to the New York Telephone Company for exhibits and its welfare work for its employes. The telephone company's exhibit was planned and built by employes of the company. The scenic effects were arranged by Arthur Voegtlin, the creator of the New York Hippodrome spectacles. Telephone switchboards are shown in actual operation, while slightly in the background a model of the country intervening has been built up.

SUSTAINS MARCONI CO.

Judge Rellstab in Trenton Throws Out Contempt Proceedings.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 15.—In the United States Court here to-day Judge John Rellstab dismissed the National Wireless Signalling Company's application to have the Marconi Wireless Company held in contempt of court for infringement of the Fessenden wireless patents.

The court held that evidence was not sufficient to warrant action. Judge Rellstab named Kenneth W. Lanning of this city as Special Master to take testimony in the infringement suit.

The great thing about Saks' Evening Clothes is the cut of them!

¶ A suit of brown or black and white check may blind you to defective tailoring, even as a woman's beauty may blind you to her faults.

¶ But an evening garment is the one garment wherein there is neither color nor fabric design to blind you to the tailoring and the cut.

It is either an evening garment or simply a mourning garment of black!

¶ What you want is not a suit of black, but an evening garment which overcomes the conventions as to shade.

¶ A garment which, despite its sombre hue, has something of the festive in its lines, something of the lilt and laughter of after-dinner-time.

¶ Saks' full dress coats this Winter are as trimly attenuated as a swallow's tail.

¶ Saks' tuxedos, close-cut and form-fitting, have symmetry and style to spare.

¶ And in the whole realm of evening, there is nothing smarter ever picks its immaculate way along the thoroughfares of Style!

Specials in Evening Clothes.

Dress Coat and Trousers, silk lined.....$28
Tuxedo and Trousers, silk lined.....$25
Dress Waist Coats.....$3.50 to $12

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CURRENCY VOTE TEST FAVORS OWEN BILL

Senate Tables the Hitchcock Amendments, Including Federal Control of Banks.

OWEN RETORTS ON ROOT

Reed Also Condemns Senator's Attack—Weeks Defends Bankers —Defection of Lane.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The Senate, in what was regarded as a test of strength on the Currency bill, laid on the table this afternoon the most important of the Hitchcock amendments by a vote of 40 to 35. Senator Poindexter, the only Roosevelt Progressive in the upper House, voted with the Democrats to shelve the Hitchcock proposal, while Senator Hitchcock was the only Democrat to vote against the motion. The leaders are hoping to-night that the test vote will take the heart out of the debate and permit the final passage of the bill before the end of the week.

The amendment provided for a popular subscription to the capital stock of the proposed regional reserve banks instead of the compulsory subscription of member banks as directed by the Owen-Glass bill. It also reduced to four the number of regional banks, which the Owen measure fixed anywhere between eight and twelve.

Later the fight for Government control of the proposed new banking system, led by Senator Hitchcock and the Republican members of the Banking and Currency Committee, failed when the Democrats, on the motion of Senator Owen, tabled the Hitchcock amendment by a vote of 39 to 36.

The amendment would have placed the control of each Federal reserve bank in the hands of the Government by authorizing the central board to appoint five of the nine Directors. The defeat of this amendment made virtually certain the adoption of the Owen plan, which would leave the control of the regional banks in the hands of the member banks that compose them.

Senators Hitchcock and Lane joined the Republicans in voting against the motion to table the public-ownership amendment. Immediately after the vote Senator Clapp attacked the Democratic leaders in strong terms for having cut off debate on so important a feature of the currency bill.

It is not believed that Mr. Lane's defection will endanger the draft of the bill as finally formulated in the Democratic caucus.

The Senate administered a severe rebuke to Mr. Owen of Oklahoma, who, as Chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency, is in charge of the bill. On the motion of Mr. Hitchcock an entire print of a colloquy between Mr. Owen and himself on Thursday was stricken from The Congressional Record because of changes made in the language by Mr. Owen. A correct report of the proceedings was ordered substituted.

Reed Denounces Root Attack.

When the Hitchcock substitute had been tabled, Senator Reed made a speech vigorously defending the Owen bill and replying to Senator Root, who, on Saturday, attacked the measure and called Secretary Bryan "the dominating influence" behind the proposed new currency system.

Repulying directly to Senator Root's predictions that undue inflation and a financial panic might ensue if the Currency bill were passed in its present form, Senator Reed said that no inflation of the currency could occur unless the "sound money men who run the banks" brought it about.

"This is a workable bill," he continued. "It is not surcharged with destruction to business. If added checks ought to be put in, I for one am willing to put them in. But the Senator from New York spent his time telling of the dire things that would happen to business and spent but little time explaining his own proposed amendments.

"No one has the right to stand on the floor of this Senate and undertake to alarm the business interests of the country when there is no just cause for it. I doubt the high patriotism of the man who will stand here and cry: 'Wolf! wolf!' when there is no wolf; who will take this chance of injuring the multitude who may be misled by such a cry."

Senator Reed said a "typewritten document" proposing Senator Root for the Presidency had been prepared and given to the press before he made his speech.

"It is not difficult, then, to understand why the Secretary of State was brought in," he added. "When the voice of ambition is calling to higher honors, it is not difficult to understand that men will sometimes let their interest overcome their spirit of fairness and candor.

"If we ever have inflation of the currency under this bill it will be caused by the bankers of the country, and by no one else. Even if Mr. Bryan was all that he has been painted by his enemies, even if he favored inflation of the currency, which no one has the right to charge; even if his influence was to stand back of this proposed Federal reserve board, and to control the men who will be appointed by the President, that board cannot put out one dollar of additional currency until there has been a call made upon it by the regional banks, whose boards will be controlled by the 'sound money men,' who run the national banks."

Senator Hitchcock, attacking the proposed control of the regional reserve banks by the banking interests, quoted the speech of Senator Stone on Saturday, in which the latter attacked A. B. Hepburn and Frank A. Vanderlip of New York and Milton Ailes of Washington as representatives of a class of bankers who were fighting effective currency reform, and insisted that under the Democratic bill the control of the currency system of the country would be turned over to these and other bankers.

Stone Retorts on Hitchcock.

"If the Vanderlips and the Aileses are going to control," interrupted Senator Stone, "it is remarkable that they are opposing this whole system. They have been down here fighting it. They are fighting it yet. They are invoking every agency to defeat it. They want to get a central bank."

A defense of the bankers, particularly those criticised in the debate by Senators Stone and Owen, was made by Senator Weeks.

"Because bankers are advising their customers to go slowly," he said, "is not an indication that bankers are trying to injure or break down business. It is the function of a banker to advise his customer against undue extension. The central reserve city bankers are in exactly the same position toward their country bank depositors as the average bank is toward its customers."

Mentioning Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank of New York, as an example, Senator Weeks said that the bankers of the central reserve city were "competent men who had grown up in the business from boys in the banks.

"The United States to-day has the most competent bank men in the world," he continued. "To say that they are bad men is a sinister thing to do without the proof that they are bad. If what the Senator from Missouri and the Senator from Oklahoma say about these men is true, it seems to me it is bad policy to do as those Senators propose to do and turn over to them the management of these great reserve banks."

Fling at Presidential Boom.

At the night session Senator Williams, referring to the Presidential boom launched for Senator Root by Senator Gallinger, remarked that it was "wonderful what wreck can be wrought in a sound mind by a Presidential bee." He characterized Senator Root as a great man who had recently been awarded the Nobel Peace Prize, but added, "I have never been able to satisfy myself why." He said the "plutocratic press" had heralded Senator Root's speech as a great attack on the Currency bill, but he insisted that Senator Root's premises were entirely wrong.

Chairman Owen of the Banking Committee challenged the statements of Senator Root that in case of a financial disturbance the gold of America would be drained when foreign nations unloaded American securities. The European financial industries, he said, were as anxious to keep conditions stable in this country as in Europe, and in 1907 America was able to draw large quantities of gold from Europe.

"We were able to get gold enough to make up for the vast quantities that were hoarded in this country," he said. "I believe gold was hoarded then in New York for the criminal purpose of breaking the stock market.

"That is not to be charged against the banker; it was ruinous to the banker. But there have been certain men in New York who have used the bankers as they would use pawns on a chess board. There are men who regard the banker as their servants, as their hired men to carry out their bidding.

"They have played that game for the last time. This bill takes out of their hands the power to make or break the financial and industrial fabric of the country."

Senator Owen said that "the strictures heaped upon this bill by the Senator from New York" were "unfair, unjust, and unreasonable."

PANIC ON NOW, SAYS MANN.

Cannon Agrees with Him—Both Blame the Democrats.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—There was a mild sensation around the Capitol this afternoon when Representative James R. Mann of Illinois said in a speech from his place on the floor that "the country is in the midst of a financial and industrial panic."

Mr. Mann is the responsible floor leader of the Republican minority in the House of Representatives and is considered one of the conservative leaders in the Republican Party.

Mr. Mann spoke less than a quarter of an hour, but said that within a few days he would address the House at greater length on the present situation in the country.

Almost at the same time that Mr. Mann was talking panic in the House, Joseph G. Cannon, ex-Speaker of the House, was saying, in an interview, that "the lever of prosperity has been reversed," and blaming the Democratic Administration for "slackening in business."

Representative Heflin of Alabama had been addressing the House in criticism of the estimate of the cotton crop made last Friday by the Department of Agriculture. Mr. Heflin spoke of mills working day and night, and this afforded the Republican floor leader his opportunity to challenge that statement as to the prosperity of the country.

"It is very refreshing," exclaimed Mr. Mann, "to hear the distinguished gentleman from Alabama complain about the price of cotton and insist that, owing to the high price of everything else, the Southern farmer cannot afford to exist unless cotton brings 15 cents a pound.

"The celebrated and world-wide advertised Underwood Tariff bill has not up to date reduced the cost of living, as was promised, and, I believe, has not greatly increased the price of cotton. As long as the gentleman from Alabama has stated to the House that the cotton mills of the South are running day and night, and that the New England mills are running full time, a fact which will be interesting and surprising when brought to the attention of the representatives from New England, I shall take occasion in a few days to call the attention of the House to the present situation in the country, both financial and industrial.

"I shall not detain the House at this time to do that except to say that owing to the incapacity of Democratic control and legislation the country is now in the midst of a financial and industrial panic; and all over the country men today, both in factories and financial institutions, are nearly scared to death."

"Uncle Joe" Cannon is in Washington in connection with the meeting of the Republican National Committee.

"Get-together clubs," asserted Mr. Cannon, "are usually organized for the benefit of an individual or group of individuals, who desire to use them. Conflicting ambitions of men do not bother me half as much as do the present conditions of the country that have been produced by these conflicting ambitions.

"They gave us a minority President and an Administration is committed to the reversal of all the policies under which the country has enjoyed great prosperity. The present Administration came into power pledged to reverse the lever.

"All business, big and little, was going ahead when the Administration began. President Wilson reversed the lever. The Democratic Congress followed his direction and reversed the revenue policy of the Government. That reversal has slackened business so that in many places it has almost stopped. Our Democratic friends recognize that the tariff law has not improved business conditions, and they are now pushing through a Currency bill by caucus on the theory that it will relieve the embarrassment caused by the Underwood tariff.

"They are preparing to revise the Sherman anti-trust law as a means of clearing away the embarrassment that may follow the enactment of their Currency bill. I suppose they will have some other remedy for the failure of their new anti-trust laws, and they will finally follow the policy of the old doctor, who, not knowing what ailed his patient, concluded to throw him into fits because he was strong on fits. They have almost thrown the patient into fits now. Is there depression in the country? Go out and see for yourself. Business men, manufacturers, and farmers in the West are whistling to keep up their courage while they read about prosperity in other parts of the country which they do not enjoy. They are beginning to suspect that this prosperity they read about is like the milk sickness—always just beyond, over in the next county. Some day the news will become so general that you newspaper men won't be able to handle it.

"Business has fallen off from 20 to 40 per cent. in the past twelve months. The troube appears to be that the President and the Democratic leaders in Congress are trying to destroy confidence in everybody and everything except themselves and their policies. They are still living in the ante-bellum age, when cotton and tobacco were the principal articles of exchange. They are ready to boom cotton and protect tobacco while they sacrifice every other agricultural and manufactured product in the country."

TO RETAIN J. C. CLEMENTS.

Wilson Likely to Reappoint Him to the Commerce Commission.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—President Wilson has practically decided to reappoint Judson C. Clements of Georgia as a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission. He soon will announce the names of those to succeed Charles A. Prouty and the late John H. Marble. Mr. Prouty will become director of physicial valuation.

Persons close to the White House say the President does not wish to interfere with the Interstate Commerce Commission, which is hearing the application of the Eastern railways for a 5 per cent. increase in freight rates, and decided to reappoint Mr. Clements.

FAVORS LITERACY TEST.

House Committee to Report Alien Bill—Militant Women Barred.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—With a decisive majority in its favor, the Burnett Immigration bill, including the literacy test, vetoed by President Taft, was ordered reported to-day by the House Immigration Committee.

The committee adjusted its differences relating to militant suffragists and advocates of sabotage and forms of violence by adopting an amendment which provides for the deportation of "any alien who at any time within three years after entry shall be found in the United States advocating or teaching the unlawful destruction of property or advocating or teaching the overthrow of organized government or the assassination of any public official."

That it was agreed, would include advocates of sabotage, anarchists, or militant suffragists who might urge destruction of property.

The committee did not adopt any special amendment relating to the exclusion of Asiatics, leaving that to the general provisions of the bill relating to the requirements for naturalization. It was stated, however, that questions relating to the Asiatic immigration would be taken up with the State Department.

TO MARK BICHLORIDE.

Druggists Favor Special Containers and Oppose Lederle's Order.

At a meeting last night of the National Pharmaceutical Society, an association of registered drug clerks, held in the College of Pharmacy in West Sixty-eighth Street, a protest was prepared against the regulation made by Health Commissioner Lederle, requiring a special wrapper for bichloride of mercury tablets. J. R. Wall, President of the society, said:

"The idea of candy is always associated in the minds of children with wrappers made of colored paper or tinfoil, and, therefore, a child may pick up one of these poisonous tablets under the impression that they are candy."

President Wall suggested that bottles of irregular shape for the tablets would be a greater safeguard.

Coroner Feinberg said the poison tablets, or dangerous poisons in any form, should not be sold, except in the form of a special shaped tablet, wrapped in a special wrapper, and put up in a special container.

"The tablet should never be smooth, but of corrugated surfact, stamped with the word poison," he said. "This is not a local matter, but one that requires national action. Congress should decide upon a special container that should be used all over the country for bichloride of mercury."

Son of President Yuan to Marry.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 15.—It is announced to-day that President Yuan Shih-Kai's youngest son is shortly to be betrothed to the eleven-year-old daughter of the Vice President, Gen. Li Yuen-Heng, who arrived recently in Peking.

TIFFANY & Co.

WATCHES AND CLOCKS

NEW YORK PARIS LONDON

SCHOOL TO TRAIN BEGGARS.

Mendicants Also Have National Society, with Chicago Headquarters.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Police Lieutenant James P. Larkin, attached to the Detective Bureau, is authority for the statement that an association of beggars has been formed with branches all over the United States and headquarters in this city, which is known among its members and to the police as the "Panhandlers' Trust," although its official name is "The Gay Cats." Branches of the organization are known as "camps," and are governed by local officers under the direction of the national organization here.

Chicago members of "The Gay Cats," according to Lieut. Larkin, have rented and furnished with money "panhandled" in the downtown district and elsewhere a building in one of the poorer neighborhoods of the west side, which serves as headquarters. There the active members divide the day's receipts, discuss "tips" of police activity, and lay plans for the morrow. In the same building the organization maintains its school of instructions, where recruits can learn the "tricks of the trade."

Methods of deception are part of the curriculum, and in this connection recruits are taught how to "make up" as cripples and invalids, and the use of acids in making healthy arms and hands appear to have been scalded.

"It is a poor 'Gay Cat' who cannot cadge $10 or more in one day," said Lieut. Larkin. The membership of the "Gay Cats" in Chicago numbers nearly 100 beggars, it is said.

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Beautifully Illustrated with full-color pictures and Lining Paper by N. C. Wyeth.

$2.25 net; postage extra.

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With 10 Full-Color Illustrations by Paul Branson.

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Written and Illustrated by

ERNEST PEIX TTO

Author of "Romantic California" and "Through the French Provinces," etc.

$2.50 net; postage extra.

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By HENRY VAN DYKE

A Beautiful Holiday Edition of this Famous Allegorical Poem, Having Illustrations in Color by Herbert Moore and Decorations by Edward B. Edwards.

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FOR MEN FOR WOMEN

Every PERRIN size stamped in the Ace of Clubs

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Stop Coughs

relieve throat troubles. Convenient and sure. No opiates. 25c, 50c, $1.00. Sample Free.

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Beautiful Sofa Cushions
Oriental Rugs

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Fur Coats—Fur Sets—Separate Furs

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Suits, Gowns, Blouses and Hats

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Why not the *useful* gift?

A smart hat, a good umbrella, cane, or pair of gloves—full assortments at every Young shop.

Simplify your gift problems—buy an "Order on Young"—the ideal way of letting him "pick" his own present.

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Broadway, near Dey St. Broadway, near Park Pl. Broadway, at Houston St. Broadway, near 14th St. Broadway, at 20th St. Broadway, near 28th St. Broadway, near 34th St. Broadway, near Beaver St. Nassau St., near Liberty. Woolworth Building. Only Brooklyn Store 371 Fulton St., op. City Hall

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These late arrivals from our workshops represent a finer assortment of world-renowned pianos and player pianos than was ever shown before.

Also a Number of

NEW Upright and Grand PIANOS

in case designs not catalogued.

NEW PLAYER PIANOS

Used in Warerooms for Demonstration Only.

The List Contains Such Famous Names as

KNABE CHICKERING STEINWAY
HAINES BROS. SOHMER

The opportunity is afforded the discerning buyer to procure an instrument of unquestioned value and merit at a PRICE FAR BELOW anything ever offered before. Only a *few* of these bargains are mentioned here:

UPRIGHTS

	Formerly.	Now.
SCHLEICHER; Walnut; good shape	$350	$55
WHEELER; Mahogany; good tone and action	250	95
WINTERROTH; slightly used	300	160
BREWSTER; Mahogany; fine shape	325	165
MARSHALL & WENDELL; entirely renewed	350	170
HARDMAN; Mahogany; like new	375	185
ARMSTRONG; like new; sample case	300	200
HAINES BROS.; Mahogany; almost new	400	275
HAZELTON; Mahogany; Cabinet Grand	400	325
MASON & HAMLIN; entirely remade	500	300
HAINES BROS.; Mahogany; like new	450	340
STEINWAY; entirely remade	600	385
KNABE; Upright; Mahogany; excellent shape	550	395
STEINWAY; Mahogany; like new	550	420
KNABE; Circassian Walnut; sample style	650	440

GRANDS

	Formerly.	Now.
CHICKERING; Mahogany; fine tone and action	$950	$325
WEBER; Rosewood, Parlor Grand; excellent shape	850	400
STECK; Mahogany Baby; perfect condition	750	425
HAINES BROS.; Mahogany; Miniature; perfect	700	460
KNABE; Rosewood Baby; a gem	850	475
STEINWAY; Parlor Rosewood; entirely renewed	900	485
HARDMAN; Baby; like new	700	490
KNABE; Mahogany Baby; excellent condition	950	525
KNABE; Mignonette; beautiful Mahogany; like new	700	590
KNABE; Mignon; Rosewood; perfect	750	595
KNABE; Baby Rosewood; splendid condition	950	625
STEINWAY; Baby; like new	900	650
KNABE; Louis XVI. Gold; sample design	1,850	1050

PLAYER PIANOS

	Formerly.	Now.
1 OUTSIDE ANGELUS Player	$250	$50
2 65-NOTE PLAYERS; Mahogany; all improvements	400	195
6 88-NOTE PLAYERS; late models; demonstration only	450	325
MARSHALL & WENDELL; late model	550	440
MISSION CASE; fine model; like new	600	465
HAINES BROS; De Luxe	700	525
HAINES BROS.; Circassian Walnut	750	630
KNABE; Mahogany; Player; demonstration used	950	695
KNABE; De Luxe; Mahogany; just like new	950	740
KNABE-ANGELUS; a beauty; demonstration used	1,000	775
KNABE-ANGELUS; a beauty; fine shape	1,000	810
KNABE-ANGELUS; excellent condition	1,000	845
KNABE-ANGELUS; Grand; demonstration used	1,650	1400

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Don't delay making your purchases any longer. You have nothing to gain by waiting. Assortments are at their very best now, and our prices are, by a very considerable margin, the lowest (for equally desirable grades) in New York.

Among the thousands of specials arranged for today in our two magnificently stocked buildings, you will find:

MAIN BUILDING

Men's Winter Suits and Overcoats—formerly priced to $20; at	$9.75
Men's House Coats and Smoking Jackets—values to $6.50; at	$3.95 and $4.95
$8.45 Outfit of Ice Skates and Skating Shoes—at	$7.50
Regular $5.85 Outfit for	$5
Skating Shoes—at	$2.95 to $5
Ice Skates—at	70c to $8
Men's Leather Slippers—Romeos, Opera and Everett s yles; at	$1.39
Women's $1.25 Juliettes—pair	98c
Boys' $3 High-cut Storm Shoes—pair	$1.98
Leggings—for women and children; pair	39c to 98c
$3.95 Hand-Cars—sale in Toy Town—at	$2.85
5,000 Fancy Pieces of Decorative Linens—including scarfs, shams, center pieces and table covers; values $2 to $3; at	$1.49
$1.50 Leather Collar Boxes—at	98c
$1 Leather Collar Pouches—at	79c
50c Leather Collar Pouches—at	39c
$1 Leather Collar Boxes—at	79c
$6.25 Leather Suit Cases—at	$4.75
$5.75 Leather Traveling Bags—at	$4.50

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On sale here, Today, at prices which are from 25 to 33 per cent. less than prevailing quotations elsewhere

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"Sample" lines, therefore only one of a kind. Guaranteed timepieces in solid gold, enamel and silver on sale here, today, at the lowest prices ever named.

In conjunction with the above sale in our Jewelry Store, today, we offer nearly 1,000 solid gold diamond-set bracelets at wonderfully low prices.

Women's Winter Coats—values to $19.75; a clearance at	$10.75
Women's $9.75 Skirts—at	$5.90
Women's $3.50 Sweaters—at	$1.95

GREENHUT BUILDING

$17 Fumed Oak Library Tables—at	$14
$5 Golden Oak Morris Chairs—frames only; at	$3.95
$15 Tufted Couches—at	$11.50
$6.50 Gas Reading Lamps—at	$4.50
Imported China Chocolate Sets—dainty enameled hand-painted floral designs; complete in fancy lined box; at	$3.95
7-Piece Coaster Sets—at	85c
Scrap Baskets—assorted shapes and color blendings; at	50c
Shoe Blacking Cabinets—at	$1
15-Piece Cereal Sets—at	$4.45
"Sternau" Copper or Nickel Chafing Dishes—at	$4.50
Folding Card Tables—felt tops; at	$2.25

And equally attractive specials in all other lines of merchandise. Whatever you need is here. Everything is marked at prices that will save you a worth-while amount of money.

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—What makes the colors of sunset?

—How does moonlight compare for strength with sunlight?

—Why did the Israelities in bondage need straw to put in their bricks when we do not use it?

—When sea water freezes, does the salt stay in the ice?

—What is a beaver's favorite food?

—What percentage of the manufacturing output of Lynn, Mass., according to U. S. Census statistics, is in boots and shoes?

—Why is it harder to guess the width of a river than that of a field as wide?

—Why do not animals that sleep through the winter starve to death?

—Why do we count by tens?

—Why is the shadow cast by an electric light sharper-edged than that cast by the sun?

—Why are most substances paler in color when ground to powder than when in brick?

—What is the great difference between a giraffe's horns and the horns of a rhinoceros?

—How does the amount of air in a room spoiled by an ordinary gas-burner compare with the amount spoiled by a man in breathing?

—What is the length, over all, of the steamship Mauretania; what is the length, "between perpendiculars?

—What kind of milk is Roquefort cheese made from?

—To what tempe ature can lathe tools made of high-speed steel be heated by friction without losing their edge?

—What scientific experiment led to the death of the great philosopher Francis Bacon?

—How does the park called the Bois de Boulogne, in Paris, compare in size with Central Park in New York City?

—During what years was Texas an independent republic?

—What is the veterinary treatment for milk fever in cows?

—Of what material are felt hats made?

—In what part of the world are the monkeys found which have a forehead most like that of human beings?

—Why is Wisconsin called "The Badger State," although the badger is not found there?

—If you were asked to choose a toy and a ring as presents for a brother and sister named Philip and Margaret, and you did not know what they liked, what clever idea could you get from the Encyclopcedia Britannica?

—How many Philippine Islands are there?

—What makes blood clot?

—What makes a cut apple turn brown?

—What domestic animal is oftenest born with only one eye?

—Why does a tame rabbit die if it is held erect for half an hour?

—What was the great difference between the destruction of Pompeii and that of Herculaneum?

—Where were the first lighthouses built?

ANSWERS TO THE ABOVE QUESTIONS

Will be found in a booklet which you may have by mail for the asking. The title is "Suppose You Wanted to Know," (Series II), and it has been issued in order to suggest in a very slight but sufficiently impressive manner the infinite variety of instructive, useful, amusing and often surprising information to be found in the new Encyclopaedia Britannica. This work is unquestionably the greatest educational force ever devised, and the most readable of all books when you really try to use it properly.

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THINK MISS M'CANN WILL BE HOME SOON

Police Expect to Find Her Hiding Place To-day or To-morrow if She Doesn't Return.

SEEN IN GOOD GROUND

Missing Girl Was In Long Island Town on Dec. 6 — Cruel Post Card Hoax.

Detectives engaged in the search for Jessie Evelyn McCann, daughter of Robert G. McCann, who has been missing from her home, 438 East Twenty-first Street, Flatbush, since Dec. 4, dropped yesterday the theory that she was dead either by suicide or accident, and asserted that they would discover to-day or to-morrow the hiding place of the young teacher somewhere on Long Island, if she did not return home of her own free will.

The detectives have learned that Miss McCann was in Good Ground, L. I., on the second day after she disappeared from home, and from the assistant station agent there they got the information that she purchased a ticket when she left either for Amityville or Babylon, the station agent could not remember which. As Miss McCann spent her vacation in Good Ground last August, she became known to residents of the place at that time, and two other former acquaintances were found by the detectives who insisted that they saw Miss McCann in that town on Dec. 6.

In the search at Good Ground, Detectives Brierton and Sylvester questioned very closely all persons associated with Miss McCann during her vacation visit. Mrs. Frank Goodale, one of those who recognized Miss McCann in Good Ground a week ago, is the proprietor of a candy store near the station. She stated that in August Miss McCann frequently came to the store, sometimes on foot and sometimes in a pony cart belonging to Mrs. Daniel Turnbull, at whose Summer home in Good Ground a number of girl friends of Miss McCann were guests while the young teacher lived across the street at the Hotel Arlington, owned by the father of Wendell Squires, the Columbia student who had admitted that he is "practically" engaged to the missing girl, and says he would be glad to marry her if she will return home.

"I was walking up to the station to see a friend off for the 3:18 train Saturday a week ago," said Mrs. Goodale to the detectives, "and just before the train came into the station I caught sight of Miss McCann and another woman standing on th eplatform. That is, Miss McCann was pacing back and forth on the platform and the other woman was standing still. She was older than Miss McCann—40 years old or about that. The other woman I had never seen before, and I am positive she did not belong in Good Gronud. I do not remember the color of Miss McCann's dress, but I do remember that she wore a cutaway coat. I also remember that the two women chatted at intervals as if they were friends. I saw Miss McCann get aboard the train, and I am quite sure the other woman got aboard the train also. I am just as sure that it was Miss McCann as I am sure I met her here in my store almost every day during her visit last August. I tried to speak to her, but she turned away."

David W. Smith, a painter, also was sure he saw the missing girl just before the 3:18 o'clock train pulled in, bound for New York.

Gerard Carmichael, assistant station agent, recalled that Miss McCann came to the station some time before the 3:18 train arrived, and that she approached him and greeted him while her companion hung back. Miss McCann asked him about trains for New York, he said, and then discussed for several minutes local topics in which she recalled her visit to Good Ground in August.

After learning all they could about Miss McCann in Good Ground Detectives Sylvester and Brierton searched the Arlington Hotel, which is closed for the Winter, and then went to Springville to interview the father of Wendell Squires.

The McCann family received last night a letter of condolence and sympathy from the primary teachers of St. Mark's Methodist Episcopal Church at Beverley Road and Ocean Avenue, Flatbush.

The family received a clue yesterday which they believe to be a cruel hoax perpetrated upon them. A postcard arrived containing two inscriptions, which read:

Dear Mother: I am at Diesenbach,s, and will be home Thursday. JESSIE.
Dear Mother: I will be home Thursday. Don't worry. JESSIE.

Miss Ethel McCann, speaking for the family, said that the handwriting on the card was a mere scrawl, and that it did not in the slightest degree resemble the handwriting of her sister. The postcard had been mailed from Station A., Coney Island. It was turned over to the police.

TO BE STEPMOTHER TO 21.

Flushing Widower's Big Family Doesn't Scare Mrs. Delia Nolan.

Daniel Bulger, a widower, whose wife left him twenty-one children when she died, a year ago, has arranged to marry again. Mrs. Delia Nolan, a widow of Corona, will be the second Mrs. Bulger.

Mr. Bulger is a salesman in a Flushing grocery store, and lives in Flushing at 28 South Prince Street. The wedding is set for some day this month, but they are not telling the date.

May Sell Roseville Trust's Assets.

Chancellor Walker granted an application in Newark yesterday for an order to show cause why the assets of the Roseville Trust Company should not be sold to the proposed Mutual Bank of Roseville. The order was granted upon the application of State Banking and Insurance Commissioner La Monte, who said that he took over the trust company on Aug. 13 after finding that it owed depositors $357,926, which it could not pay.

KAISER BEARS MANY GIFTS.

Christmas Packages Fill Mail Compartments of Big Liner.

With her mail compartments packed to capacity with Christmas gifts from the United States and Canada to relatives and friends in Europe, the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II. sailed for Bremen, by way of Plymouth and Cherbourg, at 1 o'clock this morning.

The Cunarder Mauretania sails for Liverpool at 6 o'clock this afternoon and at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning the French liner France sails for Havre. These are the last ships whose schedules make possible mail deliveries in Europe by Christmas morning.

Until ten minutes of the time she sailed this morning the foreign post office officials were busy putting mail bags aboard the Kaiser Wilhelm II. It was one of the largest Christmas mails ever to leave this port.

The Kaiser Wilhelm carried a large number of cabin passengers, most of them hurrying to British, French, and German homes to spend the holidays. Among them were Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Alsop, J. C. Baldwin and his two sons, Mr. and Mrs. Johannes Boettner, Baron Oscar Bopp von Oberstadt, Bruno Borchardt, Mr. and Mrs. Francis J. Grace, Mr. and Mrs. Karl Hoberland, Walter Jensen, Arthur W. Lawrence, Mr. and Mrs. John E. McGowan, Mr. and Mrs. Robert S. Sloan, Mrs. Thomas D. Whistler, and Robert E. Strawbridge, Jr.

The Mauretania, it is expected, will carry an even larger Christmas mail than the Kaiser Wilhelm. Some of the Mauretania's passengers will be Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, Sir Charles and Lady Allom, T. Agar-Roberts, M. P., Sir George Parish, Mr. and Mrs. Francis I. Crocker, the Misses Crocker, Prince Henri of Croy, Lionel Curtis, Henry S. Beardsley, J. Morton Griffith, M. P., and Mrs. Griffth, Mrs. Frederick E. Guest, Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Homer, the Right Rev. Bishop Frederick J. Kinsman, D. D., Mrs. Alfred Peck, Mrs. H. Gordon Selfridge, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Stern, Lady Evelyn Ward, and Mrs. James Norton Winslow.

WILSON AT WORK AGAIN.

Keeps to His Room, but Dictates Letters and Reads Official Papers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—President Wilson worked leisurely to-day, signing several commissions and reading many official documents. He did not go to the Executive Offices, but stayed in the upper apartments of the White House, on the advice of his physician, who suggested his remaining in an even temperature until the attack of grip and cold should entirely disappear.

The President stayed indoors against his own wishes, yielding to the advice of his doctor. He was said by Dr. Grayson to-night to have improved in health, and appeared almost entirely recovered, but as a precaution, he said, the President would probably be kept indoors another day or two.

Engagements with Cabinet officers were scheduled for to-morrow, but they are tentative, and if the President does see any of the Cabinet officers it will be in his study. The President had the Hetch Hetchy bill before him to-day, and is awaiting a report from Secretary Lane before signing it.

Have you ordered A "FERRIS" Christmas Ham of Park & Tilford?

GLOVES WILL SETTLE IT!

She came to Bloomingdales' and selected from the following:

Women's Capeskin Gloves, mannish style, standard makes, in a wide variety of colors and tan, black and white, at 89c.

Women's Imported Gloves, full P-K style, 1 and 2 clasp, glace kid, in black, white, tans and browns, $1.00.

Women's 16, 20, 24 and 30 button length Mousquetaire Kid and Doeskin Gloves, white and black, $1.59 to $4.25.

Women's Kid and Suede Squirrel Silk and Fleece Lined Gloves, Meyers' and Fownes' make, $1.00 to $3.98.

For men, boys and girls the range of prices admits easy selection.

Do Your Christmas Shopping Early.

BLOOMINGDALES
Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

Lane Bryant

Will close out Tuesday and Wednesday

at Extreme Reductions

156 Afternoon Dresses

Attractive new styles of crepe de chine, charmeuse, serge and novelty fabrics in lovely shades of Copenhagen, fox glove, apricot, navy and wistaria, as well as black.

Including extra sizes for stout figures.

Formerly $27.50 to $39.75

13.50

87 Natty Winter Coats

Fashionable loose effects of mixtures, basket weave, broadcloth, brocaded jacquard in taupe, navy, black, green and brown, silk lined, some fur trimmed.

Formerly $24.75 to $37 50

16.75

46 Fur Trimmed Wraps

A most effective selection in rich colorings of brocaded plush, chiffon velvet, duvetyn, taupe, brown, black and mahogany. Brocaded silk linings in white or colors.

Formerly $69.50 to $94.00

34.75

NO ALTERATIONS 25 West 38th St. NO EXCHANGES

B. Altman & Co.

Small Oriental Rugs

Antique, Semi-antique and Modern, are displayed in large assortments at moderate prices.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Arnold, Constable & Co

Mail Orders Promptly and Carefully Filled. Telephone Gramercy 5100

Holiday Gift Specials

Lounging and Bath Robes

A Most Acceptable Holiday Present

SILK HOUSE COATS—Velvets, matelasse and plain effects. All silk lined. Regularly $20.00 and $25.00 — 15.00 and 18.00

SMOKING AND LOUNGE COATS—Newest double faced wool materials. Silk cord trimmings. Regularly $6.00 to $15.00 — 4.50 to 12.00

SILK DRESSING GOWNS—Unusually fine grades of medium weights. Special values — 16.50 and 22.50

ENGLISH WOOL ROBES—Most comfortable and warm lounging robes. Silk trimming. Regularly $20.00 to $30.00 — 16.50 and 19.50

BLANKET BATH ROBES—Heavy and warm robes. All liberal sizes and neatly finished. Regularly $6.50 to $12.00 — 4.50 to 8.50

House Gowns and Robes

WOMEN'S BEACON BLANKET ROBES of superior quality; wide ribbon trimmed. Value $8.75 — 6.75

FRENCH FLANNEL ROBES—Hand made and embroidered; two models. Value $15.00 — 9.50

WOMEN'S JAPANESE SILK ROBES—Hand quilted, silk lined with contrasting shades. Value $10.00 — 5.95

JAPANESE SILK ROBES—Contrasting lining of silk, hand quilted and embroidered. Value $14.00 — 7.85

Motor Robes

EXTRA HEAVY PLUSH ROBES—An assortment of extra warm robes made especially to withstand most severe tests. All the standard colorings. Regularly $15.00 — 10.00

DOUBLE MOHAIR AND PLUSH ROBES—All with heavy, soft interlining and in regulation and large sizes. Colors green, blue, maroon, brown, black. Reg. $16.50 & $19.50 — 12.00, 13.50

Leather Goods

Choice Xmas Selections for Men and Women

HIGHEST GRADES OF NOVELTIES—Imported Sewing Baskets, Jewel Boxes, Writing Cabinets, Manicure Sets, Bottle and Toilet Cases. Also many novel pieces for the home and office. Values $7.50 to $9.50 — 6.50

IMPORTED NOVELTIES—Library Sets, Telephone and Memo Pads, Smokers' Sets, Jewel Boxes, Calendars and many clever and odd articles that are appropriate for Christmas gifts. Value $3.50 to $4.50 — 2.95

Women's Gloves

Best Grades for Xmas Gifts.

GLACE—20 button length; finest quality; white. Value $4.50 pair — 3.45

GLACE—16 button length; finest quality; in white, black and champagne. Value $3.50 pair — 2.85

GLACE—1 clasp; P K seams; in all white; also white with black stitching. Value $1.50 pair — 1.15

WASHABLE DOESKIN—12 button length; in white only. Value $2.50 pair — 1.95

Men's Gloves

Best Grades for Xmas Gifts

HEAVY WALKING GLOVES—In the new English tan. Pair — 1.50, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50

WHITE GLACE—For evening wear. Pair — 1.50, 2.00, 2.25

SUEDE GLOVES—In light, dark and medium gray. Pair — 1.75, 2.25

CHAMOIS—1 button, white and yellow. Value $2.00 pr. — 1.40

Real Lace Handkerchiefs

A Dainty Xmas Gift.

REAL VALENCIENNES—Regularly $1.95 to $5.50 each — 1.35 to 3.95

REAL DUCHESS—Regularly $1.95 to $6.25 each — 1.35 to 4.50

REAL LIMERICK—Regularly $7.50 to $18.00 ea. — 5.95 to 13.50

REAL CARRICK-MACROSS—Regularly $22.50 to $25.00 each — 14.50 to 19.75

Fitted Toilet Rolls and Cases

Exceptionally appropriate for Holiday Gifts for men or women.

OF VARIOUS FINE LEATHERS—All fitted with the most necessary articles for all kinds of travel or week-end uses. Regularly $4.50 to $15.00 — 3.50, 6.75, 9.00

Men's Neckwear

SILK KNITTED NECKWEAR—Finest grades of pure thread silk. Accordion stitch with newest cross stripe effects and two tone shades. Regularly $2.00 — 1.15

Men's Silk Hose

SILK HALF HOSE—Heavy quality and serviceable styles in black and plain colors. Silk embroidered clocks on sides. Regularly $1.25 Pair — 75c

Fur Muffs and Scarfs

Fine grades, special selections for Xmas Gifts

PERSIAN PAW SCARFS Values $5.00 to $20.00 — 3.00 to 14.00

PERSIAN PAW MUFFS Values $9.00 and $10.00 — 6.00 and 7.00

CARACUL SCARFS Values $9.00 and $12.00 — 6.00 and 8.00

CARACUL MUFFS Value $10.00 — 7.00

DYED SKUNK SETS Value $35.00 — 27.00

ALASKA SABLE SCARFS Values $35 to $110 — 25.00 to 80.00

ALASKA SABLE MUFFS Values $40 to $125 — 28.00 to 90.00

Men's and Women's Handkerchiefs

Special importations for holiday gifts—most attractive prices.

MEN'S INITIAL—Various styles. Special values Box of Six — 1.50, 2.25, 3.00

MEN'S HEMSTITCHED—⅛ and ¼ inch hems. Regularly $6.00 dozen — 4.75

WOMEN'S HEMSTITCHED—⅛ and ¼ inch hems. Reg. $2.25 and $3.00 dozen — 1.35, 1.75

WOMEN'S INITIAL—Plain White or in colors. Special value—Box of Six — 1.50, 3.00

Broadway & 19th Street

GIMBELS

Store Opens at 8:30 and Closes at 6

Without Reserve—Every One of Our

Men's London Overcoats

Hitherto $35 to $50, and More

Today $25

To be quite frank, we are "getting out from under."

Today's new price affects every one of our present stock of Men's Overcoats made for us by London tailors of highest standing.

Styles are those favored by the most smartly dressed men in two hemispheres.

The Coats have never been reduced in price before, and would not be now, or for another two months, if it were not for changed conditions after the first of the year.

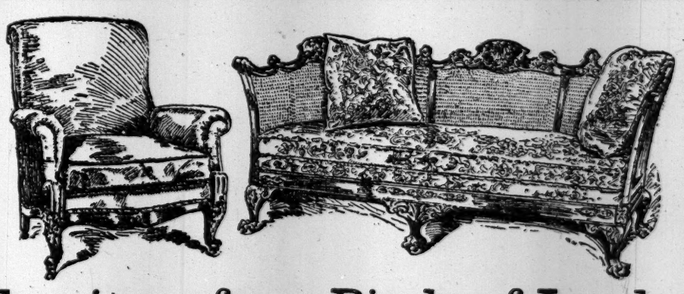
Included are:

London Box Coats *English Greatcoats* *Double-breasted Ulsters*
Fleece-lined Motor Coats *Lightweight Overcoats* *Raincoats*
English Raglans *Balmacaans*

Materials are Scotch and Irish Cheviots, Irish Homespuns, Robert's and Scotch Cheviots, English Chinchillas and Vicunas, in the Overcoats; and in the Raincoats, gabardines and other rainproof fabrics.

All the Overcoats are new this Winter, with the exception of about fifteen carried over from last season. Men who stop to think that this is one of the very finest stocks of English Overcoats in the city, will lose no time in making their choice at $25 each.

Fourth Floor



Furniture from Birch, of London

Our First Importation by "S. S. Minnewaska" Under the New 20% Lowered Tariff

On the Minnewaska, which arrived December 8th, came a few very fine pieces of Furniture from this noted London maker, which were produced especially for us.

They are designs for the living room or library, and are notable for their atmosphere of comfort, and their decided beauty.

In order that our prices on Imported Furniture, already in stock, shall not exceed those of these new arrivals, we have reduced other fine pieces proportionately.

There is a noble Mahogany Sofa in Chinese Chippendale, with cane back and softest of down cushions, at $450.

Another Sofa in English mahogany is deeply and delightfully upholstered in flowered cretonne, at $175.

Arm Chair and Settee in black Chinese lacquer, with antique cane seats, at $195.

An Arm Chair and Settee of satinwood in Hepplewhite decoration, at $250 for two pieces.

There is a group of luxurious Arm Chairs, covered in real English morocco, which will make the men who get them as Christmas gifts fit subjects for envy. $65 to $120. And a deep Club Settee at $205.

Seventh Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

Wilds Orientals

A rug is not a passing remembrance, from one Christmas to another.

The sentiment which it carries with it is a legacy of personal regard, always spread before the household fortunate enough to receive it. There is no better gift in the world than a Wild's Oriental.

Beautiful gift rugs at $18, $25, $50, $100 and $150.

JOSEPH WILD & Co.
Fifth Ave. and 35th St.
Largest Specialty Rug House in America

Living Over Again

his youthful enthusiasms, William Dean Howells visited Spain, and the result is a new book called "Familiar Spanish Travels." Howells wanders about the Spain of to-day, but back of it all is the history of its romantic past. If you ever heard that Howells was the "dean of American literature" do not let that make you think his new book is for the elect. It's a live, human book for you. And there's splendid humor in it, more than in the books which are called popular.

Here are the Books for Giving:

THE WAY HOME
By the Author of "The Inner Shrine" (Basil King)
THE PASSIONATE FRIENDS
By H. G. Wells
THE JUDGMENT HOUSE
By Sir Gilbert Parker
"PEANUT"
By Albert Bigelow Paine
THE IRON TRAIL
By Rex Beach
A CHANGED MAN
By Thomas Hardy
THE HOUSE OF HAPPINESS
By Kate Langley Bosher
THE CORYSTON FAMILY
By Mrs. Humphry Ward
PARTNERS
By Margaret Deland
THE DESIRED WOMAN
By Will N. Harben
THE GOLDEN RULE DOLLIVERS
By Margaret Cameron
THE MAIN ROAD
By Maude Radford Warren
JOE THE BOOK FARMER
By Garrard Harris
BOOK OF INDIAN BRAVES
By Kate Dickinson Sweetser
MARK TIDD
By Clarence B. Kelland
GULLIVER'S TRAVELS
New Illustrated Edition
THIRTY PIECES OF SILVER
By Clarence B. Kelland

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At any Book Store
Harper & Brothers

Porto Rico Coffee
100% Pure
has a distinctive flavor and aroma. To fully realize the delicious quality you should use it several days. Order a pound today.

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This Seal adopted by the Government
PORTO RICO ASSOCIATION GUARANTY
Guarantees every package

Huyler's
COCOA

The wholesome food value it contains gives one new energy for work or play. It is nourishing food-drink for the whole family.

Served at Huyler's 26 stores in Greater New York.

Huyler's Cocoa in 10c, 15c, 25c cans
At Your Grocer's

Let us give you a
RESINOL Shaving Stick
trial size, free. Enough for a score of soothing, refreshing shaves. Dept. 11-F, Resinol, Baltimore

THINK 'MOVIES' LED GIRL TO SHOOT MAN

Margaret Lima, Authorities Believe, Sought to Act Part of Picture Heroine.

HER VICTIM DOING WELL

She Is Melodramatic in Manner When Questioned—Is Unable to Find Hotel.

Margaret Lima, the fifteen-year-old girl who fired six shots at seventeen-year-old Meyer Simons in front of the New Star Theatre, 107th Street and Lexington Avenue, early on Saturday evening, was arraigned in the Children's Court yesterday before Justice Hoyt. Detective Kahn of the East 104th Street station accused her of felonious assault with intent to kill. No testimony was given before Justice Hoyt either by the girl or the detective. She was remanded to the care of the Children's Society for one week to await the outcome of the injuries of young Simons. It was said last night at the Harlem Hospital that Simons was getting along very well. Joseph Jaeger, 12 years old, of 171 East 107th Street, who was hit in the leg by one of the bullets which the girl fired, also was said to be doing nicely. Should Simons's injury prove fatal, however, the girl will face a charge of homicide.

Following her arraignment yesterday the girl was taken by Detective Kahn and Assistant Superintendent Pisarra of the Children's Society on a tour of the places which she alleges she visited with Simons. She has said that Simons flirted with her, that subsequently he took her to dinner, gave her drugged wine, and then took her to a Sixth Avenue hotel, where she awoke the following day to find that she had been deserted. After she realized that the young man was not going to return she says she pawned a diamond ring and used the money to buy food and rent a furnished room where she could live until she got work, because she was afraid to return home without the ring. A week ago she was found by the police on a bench in Stuyvesant Park. She was sent to Bellevue, where she told the doctors she had lost her memory.

The tour of yesterday was made with a view of verifying the girl's story concerning the restaurant, hotel, and rooming house. She fixed the situation of the first place, according to Assistant Superintendent Pisarra, at 342 Sixth Avenue and the third place at 136-142 East Seventeenth Street. According to Mr. Pisarra, Margaret could not find the hotel, so there was no opportunity to compare specimens of Simons's handwriting with the name written on the register.

At the rooming house on East Seventeenth Street the janitress told a reporter of THE NEW YORK TIMES last night that she recognized Margaret yesterday afternoon when she was brought there by the investigators as a girl she had first seen a week ago last Friday or Saturday. At that time the girl wanted to rent a furnished room and was directed to apply to a Mrs. Keenan on the ground floor, west. The girl had no luggage, said the janitress, nor was she accompanied by any man.

She told Mrs. Keenan that she was out of work and wished to stay there one or two nights until she obtained employment. Mrs. Keenan asked her if she did not have any relatives with whom she could stay, and the girl replied that she had an aunt, but that the aunt made her work hard. Mrs. Keenan finally consented to allow her to stay. She left a week ago yesterday morning and was not seen again until yesterday afternoon.

The authorities of the Children's Society are of the belief that the girl is mentally unbalanced from seeing too many cheap moving-picture shows. They said yesterday that she had a mania for films showing a girl avenging herself for wrongs, and that under the inspiration of the "movies" she determined to stage a drama of her own in order to obtain notoriety.

This belief is based on questioning Margaret yesterday by by Assistant Supt. Pisarra. While she was being questioned Margaret had a very melodramatic air. Her demeanor was described as that of a girl who was acting for a camera the rôle of a heroine.

"Why did you shoot this young man?" was one question.

"Because I'm a Sicilian girl and they always revenge themselves for their wrongs."

Similar questions and answers convinced the authorities of the society that the girl was actuated in the shooting by a desire to show that she was as good an actress as the heroine of the "movies."

TRIBELHORN GETS 25 DAYS IN JAIL

Realty Man Also Fined $500 for Leasing Apartments to Disorderly Persons.

FIRST CONVICTION IN YEARS

Court Scores Property Owners Who Hide Behind Renting Agents—Tribelhorn to Appeal.

Justice Collins in the Court of Special Sessions yesterday sentenced Ernest Tribelhorn, a well-known real estate man, to twenty-five days imprisonment and imposed a fine of $500 in addition. Tribelhorn was convicted of knowingly leasing apartments in the Robespierre Apartments, at Fiftieth Street and Broadway, to disorderly persons, and his conviction was the first of its kind obtained in many years.

The raids on the Robespierre were made by Inspector Dwyer and his men. When Tribelhorn was arrested he protested and caused the arrest of Inspector Dwyer. The case was postponed many times in the Magistrates' courts before it reached the Court of Special Sessions. A priest from St. Michael's Roman Catholic Church was one of the witnesses against Tribelhorn.

Assistant District Attorney Sullivan asked that severe punishment be meted out. Justices Collins, O'Keefe, and Fleming sat, and, after hearing from Tribelhorn's lawyer, Justice Collins said that the court considered the case to be a vital one. He pointed out that it concerned the public in a very direct way.

"It is important," said Justice Collins, "because there is no doubt that a large number of apartment houses are rented to women of dissolute character. We have come to the conclusion that a fine alone would not be adequate punishment in the case. Our reason for that is that what tempts people to do this thing is the accumulation of money insofar as rents and the profits are concerned, and it appears that there are unfortunately in our community persons who hold their heads high in social life, who may be described as the principals, who do business through real estate agents.

"Five hundred dollars would be the extent that the court could impose punishment as a fine, and if a fine only were imposed it would not be effectual as a restraint upon others of a similar nature, and it may be that the financial interest of those having the money invested in an interest is so great that they would be glad at any time to pay $500 for the privilege of going ahead.

"We appreciate the defendant is a business man of long standing in New York, a man of good antecedents, and having a large number of friends in the city, a man against whom a conviction of operating a disorderly resort acts as a stain."

Tribelhorn is President of the Tribelhorn Realty Company, which had charge of the renting of apartments in the Robespierre. It was said yesterday that an appeal would be taken.

TOWN MOURNS PRIEST.

3,000 Children Follow Coffin of Father O'Connor in Harrison.

A procession of 3,000 school children, the girls wearing mourning veils and the boys black bands about their arms, followed the coffin of Father Maurice P. O'Connor when it was carried yesterday from the rectory in Lodi Street, Harrison, N. J., to lie in state at the Church of the Holy Cross on Harrison Avenue. While the procession was in progress the children sang "Jerusalem, My Home."

After the body was placed in the Church it was viewed yesterday afternoon and last night by nearly 10,000 persons. Most of the business places in Harrison were draped with black yesterday in honor of Father O'Connor, who died on Friday. The public schools will be closed to-day, when the funeral takes place.

BONWIT TELLER & Co.

Place on Sale Today,
Their Entire Stock of

Women's Hudson Seal Coats

Regardless of Former Prices

This collection of Hudson Seal Coats is the finest Bonwit Teller & Co. has ever assembled. Made from the best grades of French dyed selected muskrat pelts. The entire stock is

Divided Into Four Groups

75.00 110.00 145.00 225.00

Formerly 95.00 to 375.00

Collars of Chinchilla-Squirrel, Fitch, Skunk, Ermine or of Self Fur.

45 to 52 inch long models in reproductions of the latest imported coats, showing the smart shirred back and other smart effects.

Extraordinary Special Value
Natural Skunk Sets
45.00
Toga Scarfs, 12.50 Large Muffs, 32.50

Scarfs	*Muffs*	*Scarfs*	*Muffs*
12.50	Civet Cat 18.50	19.50	P'nt'd Sitka Fox 24.50
7.50	Natural Raccoon 14.50	12.50	Hudson Seal 22.50
9.50	Black Fox 16.50	16.50	Fitch 39.50

Fifth Avenue at 38th Street

John Forsythe INC.

In Bankruptcy

To Adjust Matters the Entire Stock of

Highest Grade Men's Wear

Is Being Sold

At Great Reductions

A few selected items as follows:

25c and 50c Forsythe Collars *are* $2.00 a dozen
$1.00 and $1.50 Forsythe Scarfs *are* 65c
$3.00 and $3.50 Forsythe Shirts *are* $1.75
$1.50 and $2.00 Forsythe Gloves *are* $1.20
$3.50 Forsythe Dress Shirts *are* $1.65

We will buy back at your purchase price anything that is unsatisfactory.

Sale at One Store Only 201 Broadway, near Fulton St.

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UNIQUE IN ADVANCED BUSINESS ECONOMICS

UNPRECEDENTED SERVICE OFFERED TO EMPLOYERS

Competent examinations, according to strict Business Methods, are made of the Men and Women we supply for

EXECUTIVE, MANAGERIAL, TECHNICAL AND CLERICAL POSITIONS.

Negotiations are conducted confidentially. Phone or write for particulars.

It is important that you realize the scope and value of this organization.

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NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
Incorporated 1909 (Agency)
HUDSON TERMINAL BUILDING,
Phone 5836-5837-5838 Cortlandt. 30 Church Street, New York.

Tobey-Made Furniture

The Elegant Christmas Gift

From the large displays of suitable objects we suggest

JEWEL TABLES, $85—Remarkable specimens of rare woods and perfect cabinet work; lined with satinwood; gold plated hinge and lock. Tables in mahogany, tonquinwood, violetwood, etc.

TOBEY READING STAND, $25—A rather necessary addition to every library. Stand is very light and easy to move; extreme dimensions are 28 inches wide, 27¾ inches high and 12 inches deep. This piece is also made in oak.

HALL CLOCKS, $135 to $1050—Cases made of either oak or solid St. Jago Cuban mahogany and fitted with domestic movements or the finest English tubular chime movements.

GATE-LEG TABLE, $97—Probably the best reproduction of this famous table; made of solid St. Jago Cuban mahogany; top 48 x 18 inches when closed.

EARTHLY PARADISE CHAIR, $115—An absolute counterpart of the original Morris chair as designed and made by William Morris; loose cushions covered with Morris Utrecht Velvet.

SHERATON DESK CHAIR, $60—A copy of one of the rarest examples of Sheraton's work. The original of this chair was brought to this country in 1783.

DOLPHIN DESK, $385—One of the most roomy and comfortable desks; made of solid St. Jago Cuban mahogany. It has a number of secret compartments and is a piece of furniture with grace and dignity in every line; 4 feet wide.

LIBRARY READING LAMP, $60—Standard of mahogany, Adam design; silk shade trimmed with gold galloon and rose festoons.

The Tobey Furniture Company
Fifth Avenue at Fifty-third Street

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC

Exclusive Holiday Goods

AT PRICES NO HIGHER THAN CHARGED ELSEWHERE FOR THE ORDINARY KIND

Damask Tea Cloth,	$2.50
Dozen Lace Dollies,	$6.00
Lace Bureau Cover,	$7.50
Lace Centerpiece,	$10.50

538-540 FIFTH AVENUE, at 45th St.
308 FIFTH AVENUE, at 32nd St.

The BEHNING PLAYER PIANO

is first of all the equal of any piano made—is far superior to any player.

Every shade of expression known to the skilled pianist—tone coloring, delicate pianissimo, and sharpest crash effects are easily possible with the Behning. Measured by musical results the Behning is the greatest of all Player Pianos.

BEHNING PIANO CO.
425 Fifth Ave. 3 East 38th St.
Also L. Bamberger & Co., Newark, N. J.

KODAKS for Everyone

If ever there was a universal gift—one equally suitable for and acceptable to him or her—to big him or little him, big her or little her—certainly a Kodak answers the description. We have all the different models, at a broad range of prices.

J. W. & GEO. H. HAHN OPTICIANS
304 MADISON AVE., Below 42d St., N. Y.

Get Your Christmas Ingersoll at your Dealer's To-day.

NOT BACKING OUT!

William G. White

Haberdasher to New York's best set of men, for ten years foremost in this business, and leader of his contemporaries, IS RETIRING.

When first, 18 days ago, this intention was announced, the permanent interest that had always been taken in these seven big stores and their patrons was not realized.

It was half hoped that the statement made—"I want to retire"—would be cast aside as a jest and the business forced to continue. But the price bargains proved too big a temptation and now the stock is being sold out all too rapidly!

There will be no backing out, however. No better bargains have been offered since the retirement sale was announced. A few of

THE LEADERS

Scotch angora sweater-coats, belted and plain, with and without collars, for men or women. Sold at the Fifth Avenue shops at $20.00 and by us all fall at $15.00. Now are $5.00.

All our holiday umbrellas bought months ago to be sold from $5.00 to $15.00 each will now be sold at $2.85 to $5.35.

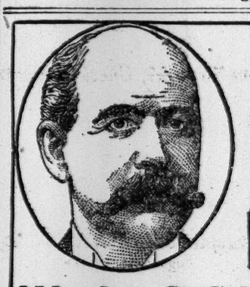
Heavy accordion knitted reefers (or mufflers) an indispensable dress requisite. Especially appropriate as a gift. Regular price $6.50, now at $3.50.

Gloves — cravats — shirts — hosiery — waistcoats — pajamas—suspenders—raincoats—jewelry—at reductions of from 35% to 50%.

William G. White

2 Wall St. — 25 Cortlandt St.
49 Nassau St. — 345 Broadway
847 Broad St., Newark — 3 West 42d St.
Broadway & 26th St.

Also controlling stores in other cities.



BEGAN BUSINESS IN 1876 ON $875 CAPITAL. NOW THE LARGEST MAKER OF $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES IN THE WORLD

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50, $4.00 & $4.50 SHOES

Over 150 styles, kinds and shapes, in all leathers, sizes and widths, to suit everybody.

$726,564 INCREASE
In the sale of W.L.Douglas shoes the past year.

CALL at my store and see for yourself the kind of shoes we are selling for $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50 which has made this large increase in business.

You will then be convinced that W. L. Douglas $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50 shoes are *absolutely* as good as other makes costing $5.00 to $7.00, the only difference is the price.

I call your especial attention to my low, broad heel, receding toe English Walking Boots in Tans, Gun Metal and Imported Patent. Also, my exclusive short vamp shoes which make the foot look smaller. W.L.Douglas conservative, comfortable shoes, which require no breaking-in, are worn the world over.

The best $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 Boys' Shoes in the world.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE! None genuine without W. L. Douglas name stamped on the bottom.

If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from factory. Shoes for every member of the family, at all prices, postage free. Write for Illustrated Catalog, showing you how to order by mail. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS STORES IN GREATER NEW YORK:

93 Nassau Street.
755 Broadway, corner 8th Street.
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1349 Broadway, corner 36th Street.
1465 Broadway (Times Square).
984 Third Avenue.
1452 Third Avenue.
2202 Third Avenue, corner 120th Street.
2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
345 Eighth Avenue.
665 Eighth Avenue.
250 West 125th Street.

BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, corner Pearl Street.
708-710 Broadway, corner Thornton St.
1367 Broadway, corner Gates Avenue.
478 Fifth Avenue, corner 11th Street.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.
JERSEY CITY—24 Newark Avenue.
NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
PATERSON—192 Market St., cor. Clark
TRENTON—101 E. State St., cor. Broad

Special

So many patrons responded yesterday to our Sunday Announcement of Furs at greatly reduced prices, that it is feared all were not properly served. To-day the large remaining stocks have been rearranged, making it possible to give prompt attention to every one. Almost all of the articles advertised on Sunday can still be obtained at the prices quoted. Sale will be continued during the week.

Revillon Frères
19 West 34th Street, New York.

TO PUT WORKHOUSE WOMEN ON A FARM

Reformative Work Not Possible Now, Says Probation Association.

CARE FOR FEEBLE-MINDED

No Law to Detain Them Exists and No Institution to House Them.

The New York Probation and Protective Association at the annual meeting held yesterday afternoon in the United Charities Building advocated the appropriation of an adequate sum to establish a farm colony to take the place of the women's department of the workhouse on Blackwell's Island. The association also urged that the State establish an institution for defective female delinquents and appropriate moneys for State institutions to enable them to provide accommodations for defectives who are now at large. These are advocated as the two most necessary and important steps in the direction of reformation and preventive work.

Supreme Court Justice Alfred R. Page, President of the association, in speaking of its work, said that the Judges of this city have shown their good opinion of it by utilizing the advantages offered by the association to an increasing extent. They have taken advantage of the mental and physical examinations and the investigations of the workers of the Probation Association, he said, and many girls have been sent by the courts to the association's Waverly Home.

"As a result of reports and recommendations in a number of these cases," he said, "girls convicted in the Court of General Sessions have been released on suspended sentence under the care of the association, committed to the New York State Reformatory for Women at Bedford, or sent to a custodial institution for feeble-minded girls. Such investigations and examinations are of great importance as a basis of disposition in cases of women offenders, and make possible the treatment of the individual according to her needs. One weakness in carrying out this method of work most successfully is the lack of a suitable custodial institution for defective delinquents, and of a law which makes it possible to detain feeble-minded women. Action should be taken at the next session of the Legislature to meet both of these needs.

"In place of the present Workhouse on Blackwell's Island, which is not reformative in character, there is need of a farm colony which will provide adequately for the girls and women who need institutional care but who cannot be committed to the State reformatories.

Improvement in the method of dealing with women offenders in New York City will be possible when the House of Detention for Women is erected. An appropriation of $450,000 for this building has been made during this year, and the plans are now being drawn."

The President's report said that from October, 1912, to September, 1913, 1,308 girls were under the care of the association, and of this number 347 girls were referred for employment only and 34 for advice. Girls were referred from eighty-four different sources, including courts, city departments, the Department of Justice, various philanthropic organizations, and individual workers. Thirty-five girls were sent to their homes in other cities. Medical care was given to 175 girls and employment was found for 437 girls.

"This association," President Page continued, "is not only concerned about helping delinquent girls; it is devoting much effort to protecting girls who are in great moral danger in order to prevent them from becoming delinquent, and is extending the educational work through the protective leagues.

"Girls' protective leagues have been organized to secure the help of girls in the moral protection of other girls. There are now over 1,200 girls banded together in twenty-two different leagues for this purpose. Responsibility is felt by members of leagues for other girls, for raising the tone of conversation in their factories and workshops, and for improving moral conditions about them."

Miss Maude E. Miner, Secretary, told of some of the pathetic cases that had come to the attention of the association. Dr. Richard C. Cabot, Chief of Staff of the Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, made an address.

SUES HUSBAND'S FAMILY.

Mrs. Hayward, Recent Bride, Asks $100,000 for Alienation of Spouse.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 15.—Mrs. Lester Hayward of this city began suit to-day in the Superior Court against her husband's father, Dr. Henderson Hayward, who is owner of the well-known hotel here bearing his name; her brother-in-law, Dr. Thomas Hayward, and her husband's sister, Mrs. Laura Ayers, for $100,000, alleging that they conspired to deprive her of his love, affection, and companionship.

The Haywards were married in Baltimore Oct. 15. Mrs. Hayward was formerly Mrs. Louise R. Hayes of Washington, and is a niece of Rear Admiral Nicholson, U. S. N.

5-HOUR RECORD FOR MOVIES

Reels Exposed in the Afternoon Are Exhibited at Night.

Only five hours elapsed yesterday between the exposure of the negative of a moving-picture reel and the exhibition of the completed pictures at the convention of the Motion Picture Exhibitors' Association of New York in the Hotel Imperial. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the delegate posed for a moving picture in the street, near the hotel, and at 7 o'clock the result was exhibited at the convention hall in Terrace Garden.

Three reels were taken in the afternoon, one of the delegates grouped in front of the hotel, one of them entering the building, and a third of the moving crowds at Broadway and Thirty-first Street. All these were shown last night, and then, according to the experts, a record of celerity was established.

Among the matter discussed yesterday by the convention were the ventilation of theatres, better fire prevention, a higher grade of pictures, and uniform State laws for the moving-picture business. James G. Wallace, Jr., Chief of the Bureau of Licenses, and Samuel Martin, his Chief Inspector, were guests at the convention's luncheon.

UNCONSCIOUS 48 HOURS.

Doctors Cannot Find Cause of Young Man's Condition.

PASSAIC, Dec. 15.—Physicians of St. Mary's Hospital are puzzled by a patient who has been unconscious for forty-eight hours. All efforts to revive him or find out the cause of his condition have proved unsuccessful.

The man was found on the sidewalk on Saturday. He was unconscious, and an ambulance surgeon brought him to the hospital. Ever since then the doctors have worked over him.

The man is about 30 years old, is well dressed, and has the appearance of a clerk. There was nothing in the clothing by which he could be identified.

PLAY TENNIS UNDER ROOF.

Payne Whitneys Prepare to Enjoy Summer Sport in Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Payne Whitney will not have to go further south for tennis this year than Manhasset, L. I., for workmen there are rapidly bringing to completion a three-story annex to their home, Greentree, which will have a huge glass-walled, well-heated tennis court.

This will be on the second floor of the annex, which is 275 by 150 feet. The first floor is being arranged for guest rooms. The addition to Greentree should be ready for use some time in January.

On Sale in the Young Men's Clothing Dep't—Third Floor

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th Street, New York

Extraordinary Sale of

Men's Fur-Lined Coats

At an Average Reduction of 50 Per Cent.

All Sizes from 36 to 44, Chest Measure

70 Men's Coats, lined with genuine muskrat and Russian marmot; collar of Persian lamb; covering of fine black broadcloth. *Regularly 60.00 and 75.00* — **28.00**

55 Men's Coats, lined with genuine northern Susliki; collar of Persian lamb; covering of broadcloth. *Regularly 95.00* — **48.00**

60 Men's Coats, lined with imported Japanese mink and finest northern muskrat; collar of Persian lamb; covering of imported English broadcloth. Also motor coats of genuine raccoon, with the fur outside. *Regularly 110.00* — **58.00**

On Sale Tuesday and Wednesday, December Sixteenth and Seventeenth

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th Street

Offer Exceptional Values in

Young Men's Clothing

Also Suitable for Men of Medium Size

Smart Overcoats

Sizes 33 to 40, chest

The new close-fitting, double-breasted model, of imported vicuna, in Oxford gray, navy blue and brown, with velvet collar.

Also a swagger belted-back model of plaid-back English overcoating.

25.00 Value — **15.50**

Young Men's Suits

Sizes 32 to 40, chest

Latest models, of imported fabrics, in single and double-stripe effects, overplaids and mixtures, with narrow shoulders; soft-rolling lapels.

22.50 Value — **15.00**

Special Sale of Young Men's Suits

Sizes 32 to 40, chest measure

Three and four-button, single-breasted models, of excellent quality cassimeres, in a variety of attractive stripes, checks and mixtures, in latest patterns. *18.50 Value* — **12.50**

On Sale Tuesday, December 16

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

On Sale Tuesday, December 16

A SALE of High Class FURS

FOR WOMEN

In such Splendid Variety at such Extensive Price-Range as to make this a Very Remarkable Event

Prices 1/3 Less Than Usual

(And Macy's Usual Prices Are Lowest-in-the-City, Quality for Quality)

Never before has it been possible for Macy's, or any other Store, to hold such a Sale at this time of year, RIGHT AT THE THRESHOLD OF CHRISTMAS, and provide SAVINGS OF ONE-THIRD from already Lowest-in-the-City prices.

The long-delayed Winter weather explains the situation. It created trade conditions that only Macy's could cope with so as to turn them into an event of advantage and magnitude, providing many thousands of dollars' savings for customers, and

RIGHT IN TIME FOR CHRISTMAS GIFTS

You will find the most remarkable savings of the season; a very great variety of Furs and of styles, and a price-range to meet the wishes of everyone.

Large Corps of Special Salespeople

The Furs Will Be Shown in a Specially Arranged, Very Large and Convenient Space on the FOURTH FLOOR. 34th St.

Take Escalators at about the Centre of the Broadway front, Main Floor, direct to the Section. Also all elevators and stairways, direct.

A PARTIAL LIST of the FURS and the SAVINGS:

COATS

	Macy's Usual Price.	Special Sale Price.
BABY CARACUL COAT, Ermine trimmed.	$449.00	$296.00
PERSIAN COAT, Ermine trimmed.	$524.00	$349.00
PERSIAN COAT,	$359.00	$239.00
BABY CARACUL COAT, Ermine trimmed.	$594.00	$396.00
BABY CARACUL COAT, Trimmed.	$374.00	$249.00
B'TAIL COAT, Pointed Fox trimmed	$694.00	$449.00
SCOTCH MOLE COAT,	$449.00	$296.00
" " " Ermine trimmed.	$296.00	$196.00
SCOTCH MOLE COAT, Skunk trimmed.	$409.00	$234.00
HUDSON SEAL COAT, (Seal Dyed Muskrat) trimmed.	$296.00	$196.00
HUDSON SEAL COAT, (Dyed Rat) trimmed.	$374.00	$249.00
HUDSON SEAL COAT, (Dyed Muskrat) Ermine trimmed.	$279.00	$184.00
HUDSON SEAL COAT, Ermine trimmed.	$224.00	$149.00
HUDSON SEAL COAT, (Dyed Muskrat)	$189.00	$127.00
HUDSON SEAL COAT, (Dyed Muskrat)	$159.00	$104.00
BROADTAIL COATS,	$714.00	$474.00
" "	$389.00	$259.00
MOIRE CARACUL COATS,	$264.00	$174.00
" " "	$179.00	$119.00
" " "	$124.00	$79.75
WHITE CARACUL COATS,	$139.00	$94.75
NATURAL HAIR SEAL COATS,	$184.00	$114.00
FRENCH SEAL COATS, (Dyed Coney) trimmed.	$129.00	$79.75
FRENCH SEAL COATS, Contrasting collars.	$98.75	$62.75
MOIRE PONY COATS, Contrasting fur trimming.	$119.00	$79.75
MOIRE PONY COATS, Contrasting fur trimming.	$69.75	$42.75
MOIRE PONY COATS, Contrasting fur trimming.	$59.75	$36.75
NATURAL PONY COATS, Contrasting fur trimming.	$74.75	$49.75

MUFFS AND NECK PIECES

	Macy's Usual Price.	Special Sale Price.
BROADTAIL,		
Scarfs,	$69.75	$44.75
Muffs,	$149.00	$98.75
Scarfs,	$98.75	$65.75
Muffs,	$196.00	$134.00
PERSIAN LAMB,		
Scarfs,	$49.75	$31.75
Muffs,	$44.75	$26.75
Scarfs,	$59.75	$39.75
Muffs,	$98.75	$64.75
ERMINE,		
Scarfs,	$44.75	$27.75
Muffs,	$98.75	$67.75
Scarfs,	$98.75	$64.75
Muffs,	$149.00	$98.75
CIVET CAT,		
Scarfs,	$19.74	$11.74
Muffs,	$27.75	$17.74
Scarfs,	$26.75	$16.74
Muffs,	$34.75	$20.74
BLACK FOX,		
Scarfs,	$34.75	$20.74
Muffs,	$25.75	$17.74
Scarfs,	$45.75	$29.75
Muffs,	$59.75	$39.75
NATURAL RED FOX,		
Scarfs,	$36.75	$23.74
Muffs,	$34.75	$21.74
Scarfs,	$56.75	$34.75
Muffs,	$59.75	$36.75
AMBER (YELLOW) FOX,		
Scarfs,	$74.75	$49.75
Muffs,	$79.75	$54.75
Scarfs,	$79.75	$52.75
Muffs,	$98.75	$64.75
WHITE FOX,		
Scarfs,	$39.75	$25.75
Muffs,	$69.75	$41.75
Scarfs,	$74.75	$49.75
Muffs,	$98.75	$65.75
POINTED SILVERED FOX,		
Scarfs,	$89.75	$56.75
Muffs,	$114.00	$71.75
Scarfs,	$149.00	$98.75
Muffs,	$169.00	$114.00
POINTED SITKA FOX,		
Scarfs,	$44.75	$26.75
Muffs,	$44.75	$29.75
Scarfs,	$69.75	$44.75
Muffs,	$74.75	$49.75
Scarfs,	$98.75	$64.75
Muffs,	$119.00	$79.75
GERMAN FITCH,		
Scarfs,	$33.75	$22.74
Muffs,	$79.75	$52.75

MUFFS AND NECK PIECES

	Macy's Usual Price.	Special Sale Price.
RUSSIAN FITCH,		
Scarfs,	$27.75	$17.74
Muffs,	$57.75	$33.75
Scarfs,	$44.75	$29.75
Muffs,	$79.75	$54.75
BLACK LYNX,		
Scarfs,	$59.75	$36.75
Muffs,	$69.75	$46.75
Scarfs,	$98.75	$64.75
Muffs,	$114.00	$69.75
NATURAL MINK,		
Scarfs,	$34.75	$20.74
Muffs,	$74.75	$49.75
Scarfs,	$79.75	$55.75
Muffs,	$119.00	$69.75
Scarfs,	$139.00	$89.75
Muffs,	$149.00	$98.75
SCOTCH MOLE,		
Scarfs,	$17.74	$11.74
Muffs,	$33.75	$22.74
Scarfs,	$33.75	$21.74
Muffs,	$59.75	$39.75
SKUNK DYED RACCOON,		
Scarfs,	$21.74	$14.74
Muffs,	$25.75	$16.74
Scarfs,	$39.75	$24.74
Muffs,	$44.75	$27.75
NATURAL RACCOON,		
Scarfs,	$21.74	$14.74
Muffs,	$33.75	$22.74
Scarfs,	$39.75	$24.74
Muffs,	$45.75	$32.75
NATURAL HUDSON BAY SABLE,		
Scarfs,	$49.75	$33.75
Muffs,	$196.00	$132.00
Scarfs,	$98.75	$69.75
Muffs,	$249.00	$164.00
NATURAL SKUNK,		
Scarfs,	$26.75	$16.74
Muffs,	$59.75	$34.75
Scarfs,	$42.75	$27.75
Muffs,	$79.75	$54.75
Scarfs,	$59.75	$37.75
Muffs,	$98.75	$74.75
HUDSON SEAL (Dyed Muskrat),		
Scarfs,	$18.74	$11.74
Muffs,	$42.75	$26.75
Scarfs,	$32.75	$21.74
Muffs,	$59.75	$39.75
MOLE & ERMINE SCARF,	$89.75	$59.75
" " " MUFF,	$98.75	$64.75
TAUPE FOX SCARF,	$89.75	$59.75
" " MUFF,	$98.75	$64.75
SLATE " SCARF,	$45.75	$29.75
" " MUFF,	$74.75	$49.75

READERS OF THIS ANNOUNCEMENT are advised that the above is only a PARTIAL List. Scores more of Coats, Sets, Muffs and Pieces at proportionate savings—none less than one-third. THOSE WHO COME EARLIEST will have the fullest variety from which to select, and yet, the stock is so large, the variety so great, and the price range so extensive, that there will be thoroughly satisfactory choosing for those who come later.

SPECIAL FUR SALE SECTION, FOURTH FLOOR, B'WAY, 34TH ST.

R. H. Macy & Co.

A&F Co.

The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

The Spirit of Christmas Sports

As the world is getting out its Christmas playthings—

And you *are puzzled* about the gifts *you* are going to give—

Imagine running headlong into *a thousand brand new Christmas suggestions*—

Each with a London, or a Parisian, or a Viennese, or a Berlinese air of individuality—

Things with the zest of sporty personal use, that you have never seen in shops before—

And other things from that throne land of Winter sports, the Swiss Alps—

Article after article for every member of the family that stir your blood and your imagination—

And you shop, exhilarated by this contagion of sport, with big bull buffalo, Rocky Mountain sheep, antlered moose and the red stag of England looking down on you—

Wouldn't it give that Christmas gift ennui a jar?

That's a BRIEF PICTURE of the Abercrombie & Fitch Co. store these days—and a hearty invitation is extended you to partake of its crisp Christmas atmosphere.

Abercrombie & Fitch Christmas Gifts

A few suggestion only from an inexhaustible list—whether you want to spend $1, $10 or $100.

Flemish Musical Hat Hooks
St. Moritz Bob Sleds
Viennese Cigarette Boxes
Genuine Swiss Skis
Monte Carlo Game Tables
Imported Bottles and Flasks
Boy Scouts' Outfits
Handsome Imported Sweaters
Musical Clothes Brushes
European Wrist Watches
Moccasins of Every Kind
Rifles and Shotguns
Newest Fitted Travel Cases
Imported Luncheon Kits
Parisian Dog Collars
A. & F. Co. Fishing Tackle
Swiss Candle Lanters
Electric Light Walking Sticks
Mackinaw Coats
Games and Game Chests
Sport & Rough Weather Shoes
Women's Tweed Suits
Shooting and Golf Waistcoats
A. & F. Golf Goods
Gloves for All Sports
Women's Winter Sport Hats
Imported Ammunition Cases
London's Latest Leather Goods
Shooting Seat Canes
Cigar Chests and Tables
Hockey and Racing Skates
Poker and Bridge Tables
Attache Writing Cases
Chateau Escritoires
Swiss Ruck Sacks
Hunting and Pocket Knives
Unusual Imported Cameras
French Limousine Cases
Bachelors' Housemaids

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.
Ezra H. Fitch, President.
53-57 West 36th St., New York.

HOTEL GUEST DIES IN 8-STORY FALL

Well-Known Michigan Lawyer Found Lifeless Beneath His Window by His Son.

NOT SUICIDE, SAYS FRIEND

Believes Devere Hall Lost His Balance When He Suffered a Heart Attack.

Devere Hall, one of the best known attorneys of the Michigan bar and for many years prominent in Michigan politics, either jumped or fell from the window of his room on the ninth floor of the Hotel Marie Antoinette, Broadway and Sixty-seventh Street, late Sunday night or early yesterday morning. His body was found on an extension eight stories below by his son yesterday morning.

Mr. Hall, who was father-in-law of R. O. Woodruff, a Congressman from Michigan, came to New York from his home in Bay City, Mich., a week ago. He was accompanied by his son, Ray Hall, who is about 22 years old. The father was being treated by Dr. E. C. Spitzka of 66 East Seventy-third Street for a nervous disease. The son took rooms in Seventy-third Street.

About 8 o'clock yesterday morning young Hall called at the hotel to see his father. He went up to his room, which was No. 923, but did not find his father there. The door of the room was unlocked, and the bed had not been slept in. The fact that the window of the room was wide open did not cause the son any uneasiness because he knew that his father was very fond of fresh air. Young Hall descended to the lobby of the hotel and looked around for his father. Failing to find him, he returned to the room on the ninth floor and peered out of the window. Eight stories below, on the roof of a one-story extension of the hotel, he saw the body of his father.

The son hurried to the desk, where he notified the hotel authorities. Michael J. Dunphy, the hotel detective, immediately went to the West Sixty-eighth Street Police Station and returned to the hotel with Policeman McLoughlin. Coroner Feinberg was also notified. The body will be shipped to Bay City for burial.

Dr. Royal S. Copeland, an eye specialist of 58 Central Park West, and a friend of Mr. Hall for twenty-five years, learned what had happened from the son. He hastened to the hotel, where he examined the body, and said that Mr. Hall had been dead for some hours.

According to the report on the blotter of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station yesterday, which was made by Policeman McLoughlin, Mr. Hall "either jumped or fell" from the window. The police would not say that the attorney had committed suicide, although such was the first theory advanced yesterday, because it was known that Mr. Hall had been depressed for some time on account of his poor health.

On the other hand, Dr. Copeland said yesterday that his friend was not a man who would think of taking his own life.

"Mr. Hall was overworked last Spring," said Dr. Copeland, "and I informed him that what he needed was a complete rest. He promised me that he would take a rest; but it is plain, however, that he tried to accomplish certain work that was pressing, and as a result taxed his nervous system to a great extent. He came to New York for medical attention.

"I talked with him over the long-distance telephone from Washington on Sunday night and I found him very cheerful and not at all depressed. He made an appointment with me and told me of some work he would resume after he had fully recovered from his attack of nervousness.

"It is evident, in my opinion, that he was sitting by his open window, probably soon after he talked with me, and was preparing for bed, when his heart, which was known to be weak, went back on him, and, losing his balance, he fell out of the window. When found he was in his undershirt and trousers and had one shoe off, which was found near his body. I think that perhaps the exertion of bending over as he sat by the window to take off his shoe, which may have slipped off his foot suddenly, caused him to lose his balance and fall out. Had he jumped out of the window as early reports had it, he would have fallen several feet away from the wall, but as it was, he fell straight down."

Mr. Hall was 60 years old.

BAY CITY, Mich., Dec. 15.—Devere Hall, whose death was reported in New York to-day, sustained a nervous breakdown last August from which he never recovered. With his son, he left here a week ago to consult a New York specialist. He is survived by a widow, three sons, and a daughter. He was regarded as one of the State's leading corporation lawyers.

HAAN SENT AIGRETTE BACK.

He Stayed Destroying Hand of Customs Man—Kink in the Law.

Although women arriving from abroad are not permitted to bring aigrettes into the country, they are not compelled to submit to the destruction of their plumes by customs authorities, according to a story told yesterday by R. M. Haan, proprietor of the St. Regis Hotel. Mr. Haan said that when his wife arrived from Europe in October wearing an aigrette a customs official seized it, and, as is usual, was on the point of cutting it up when Mr. Haan interfered.

Mr. Haan said he told the Inspector that if he were not permitted to import the aigrette he at least should be permitted to return it to Europe. The question was referred to the Collector of the Port, who decided that Mr. Haan was right, and gave instructions to mail the aigrette according to the owner's directions.

Mr. Haan paid the postage of 33 cents, and the plume was sent to his daughter in Budapest. Mr. Haan said yesterday that he believed many persons had permitted the destruction of aigrettes, not knowing that they could be sent to Europe.

OHIO SOCIETY TO DINE.

Secretary of War and Col. Goethals Will Talk About Canal.

The Panama Canal, its possibilities and its problems will be the subject of discourse when the twenty-eighth annual dinner of the Ohio Society of New York is held next Saturday night at the Waldorf, and for the occasion, the guests of honor will be Secretary of War Garrison and Col. Goethals. There will be talk of expanding trade between this country and Latin America and Australia, of the effect of the canal upon transcontinental transportation and of the enlargement of the powers of the navy through the ready access of the Atlantic Fleet to the Pacific Fleet.

Charles D. Hilles is Chairman of the Dinner Committee, and among the committeemen are John D. Archbold, Wade Ellis, F. H. Hitchcock, Colgate Hoyt, Raymond C. Penfield, George W. Perkins, Ralph Peters, Erman J. Ridgway, Albert Shaw, and Henry W. Taft.

THINK PICKPOCKETS STARTED THIS FIRE

Tenants of a Lenox Avenue Apartment House Robbed as They Ran Down the Stairs.

YOUNG MEN JOSTLED THEM

Their Pocketbooks Disappear in the Scuffle—Elderly Colored Man Rescues Women.

Persons who made their way down the stairs of the American, a six-story apartment house on the southwest corner of 117th Street and Lenox Avenue, when it was afire on Sunday night, asserted that a gang of pickpockets was in the building when the fire was discovered or entered shortly afterward, and that several of the tenants in the thirty-two apartments in the building were robbed while they were going down the stairs.

The fire occurred in the women's tailor shop of Jacob Cohen on the first floor. Cohen and his wife left at 2:30 in the afternoon to visit their relatives in Brooklyn, and the fire occurred five hours after they had gone. Mr. Cohen said yesterday that there was no possible way in which the fire could have started of itself in his apartment, and that he believes somebody broke into his place and kindled it.

When the fire got under way the smoke came up the air court and elevator shaft, frightening the tenants all through the building. There was a general rush for the elevators. The operator, George Gerkin, an elderly colored man, went to the top floor first, and would only receive women and children, ordering the men to go down by the stairs. He made trip after trip to each of the upper floors, taking down the women and children.

In the meantime, the men rushing down the stairs encountered a number of young men who were forcing their way up. Most of the struggle and confusion took place on the steps between the second and third floors, and the blockade of the stairway at that point nearly caused a panic.

The Fire Department confined the blaze to the tailor shop, in which most of the furniture and stock, worth $2,500 altogether, was destroyed. The police from the West 125th Street Station kept order in the street.

After the excitement a number of those who were in the rush downstairs found that their pockets had been picked. Louis Hochstadter of 73 Manhattan Street, who was visiting relatives on the fifth floor, found that a pocketbook containing $100 had been lifted from his hip pocket. E. Abramson, a tenant on the fourth floor, was robbed of a pocketbook containing $55. When the staircases were searched to see if the pocketbooks had been merely lost, four, torn open and empty, were found on the landings.

FOUNDED 1856

BROKAW BROTHERS

MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS

When you wear our clothes you wear the clothes that since 1856 have been and to-day are the recognized standard in New York garments. No other clothes containing the merits possessed by ours ever have been sold at the same attractive price.

Sack Suits $18 to $50
Winter Overcoats $18 to $75

Astor Place & Fourth Avenue
ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY — SUBWAY AT DOOR

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Going up—the number of Fords in world-wide service. Going down—the cost of motor car transportation. More than three hundred fifty-five thousand Fords now in use are keeping transportation cost at a minimum the world over.

Five hundred dollars is the new price of the Ford runabout; the touring car is five fifty; the town car seven fifty—f. o. b. Detroit, complete with equipment. Get catalog and particulars from Ford Motor Company, 1,723 Broadway; also Jackson Avenue and Honeywell Street, Long Island City.

The End of Her Honeymoon
By Mrs. Belloc Lowndes

Acclaimed by reviewers the most exciting and baffling mystery story in years. "Like a bolt from the blue," says the N. Y. Times, "came the denouement. If the reader has enough self-control to refrain from a peep at the closing pages, it will be to him as great a surprise as to the astounded seekers for the lost man."

The End of Her Honeymoon
By Mrs. Belloc Lowndes

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BROOKLYN DEAL FOR TINKER REPUDIATED---ROWING---SQUASH---FENCING---BOXING

DEAL FOR SALE OF TINKER REPUDIATED

Directors of the Cincinnati Club Disapprove President Herrmann's Action.

REDS WANT TWO PLAYERS

Brooklyn Club to Fight for Famous Shortstop—Deal Was Proper, Says President Ebbets.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 15.—The Board of Directors of the Cincinnati Baseball Club to-day refused to ratify August Herrmann's sale of Joe Tinker to Brooklyn for $25,000.

Immediately after this decision was reached President Herrmann sent a telegram to President Ebbets of the Brooklyn Club, telling him that the deal, in so far as cash alone was concerned, was off, but that another deal, that would include Yingling or Ragon and Moran or Stengel with a cash consideration might be considered.

Herrmann made a private agreement with Ebbets last Friday evening at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York, which allowed Brooklyn to have Tinker for $25,000 in cash, with the understanding that the Cincinnati Club should give Tinker $10,000 for signing with Brooklyn.

The telegram from President Herrmann to President Ebbets read as follows:

"The Board of Directors absolutely disapproves of the agreement to sell Tinker for cash. If you can make a deal with Tinker to play with Brooklyn, submit to us a proposition which will include either Pitcher Yingling or Ragon or Outfielders Moran or Stengel, with cash equivalent for difference."

President Herrmann, when informed that President Ebbets of the Brooklyn Club considered Tinker the property of the Brooklyn Club, regardless of whatever action the Board of Directors of the Cincinnati Club had taken, said:

"I will have nothing to say on the subject until I hear personally from Ebbets."

When asked if there was any set rule of the National League that would govern the case, Mr. Herrmann said he did not know of any.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Both Joe Tinker, deposed manager of the Cincinnati National League Baseball Club, and Charles W. Murphy, President of the Chicago Club, expressed the belief to-night that the outcome of the failure of the Directors of the Cincinnati Club to ratify Tinker's sale to Brooklyn would be to send Tinker to Chicago next year.

Murphy to-night mailed August Herrmann, President of the Cincinnati Club, a list of five reserve Chicago players while he is willing to offer in trade for Tinker.

"I want Tinker for our club, and now that I am in a position to bid for him," he said, "I will do my utmost to get him."

"I will do all I can to swing the deal to Chicago," said Tinker. "I am going to demand that the Cincinnati Club give Murphy a chance to bid for my services

The muddle over the service of Joseph Faversham Tinker is very apt to cause a big and long drawn-out fight in National League affairs. President Ebbets insists that Herrmann had the right to make the agreement as President of the club, just as he has the right to sign all official documents of the club. Ebbets says he will fight the case and insist on Cincinnati living up to the contract. The Brooklyn Club's President says that he will not be made the laughing stock of the baseball world.

The now famous $25,000 deal was made on Friday evening in the Waldorf-Astoria. It was made in the presence of Barney Dreyfuss and George F. Kerr as witnesses, who signed the paper, with a number of newspaper men looking on. For four days Ebbets had talked to Herrmann about buying Tinker. Herrmann did not want to sell, but was willing to consider a proposition by which he could get some players in return for Tinker. Ebbets and the two Brooklyn Directors, the McKeever brothers, would listen to no deal where any players were involved. They said they needed all the players they had.

On Thursday, the last day of the National League meeting, the deal was practically declared off by both parties. On Friday, the gossip of the deal was revived, until it became a joke up and down Peacock Alley. In the early evening, many of the baseball men were seated about tables in the café of the Waldorf-Astoria, celebrating the successful session of the league and the election of President John K. Tener. At this time Herrmann told Ebbets that he had been bluffing about the deal all along and was just looking for cheap advertising. Ebbets stated that he had never bluffed in his life, and he was willing to go through with the proposition right then and there.

George F. Kerr got paper and a fountain pen and the agreement was drawn up and signed. Everybody was happy that the deal had been arranged, for it was the biggest single purchase of a ballplayer in the history of baseball. Then there was more celebrating and the glad tidings were sent out for the world to read about. It was a happy occasion. Ebbets said that the purchase of Tinker meant the difference between a second and a first division club. Out of the goodness of Herrmann's heart he consented in the agreement to give Tinker a bonus of $10,000, something quite unheard of in baseball. For Joe Tinker it would be like finding $10,000 in his stocking on Christmas morning.

Herrmann was the happiest one of the whole party. He was glad that he had got rid of the deposed manager, and the question as to whether the Directors would approve of his generosity never entered his head. But when he returned to Cincinnati he got a reception which he did not relish, for the first thing the Directors did was to repudiate the deal.

On Friday, at the Waldorf, there was an inkling that this very thing would happen when Harry Stephens, Secretary of the club and representative of the Fleischmann interests in the club, tried to tell Herrmann that the club would not consider a cash deal, but wanted and must have players in return for Tinker.

Thereupon Herrmann said to Stephens: "Who's President of this club, you or I?" Stephens said no more.

The case has no precedent in baseball and just what the outcome will be is problematical. Secretary Heydler of the National League says he would not venture an opinion on the matter as a similar case has never come up before. It seems to be a squabble for the two clubs to settle between themselves. Although Ebbets says that the matter is one for the National League Directors to decide, many baseball men do not agree with him.

Anyway, the Brooklyn Club is going to fight for its rights in the matter. It has the written agreement with Herrmann for the sale of Tinker which was duly signed in the Waldorf Café in the presence of witnesses. If the league cannot settle it, Brooklyn will carry it to the National Commission probably, but it is difficult to see where they have any jurisdiction in the matter. Brooklyn is so worked up over the Cincinnati Club's repudiation of the deal that they will probably carry it to the civil courts if necessary and the start of President John K. Tener's régime in the National League will not be quite as smooth as everybody thought last Friday night, when the celebrating was in full swing.

While it is generally understood that the President of a National League Club had full authority to transact business over his signature, baseball men think it likely that there may be something in the by-laws of the Cincinnati Club which necessitates that the Board of Directors pass on all the official actions of the President. If this is the case, it will complicate matters considerably in the Tinker sale.

The Cincinnati Directors want a pitcher and an outfielder from Brooklyn and the balance in cash. They want either Pitcher Yingling or Ragon and either Outfielder Stengel or Moran. Brooklyn will never consent to let any one of these men go. Ebbets says so.

Concerning the duties of the Cincinnati Club should give Tinker $10,000 for signing with Brooklyn, Ebbets said: "In good faith, I made this agreement with the regular representative of the Cincinnati Club. Mr. Herrmann had the same right and power to make the deal for Cincinnati as I did for Brooklyn. It was made just the same as any deal of this kind is ever made. I consider the transaction closed. The Brooklyn Club could not, even if a new deal would net them $25,000, consent to a cancellation of this deal. If the Cincinnati Club insists on carrying it to higher authority, I consider that it is a case for the Board of Directors of the National League to settle.

"No action of the Directors of the Cincinnati Club can rescind the sale of Tinker to Brooklyn," continued Mr. Ebbets, "and I consider Tinker as much a member of the club as Daubert, Wheat, Rucker or Robinson. The contract drawn up between Mr. Herrmann and myself is just as binding on one club as the other. Do you suppose the Brooklyn club having agreed to pay $25,000 for Tinker would be permitted to back out by the Cincinnati Directors if we decided after consideration that the price was too high?

"Tinker is the property of the Brooklyn Club at this moment and if he decides to play in 1914 will wear a Brooklyn uniform. I know that we will have no trouble in making his berth with us a pleasant one and that he will be perfectly satisfied. We have nothing to do with the action of the Cincinnati Club Directors for I did business with Herrmann as President of the club, who had the legal right to dispose of Tinker.

"Having announced Tinker's acquisition to Brooklyn fans I do not propose to be made a laughing stock of the baseball world."

The New York National Club has released first baseman Monte Phyle to the Chattanooga club, which is managed by Harry McCormack. Phyle has had quite a checkered career since he joined the Giants. He went to Marlin to train a few seasons ago and then jumped to an outlaw league on the Pacific Coast. He was blacklisted and was only recently re-instated by the National Commission.

There has been much talk of trading pitcher Russell Ford of the Yankees for one of the Cleveland pitchers and it Manager Chance can make the deal he is looking for, the moist-ball pitcher will not be with the Yanks next season. A few seasons ago, Ford was looked upon as one of the best boxmen in the American League, but his work for the last two seasons has not been up to the standard. It is believed that he could do better work with another club.

Ed. Konetchy is not pleased at being traded to Pittsburgh. Konetchy had been led to believe for some time by Manager Huggins that he would be traded to the Giants. "I had my mind set on going to New York," says "Koney." "And I want some time to think it over, before I consent to go to Pittsburgh." Konetchy has received a flattering offer from the Federal outlaw league which he is considering. They have offered him $10,000 a year for three years. If "Koney" accepts the offer several of the other Cardinal players are likely to go with him.

John Hummel, the veteran utility player of the Brooklyns, may go to Newark as first baseman next season. It is planned to turn Swacina, loose and President Ebbets of Brooklyn, who also controls the Newark Club, is prompted to let Manager Harry Smith have either Hummel or infielder Kirkpatrick next season.

BASEBALL'S DEATH TOLL.

Fifteen Players, All Unskilled in Sport, Killed in 1913.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Fifteen deaths constituted the toll in baseball games during the 1913 season, according to figures compiled and published here to-day. The report shows that the greatest death toll was in Chicago, where three persons were killed by pitched balls.

Twelve of the victims were killed by being hit in the head by the ball direct from the hand of the pitcher. Five others were responsible for the other three deaths. The report points out that all of the players killed were unskilled in the game and that none of the major league players received fatal injuries. Following is a list of the fatalities:

May 18, H. Parreto, Chicago; 23, V. Faught, Cozad, Neb.; 26, J. Brushkeitz, Baltimore, and 30, F. Greenwald, Holland, N. Y.

June 1, C. Brown, Chicago; 2, W. Wiggins, Kearney, N. J., and J. Smith, Anacostes, Wash.; 5, F. Whittemore, jr., New Haven, Conn.; 9, J. G. Gillespie, Chattanooga, Tenn.; 13, R. H. Black, Charleroi, Penn.; 17, J. Whetstone, New Orleans; 25, M. Ruth, Jacksonville, Ill., and 26, J. Reed, Harvey, Ill., and 23, M. McCoy, Chicago.

Aug. 30, L. Roberts, Philadelphia.

Southern Association Meeting.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 15.—Directors of the Southern Association of Baseball Clubs at their annual meeting here to-day re-elected officers of the organization, set April 15 as the date of the opening of the 1914 playing season, selected a committee to consider demands of the newly organized Dixie League, and disposed of matters of minor routine business. The re-election of officers, headed by Judge W. M. Kavanaugh of Little Rock as President, was unanimous. The following Board of Directors was selected: A. G. Heinneman, New Orleans, Chairman; Frank E. Callaway, Atlanta, and C. P. Wilcox, Montgomery.

Manager Frank of New Orleans, C. Z. Collson, Mobile, and O. B. Andrews, Chattanooga, were appointed to draft the 1914 schedule. The committee was instructed to draw up two tentative schedules, one providing for 140 and the other 154 games. Their report will be submitted to the Spring meeting of the association. Privileges asked by the Dixie League included the use of Southern Association grounds in the various cities, and a number of minor considerations. A committee, headed by President Kavanaugh, will consider the requests and report to the Mobile meeting.

Boston Americans to Play Reds.

BOSTON, Dec. 15.—The Boston American and Cincinnati National teams will play two exhibition games in Cincinnati April 11 and 12, it was announced here to-day. Only five of the thirty or more players on the Red Sox reserve list have signed contracts for next season. These are Wood, Wagner, Gardner, Carrigan, and Foster. Manager Carrigan is to come from Lewiston, Me., to confer here to-morrow with Joseph J. Lannin, who recently bought a half interest in the club.

DUNCAN TO JOIN I.-A. A. C.

Discus Record Holder to Resign from the Bradhurst F. C.

It was announced yesterday that James H. Duncan, the American record holder with the discus, would join the Irish-American A. C., following the decision of the Bradhurst Field Club to sever its membership in the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union. Duncan is the only competing member of the Bradhurst F. C., which caters more to baseball and football than to track sport, and which has found difficulty in gathering in men who might aid it in competitive athletics.

Duncan has won two Canadian titles while a member of the Bradhurst's, and upon his return from the Olympic games was feted by the uptown organization, the members of which presented him with a beautiful watch in token of their appreciation of what he had done for the club.

It is stated that Mel Sheppard, the track Captain of the Winged Fist organization, was mainly instrumental in getting the discus premier to join his club. It was also announced that Emil Muller, American champion at the discus throwing game, has resigned from the Irish-American A. C., and as soon as his year of competing unattached is up he will become enrolled with the New York A. C. Both men should add many points to the totals gained by their respective clubs, and incidentally divide the chief honors at the game.

Teams for College Chess.

John L. Lockwood, Chairman of the Intercollegiate Chess Committee in charge of the annual tournament between Columbia, Harvard, Yale, and Princeton, yesterday gave out the names of the players selected, the time for declaring the teams having expired. The tournament will start next Monday morning at the Murray Hill Hotel in this city. The personnel of the four competing teams follows:

Columbia—1, H. E. Leede; 2, D. E. Ehrlich; 3, E. E. Korkus; 4, J. M. Bird, (captain); substitutes—A. C. Bitterman and A. J. E. Mandell.

Harvard—1, B. Winkelman, (captain); 2, F. M. Currier; 3, D. M. Beers; 4, W. M. Washburn. Substitutes—J. R. Morton and C. H. Fabens.

Yale—1, R. Beach; 2, D. A. Quarles; 3, H. G. Hooker; 4, C. O. Jon, (captain.) Substitutes—C. Ellis and C. Porter.

Princeton—1, E. E. Stockton; 2, C. C. Jayman, jr., (captain); 3, E. S. Carter; 4, W. S. Chamberlain. Substitutes—E. B. Chamb

ROWING CLUBS PLAN BIG ORGANIZATION

Four New York Regatta Associations May Combine—Want New Course for Races.

Plans looking to the amalgamation of the four rowing organizations in the vicinity of New York were discussed last night at a conference held at the New York Athletic Club house, Fifty-ninth Street and Sixth Avenue. The lack of interest in the regattas outside of the Harlem Regatta Association last Summer resulted in a suggestion by James Pilkington, President of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen, that New York be represented by one metropolitan association, which would comprise the Harlem River Regatta Association, Hudson River Regatta Association, Long Island Regatta Association, and the New York Bay Association. The outcome of this suggestion led to the meeting, which was attended by representatives of many of the clubs in the four organizations. The plan was enthusiastically approved, together with the establishment of a new course in the vicinity of Pelham Bay, and the Secretary was instructed to issue a call for representatives of every club in the vicinity of New York to attend a meeting within thirty days at the Lone Star Boat Club to take definite action on the combined plan.

During the last three years the interest in the Long Island, Hudson River, and New York Bay regattas has decreased to such an extent that the events on the annual programmes have been less than those of many of the local clubs. It was felt that this condition of affairs injured the sport and left the Harlem River Association as the only successful organization to hold regattas. Among the suggestions was one to include open events in club regattas, but this did not find favor with the delegates, who expressed the opinion that this would not meet the requirements of the amateur or form a solution to the present conditions.

H. Hjertberg, Union Boat Club, who acted as Chairman, after explaining the objects of the conference, asked for expressions of opinions as to the proposed amalgamation. Sam Cramer, one other H. Hjertberg, Richard Sturke, Hudson River R. A.; R. Oetting, Atlantic B. C.; John Ryan, Rosedale B. C., and other delegates spoke in favor of the motion, as did James A. Miller, New York A. C., and James Pilkington.

While expressing himself as heartily in favor of forming one strong organization, Mr. Pilkington thought the selection of a new rowing course should be the first thought of the oarsmen. He pointed out the dangers of navigation on the Harlem River owing to the drift wood and submerged obstacles, and intimated that the reason New York did not get the national regatta was due in no small measure to the objection of outside oarsmen to the course. He was supported by several delegates, and it is expected that at the next meeting definite plans will be adopted with a view to amalgamating all the clubs in one organization.

Chairman Hjertberg presented James A. Miller, New York A. C., with a large silver loving cup, the gift of members of the clubs on the Harlem River as a recognition of his interest in the promotion of rowing. The delegates present follow:

H. Hjertberg, Union Boat Club, Chairman; James Pilkington, Harlem Rowing Club, President National Association of Amateur Oarsmen; Samuel Cramer, Long Island Boat Club; Thomas J. Cleary, Wahnetah Boat Club; John Ryan, Rosedale Boat Club; R. Oetting, Atlantic Boat Club; E. Muhberger, Atlantic Boat Club; Fred Muller, Palisade Boat Club; F. Sprague, Active Boat Club; R. Pelham, Shawanhaka Boat Club; H. Cleaver, Nassau Boat Club; David Brown, Atalanta Boat Club; J. J. Kraft, Nonpareil Rowing Club; H. Lauer, Metropolitan Rowing Club; A. A. Messer, Waverley Boat Club; Richard Sturke, Waverley Boat Club; James A. Miller, New York Athletic Club; Fred Berger, Friendship Boat Club; M. Kalina, Bohemian Boat Club; M. Hirsch, Nonpareil Rowing Club; S. Weisbader, Lone Star Boat Club, and John O. Regan, Metropolitan Rowing Club.

Cadiz Cross-Country Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 15.—The Cornell cross-country team has elected Alvin Garcia Cadiz of Brooklyn, N. Y., Captain for next year. Although Cadiz was not among the five "C" men who scored Cornell's intercollegiate victory this year, he has been one of the most consistent runners on the squad for several years. He is a student in the college of civil engineering and will be a senior next year. The Poste medal for the novice cross-country runner at Cornell who made the greatest improvement during the Fall practice has been awarded to E. P. Tinkham of Upper Montclair, N. J. In addition, Tinkham has been the first man to have his name engraved on the so-called "Lung Mow" trophy, also given by Poste, who is now stationed in China. Poste was formerly a cross-country runner.

New Officers for Friendship B. C.

The annual meeting and election of officers of the Friendship Boat Club was held at the boathouse yesterday. Reports showed the club to be in excellent condition, and everything points to an active season in 1914. The election resulted as follows: President, Henry F. Tiernan; Vice President, S. J. Hanley; Treasurer, N. R. Dewes; Secretary, J. H. McCollum; Financial Secretary, C. J. Hawes; Captain, J. J. Dunigan; Lieutenant, J. J. Treat; Trustees, S. J. Hanley, C. Guilsenberg, Fred Berger, N. R. Dewes, and J. M. Farrell. The club will give a benefaction party for its friends who assisted in the recent minstrel show at the boathouse on Dec. 20.

For Church A. L. Honors.

The annual cross-country championship of the Church Athletic League, which will be decided at Van Cortlandt Park next Saturday, should develop into a picturesque spectacle over the public playground, because of the handicap feature in connection with the event. A record-breaking number of men and team has been nominated for the race, in which allotments will be made up to seven minutes.

Lone Star B. C. Gives Dance.

A shadow and favor dance was held at the clubhouse of the Lone Star Boat Club, 153d Street and Seventh Avenue, on Sunday. The affair was attended by about sixty couples, including members and their friends, all of whom were enthusiastic in their praise of the evening's entertainment.

Penn in Cricket Tournament.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15.—The University of Pennsylvania athletic authorities to-day accepted an invitation to enter the cricket team of that institution in a tournament with Haverford College, McGill University, and the University of Toronto. Graduate Manager Perot was authorized to negotiate with the management of the other colleges and to agree upon the dates.

MICHIGAN COMING EAST.

Wolverines Will Play Harvard in Football Next Oct. 31.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 15.—The Harvard football management to-day received a reply from University of Michigan in answer to the Crimson's invitation to the Wolverines to come to Cambridge to play football next Fall. The Michigan team is anxious to play Harvard in the East in 1914, but is unable to schedule the match for October 24, the date offered by Harvard. Michigan suggests October 31, and Graduate Manager Moore of Harvard to-day notified the Michigan Athletic Director that this date would be satisfactory.

Michigan in its reply to Harvard did not ask for a return game to be played at Ann Arbor in 1915. Nothing as yet has been done regarding a guarantee or a division of gate receipts, but these matters will be taken up at once and Mr. Moore says that he hopes to announce in a few days that final arrangements for the intersectional game have been made. Harvard will have several other new teams on its list next Fall it is expected. There will be no game with Cornell, but a match has been arranged with Tufts and Springfield training and Washington and Jefferson are other teams likely to be put on the list.

Nine games, the same number as last season, are proposed for the Crimson. Three of these are new, Michigan displacing Cornell, Georgetown taking the date lately occupied by Holy Cross, and Tufts College being added in place of Norwich University.

The games with Princeton and Yale occupy the same relative positions as on recent Harvard schedules, being separated by a contest with Brown. Except for the 'Varsity game, which will be played at New Haven on Nov. 21, all of Harvard's contests will be in the Stadium. The Yale game is expected to be played in the New Bowl, now building. The proposed schedule follows:

Sept. 27, Bowdoin, at Portland, Maine; Oct. 3, Georgetown University; Oct. 10, Williams; Oct. 17, Tufts; Oct. 24, Pennsylvania State; Oct. 31, University of Michigan; Nov. 7, Princeton; Nov. 14, Brown University; Nov. 21, Yale at New Haven.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Dec. 15.—The scheduling of the Harvard game gives Michigan a complicated and unsatisfactory set of football games for next year. According to the schedule as it now stands, Case will open the season at Ann Arbor on Oct. 3, and will be followed by Vanderbilt on Oct. 10. Then come four games away from home, Michigan Agricultural College at Lansing, Oct. 17; Syracuse at Syracuse, Oct. 24; Harvard at Cambridge, Oct. 31, and Pennsylvania at Philadelphia, Nov. 7. The last game is with Cornell at Ann Arbor, Nov. 14.

An effort will be made to rearrange the schedule in order to give the team more chance for home practice and training between contests. One solution has suggested would shift the Cornell and Pennsylvania games, bringing Cornell here Nov. 7, and Michigan playing at Philadelphia Nov. 14. Syracuse probably will be asked to play at Ann Arbor on Oct. 24, with the understanding Michigan will go to meet the Methodists on their home field in 1915.

DINES SWEDISH GYMNASTS.

James E. Sullivan Host at Function at New York A. C.

The Stockholm Gymnastic Society, which has been touring the United States for the last month giving exhibitions of the type of gymnastic work followed in Sweden, was tendered a luncheon yesterday at the New York Athletic Club by James E. Sullivan, United States Commissioner to the Olympic Games at Stockholm. Since their arrival in this country nearly a month ago they have met with pronounced success. On the team are many of those who comprised the Olympic championship team which won the gymnastic honors for Sweden last year, and also many athletes who have won honors on track and field.

Besides the twenty-five members of the Stockholm Gymnastic Society who attended the luncheon were the following: Hon. Magnus Clarholm, Swedish Consul; W. H. Page, President of the New York Athletic Club; Senator James J. Frawley, Supreme Court Judge Hartlow M. Weeks; Capt. J. Wahlstedt of Gov. Glynn's staff, Julian W. Curtiss of Yale, Matthew P. Halpin, manager of the American Olympic teams of 1906, 1908, and 1912; Charles J. Harvey, Secretary of the New York State Athletic Commission; Arthur McAleenan, Chairman of the N. Y. A. A. Swimming Committee; Andrew F. Tully, Secretary of the Metropolitan Association; C. K. Johansan, editor of the North Star, a prominent Swedish paper, and Charles A. Hatfield, Chairman of the New York A. C. Entertainment Committee.

Gustavus T. Kirby, formerly President of the Amateur Athletic Union, will entertain the Swedish gymnasts at a luncheon at the Columbia Faculty Club to-morrow. They will be received at Columbia by Deans Frederick P. Keppel and F. A. Goetzo of the College and Engineering Schools, respectively; Charles Halstead Mapes, Chairman of the University Committee on Athletics; Dr. George L. Meylan, Director of physical education; Harry A. Fisher, graduate manager of athletics, and Dr. Rudolf Tombo, Jr., Director of the Deutsche Haus.

After the luncheon the gymnasts are to give an exhibition in the Columbia gymnasium, where one of the regular Columbia student classes will also be on the floor. Special swimming races are being arranged for the edification of the visitors and the entertainment will end with a scrub basket ball game between the Columbia 'Varsity and freshman fives.

The Swedish visitors will sail for home next Friday on the steamer St. Paul.

Appleby Wins at Billiards.

F. S. Appleby defeated L. A. Servatius last night in the semi-final game of the amateur Class C 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at the Morningside Academy, 125th Street and Lenox Avenue, by score of 200 to 196. It was a close contest throughout and required sixty-one innings for the winner to finish his string. Servatius took the lead at the beginning of the game and held a comfortable lead until the fifty-ninth inning. With Servatius needing only 6 points to complete his string, Appleby came to the table and tallied 11 points before missing a shot. He left the balls in such a position that his opponent was unable to tally in his turn, and Appleby completed his string with an unfinished run of eleven in the sixty-first inning. He had high runs of 38, 25, and 12, with an average of 3 17-61. Servatius averaged 3 16-60 and made high runs of 35, 16, and 12.

CORDIER CAPTURES FINAL SQUASH GAME

Brooklyn Player Defeats Irving in Harvard Club Tourney, 3 Games to 1.

In one of the best-contested matches of the series A. J. Cordier of the Brooklyn Heights Casino defeated E. du Pont Irving of the Harvard Club yesterday in the final round of the national handicap squash tournament in the Harvard Club Court, three games to 1, by the score of 15—8, 10—15, 15—12, 16—7. The contest attracted a big gallery, and closes the best tournament held by the Harvard Club.

The opposing players were handicapped at five aces, which made them virtually scratch men. Cordier during the tourney had disposed of George Whitney, national champion; C. M. Bull, Jr., the Crescent A. C. crack, and R. G. Coburn, while Irving defeated F. Kidde, champion of New Jersey; W. H. Y. Hackett and M. L. Cornell in the earlier rounds, and on form the finalists appeared about even.

Cordier from the start was always just a little better than his opponent. The Brooklyn amateur bewildered the Harvard player at times with his cross-court shots, while Irving played the sidewalls and corners a trifle better than Cordier. Each man probably played the best game of his career.

In the opening game Cordier was very effective, especially in the fourth hand, when he tallied five aces. Three innings later he added four more points, which gave him a commanding lead, and in the tenth hand he ran out his score. Irving was not able to connect with the lightning cross-cut shots of Cordier.

The second game went seventeen hands to a decision. Cordier went into the lead in the second inning and held it up to the sixth, when the Harvard man tied for the first time during the match. At the end of the twelfth hand Irving was still in the lead 9—8. From this point the Harvard player showed superior form, and made the score one game all with the score 15—10.

Irving appeared to be an easy winner in the early stages of the third game, scoring six aces in the first three innings. Cordier, however, gradually wore his opponent down, and with the aid of six points in the fifth and sixth innings, established a lead that ended with the head of his opponent rally, which brought the score 11 all. Cordier added the necessary four points and captured the game.

The final game found the Brooklyn player in the lead throughout. Irving appeared to tire under the aggressive attack of his opponent. The score:

FIRST GAME.

Cordier	1	0	2	5	0	0	4	0	1	2—15
Irving	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0—8

Cordier	0	2	0	0	2	1	1	0	1	0	1—10
Irving	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	1	1	0	2—15

THIRD GAME.

Irving	1	2	5	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0—12
Cordier	2	1	0	4	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	1—15

FOURTH GAME.

Cordier	0	2	0	0	4	0	2	1	2	0	1—15
Irving	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0—7

Referee—A. J. Ferron.

HOCKEY SEASON TO OPEN.

Princeton and St. Paul's to Play First Game on Thursday Night.

Princeton's hockey team will inaugurate the hockey season Thursday night in a game with St. Paul's School team at the St. Nicholas Rink. The appearance of the St. Paul boys is an annual feature here, and so successful have they been in defeating Yale, Harvard, and Princeton that there is always an assurance of a fine exhibition, regardless of the strength of the team which opposes them. Last year St. Paul defeated the Yale 'Varsity 8 to 2 in a game that was replete with exciting incidents, and Manager Gordon says an even stronger team than the conquerors of Old Eli will face the Princeton champions Thursday night.

St. Paul's School has given to the hockey world such famous players as Hobey Baker and Capt. Kuhn of Princeton, Capt. Heron of Yale, and Capt. Willetts of Harvard and many of the players who represent the big colleges in the intercollegiate championship series.

Princeton will have its final practice to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink, when Capt. Kuhn will select from the squad of thirty-seven candidates the players who will fill the vacancies on the regular team. Claire Peacock of the Advisory Committee, one of the best hockey players on the local rink, will assist Kuhn and Baker in picking out the new men.

On Saturday night, Yale and the St. Michael's College team of Toronto, one of the fastest amateur teams in Canada, will play here.

Billiard Winners at Doyle's.

In last night's game of the handicap English billiard tournament at John Doyle's Billiard Academy W. S. Waldron, playing at 225 points, defeated E. Moss (176) by the score of 225 to 104. Waldron made the high run of 17 points. In the amateur handicap 18.2 balk line tournament Nelson Mayo conceded a handicap of 25 points to Charles Menzeseiner, and won by the score of 125 to 58 in fifteen innings. Mayo was playing for 125 points, while his opponent had to make only 100 to win.

Reception to Orville Wright.

The tenth anniversary of the first power flight made by Orville Wright, the aviator, will be celebrated to-morrow evening at the Aero Club of America, Forty-first Street and Madison Avenue, when a reception will be tendered by the club members to Mr. Wright. Orville Wright and the late Wilbur Wright were the pioneers in aeronautics in the United States, and on Dec. 17, 1903 the Wright brothers succeeded in making a successful flight under power. The development of air craft since that time has been remarkable, and the Wrights have been foremost among American aeroplane constructors in bringing the machines to their present state of perfection.

Umpire Handiboe Quits Baseball

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Edward S. Handiboe, for two years an umpire for the American Association, has announced his retirement from baseball. He has accepted a position with a Washington business firm. Handiboe, who says he has not yet communicated his decision to retire to President Chivington, first became an umpire with the Capital City League in 1904. In the Spring of 1911 he joined the American Association staff of umpires.

DIRY KNOCKED OUT.

George Ashe Drops German Boxer to Floor in Third Round.

George Ashe of Philadelphia knocked out Bob Diry, a German middleweight, in three rounds; Tim Logan of Philadelphia outpointed Al McCloskey of Elizabeth, N. J., in ten rounds, and Fighting Joe Hyland defeated Young Frank in another ten-round bout at the National Sporting Club last night.

The Ashe-Diry bout, which was the final of the card, belonged to the Philadelphian from the time the first bell sounded until Diry dropped under a storm of punches about one minute after the third round began. A hard right to Diry's jaw put the German in distress and Ashe followed up his advantage so quickly that Diry was soon helpless against the ropes. After hitting the floor Diry made a feeble effort to rise and then sank back on his shoulders while the last three seconds were being counted. It was the first decisive defeat Diry has suffered since coming to America. He recently scored a number of knockouts. Ashe had the advantage in height and reach, and was much better at every angle of the boxing game and landed almost at will. In the opening round the Philadelphian opened a cut over Diry's left eye. The weights were 161 pounds for Ashe and 157½ pounds for Diry.

In the ten-round semi-final Tim Logan, the sailor heavyweight, showed little aggressiveness, but he met the rushes of Al McCloskey with unerring aim, and had the latter badly mussed up when the final bell sounded. McCloskey was full of fight all the way, and was always tearing in, but his snappy left jab, his most effective punch, was almost useless against the tactics that Logan followed. The sailor outweighed the Jerseyite by ten pounds and was bigger in every way. With arms extended he held off McCloskey or shot in straight punches when the latter rushed in. McCloskey made Logan's stomach the object of his attack, but the sailor held on so well at close range that McCloskey could do little effective work. In the last two rounds McCloskey came along very strongly, but he could not offset the previous damage. In the opening round Logan began to beat a tattoo on his opponent's left eye, and before the bell ended the seventh round the member had been entirely closed. McCloskey's short reach was his greatest handicap. The weights were 204½ pounds for Logan and 190¼ pounds for McCloskey.

The opening ten-round bout, with Fighting Joe Hyland and Young Frank as the contestants, was the most evenly contested battle of the night, but was marred by too much clinching, both boys offending. Hyland's cleaner hitting between the second and seventh rounds earned him a good lead, and Frank's strong finish in the last of making matters even. Frank's left eye was badly cut in the seventh round. Hyland weighed 145¾ pounds and Frank 141½ pounds.

Benefit for Tommy Bergin.

At the Fairmont A. C. to-night a boxing show will be held for the benefit of Tommy Bergin, the Lewiston middleweight, who recently lost his sight. Instead of the usual exhibitions between top-notchers of the ring, the committee has arranged three ten-round bouts to feature the card, and a few preliminaries to complete the card. In the main event Knockout Sweeney and Joe Palmer will be the honors, and the other ten-round bouts will bring together Benny Leonard vs. Joe Stacey and Frankie Mack vs. Gene Gilvey. All these boxers have appeared frequently at local clubs. All the proceeds of the show will be turned over to the unfortunate boxer whose ring career is now at an end.

Cross and Anderson Matched.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 15.—Manager Tom McCarey to-day completed arrangements for a twenty-round bout between Leach Cross of New York and Bud Anderson, to be fought at the Vernon arena on the afternoon of New Year's Day. This will be the second bout between this pair, the one-sided resulting in a victory for Cross. Cross will leave in a few days for the Catalina Islands to train for the contest.

Boxing Receipts in Wisconsin.

MADISON, Wis., Dec. 15.—The State's share of boxing receipts for three and one-half months under the Hedding boxing law reached $3,604 to-day, with the receipt of a check of $752 from the State Athletic Commission at Milwaukee. Governor Johnson required the commission to submit a detailed statement of the receipts of each contest.

Ritchie and Murphy to Box Jan. 23

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 15.—Willie Ritchie and Harlem Tommy Murphy were rematched to-day to fight for the lightweight championship, Friday, Jan. 23. The terms are those agreed to for the cancelled bout of Dec. 10.

Bothner Throws Montano.

George Bothner, former lightweight champion wrestler of the world, defeated Bull Montano of Italy in two straight falls, catch-as-catch-can style, at Brown's Gymnasium last night. Bothner scored the first fall in 25:30, with a reverse body hold, and the second fall in 17:35, with a scissors-and-arm hold. Montano gave the ex-champion a busy time before the fall was secured, but after being pinned down he lost much of his former aggressiveness and spent most of the time on the defensive.

Dundee and Griffith Draw.

CANTON, Ohio, Dec. 15.—Johnny Dundee of New York and Johnny Griffith of Akron, lightweights, fought twelve rounds to a draw to-night. The bout was a savage one, both fighters landing often and hard.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

Freddie Welsh, the English lightweight champion, left New York last night for New Orleans to train for his ten-round bout with Johnny Dundee of this city, which is to be fought on Christmas Day.

Two ten-round bouts will be put on to-night at the Atlantic Garden A. C. In the main event Packey Hommey and Jack Sheppard will do the honors. The semi-final will bring together Jimmy Murray and Mike Rosan, local bantamweights.

The Olympic A. C. of Harlem will hold a special show Thursday night, featuring with a ten-round bout between Johnny Lore and Dick Peters, west side lightweights. Peters has been trying to get a match with Lore for the past year, and his recent success earned him this chance.

Manager Billy Gibson of the Garden A. C. has arranged two heavyweight bouts for a show to be held next Monday night. In the main event Battling Levinsky will take on Jim Coffey, the Dublin giant, and in the semi-final George Rodel will exchange punches with Jim Flynn.

Danny Ridge and Walter Mohr were matched yesterday for the main bout at the Postman A. C. of Brooklyn on Thursday night.

Rugbey Weyer, the California heavyweight, who recently arrived here, will make his New York debut Friday night at the New Polo A. A. in a ten-round bout with Jack Hanlon. Two other ten-round bouts will complete the card.

An amateur boxing tournament will be held to-night and Thursday night at the City Athletic Club, West Fifty-fourth Street. The tournament is for boxers of 108, 115, 125, and 135 pounds.

CURTI CHAMPION FENCER OF A. F. L. A.

New York A. C. Foilsman Defeats National Title Holder in League Series.

Victor J. Curti of the New York Athletic Club won the foils championship of the Amateur Fencers League of America last night in the gymnasium of the Winged Foot organization in a series which called out eight of the most expert of the wielders of the weapon in this territory.

His opponent in the final bout was Paul J. Meylan, the national champion foilsman, whom he defeated by the narrow margin of 5 points to 4. According to the new system which is the vogue, Curti had first place assured after he had accomplished four consecutive touches on his opponent before the latter had tallied a touch, as he had two victories to his credit, with score of 5 to 2 in each instance,

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.

Address all communications THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TELEPHONE 1000 BRYANT.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Times Annex...434 St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn.....504 Washington Street
Staten Island..8 Richmond Ter., St. George
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PARIS.....32 Rue Louis le Grand
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Subscription Rates—by mail, Postage Paid.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	$0.17
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Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, DEC. 16, 1913.

THE BOSTON & MAINE RAILWAY.

Interstate Commissioner PROUTY and the Railway Commissioners of New England have considered and reported upon what is necessary to be done in the case of the embarrassed Boston & Maine Railway. Also incidentally they have given the public a measure of themselves in their capacity as regulators and assurers of prosperity to the railways in their care and the community which they serve. It cannot be said that they lack in assurance of their own capacity, for they overrule all that has heretofore been done, alike by the railways and by their legislative regulators. All are condemned, either in specific words or in proposal of something different from what anybody has thought of heretofore. If a new departure is all that is needed, there is no doubt of the future of the Boston & Maine. But, alas! the Commissioners are in no sense guarantors of their proposals. It may be necessary to try what they recommend, but nobody can say what the results will be.

Nothing better indicates the calibre of these cocksure gentlemen than their treatment of Mr. MCDONALD. His bosom must have thrilled with pride as he read the report's recital of his qualifications for a task of the greatest difficulty. To restore the prosperity of a bankrupt property is harder than the running of a solvent enterprise, and the laborer in such a field is worthy of his hire. But Mr. MCDONALD'S thrilling bosom must have felt a qualm as he proceeded with his reading and learned that his salary was to be cut $15,000, and without asking him about it. The regulators have grown accustomed to regulating rates in that way, and it would come to them as a surprise if Mr. MCDONALD should decline the offer. That would embarrass the regulators. There may be men of equal competency in other respects, but none of them has also the confidence of railway and regulators alike. To make two bites of a cherry in a matter of that sort indicates a smallness which is not adequate to large affairs. An explanation may be that the reduction of a large salary would be popular with small persons. Considerations of this kind are not the best guarantee of success in the new departure. Especially is this so when the Commissioners themselves mention "increased wages" first as the "chief" cause of the exhaustion of the company's resources. The Commissioners cannot give common labor the same certificate of high efficiency that they gave President MCDONALD, and yet they did not recommend the reduction of wages.

Upon the rate question the Commissioners recommend regarding fares the repeal of the statutes which interfere with a uniform treatment and prevent the enforcement of "some just rule applicable to all territory." In other words, the statutes of the Legislatures and the regulations of the Interstate Commerce Commission are both unjust and inadequate in respect to passenger fares. The Commissioners agree that they cannot disturb the custom of the railways regarding long-distance rates, and they argue as the railways do regarding them. The chief consideration is not the reasonableness of the rates, nor the capitalization of the companies, but the relation of New England industries to those of their competitors. To alter the long-distance rates would be to alter the conditions of competition between markets, and the Commissioners do not venture to disturb anything so intricate and delicate. But they have an invention of their own of which they think well. A uniform mileage rate they do not propose, but instead "constructive mileage," computed by classifying the company's lines, and adding the class rates together in certain cases. The company's proposal was too crude. The Commissioners say that their rates will increase the company's income, and "remove glaring discriminations between individuals and localities."

If the conditions are such under the vigilant oversight of the Federal and State Legislatures and Commissions, the failure of regulation is as marked as the failure of the company, to say no more. If the Commissioners find it fair to say that the Directors ought to resign because of what has happened under their administration, why may not the public expect the regulators to cook their own goose at the same fire? How comes it that such old and prosperous railways have come to grief while under the care of Legislatures and Commissioners? Can regulation be a success when it produces rates which are unjust and discriminating, and bankrupt the roads as well? If that policy has ruined the railways, will its continuance retrieve the disaster?

Admittedly there is a crisis for the railways. Is there not also a crisis for the system of public administration of private property, without responsibility for results? As with one accord unions and lawmakers are saying that whatever is necessary to be done should be done from dividends. The public has applauded, and now is amazed to discover that if there are no dividends there are no railway investments, and that the community suffers more than those who lose their incomes from dividends. It is humiliating to be under the necessity of making such primary comment as this, but it is necessary that each generation of investors should learn folly by its practice.

AN ACTOR SPEAKS FOR ACTORS.

DE WOLF HOPPER, the comedian of operetta and extravaganza, took up a new rôle when he spoke in the Jeremy Collier vein of the moral shortcomings of the contemporary theatre. Hitherto, in his infrequent appearances without a "make-up," he has been content to let the world believe that apart from the theatre his only interest has been baseball. But he spoke with vigor and conviction on Sunday night, and we have no doubt that he expressed the sentiments of a large majority of his fellow-actors. He went straight to his subject and did not preach.

Moreover, he knew what he was talking about. It is not well for the repute of the actors that the stage should be degraded. When, as Mr. HOPPER says, the question with decent playgoers becomes not "where shall we go?" but "where can we go?" it is time for all the respectable actors to feel that there is danger ahead. We are inclined to believe that HOPPER'S timely protest to the managers will not be ineffective. It is true that the indecency of the theatre is in a certain sense only a sign of the times. But it is not altogether needful for the playhouse to follow bad examples. A general return to wholesome plays would not be unprofitable.

MR. PROUTY.

Commissioner CHARLES A. PROUTY'S interesting observations upon railway rates at the Lotos Club Saturday evening suggest two questions. Inasmuch as Mr. PROUTY'S remarks have been construed in two ways, the first question is, Why did he not speak with unmistakable clearness one way or the other, or else becloud his utterance with such impenetrable obscurity that nobody could make head or tail of it one way or the other, in which case no harm would have been done?

The second question is, Why did Mr. PROUTY speak at all on that subject? No Judge of a court of law would talk in public about a case pending before him. Mr. PROUTY, as a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission, is sitting as a Judge in the application of certain railroads for permission to increase their rates. In his speech he talked of rate increases and laid down the conditions which it seemed to him should favor or forbid such increases. If Mr. PROUTY spoke with the authority of the commission, its course in conferring that authority was extraordinary. If he expressed merely his personal views, most men will hold that he was guilty of an impropriety.

The President is much disturbed by the satirical remarks on the Administration's Philippine policy, made last week at the annual dinner of the society which bears the name of that animal of unquenchable thirst, the carabao, and rebukes are under consideration. It would seem that an admonition of this kind might with propriety be directed to the Interstate Commerce Commission and its members.

MR. BRYAN ON PATRONAGE.

The Evening Post publishes a long and interesting statement of Mr. BRYAN'S views and practice as to appointments in the Diplomatic Service, called out by the criticism to which he has recently been subjected by Dr. ELIOT and others. Assuming that the statement is accurate, it is in the nature of what the lawyers call a plea in confession and avoidance, and the confession is more noteworthy than the avoidance is effectual. In substance it is that the law does not require the promotion from the lower grades of the service to the post of Minister on tests of examination or competition; that nominations to such posts should be made of men in political sympathy with the Administration; that previous experience in the service is not necessary, and that it is no hardship to appointees that they should take their chances of being "let out" of the service on a change of Administration.

It is true that the law does not require the higher officers in the Diplomatic Service to be promoted, or to have diplomatic experience. Ample discretion is left to the President as to these appointments. Under this Administration this discretion seems to have been transferred to the Secretary of State. He has been criticised, not for exercising the discretion, but for the manner in which he has exercised it. This is shown in the records of the appointees and of the Ministers they have replaced in twenty-two cases, the information being apparently secured from the State Department. In no one of these cases has the appointee had any diplomatic experience whatever, while in thirteen cases the retiring Ministers have had, besides experience in the offices they vacated, previous service, in some instances of high order. In only three of the cases have the appointees been men whose station and activity would justify the expectation that they would bring special qualifications to their new work. In most instances the presumption that they would do so is not warranted.

Mr. BRYAN, in building up a theory of his work which will justify the facts on record, resorts to the not unusual device of inventing a contrary theory held by his critics, an adaptation of the "man of straw" to which astute debaters frequently have recourse. As a matter of fact, no rational critic of his course advocates a rigid system of promotion, on examination tests, from the lower to the higher grades of the Diplomatic Service. It is a waste of breath to contend against such a notion. For one thing, the Constitution of the United States—an instrument of great authority, with which Mr. BRYAN is not so familiar as he might be—does not permit the limiting of the discretion of the President in this way. In the next place, it is perfectly well known that examinations, if they could legally be required, would not necessarily disclose fitness for diplomatic service. But it is a commonplace of all human experience that, other things being equal, if the requisite qualities exist, training is of value. Moreover, as a general rule, you can tell better whether a man is fit for any business if he has tried his hand at it.

As to the plea that an Administration ought to have men in diplomatic places who are in sympathy with its policy, there is some force in it, if the policy is different from that of the Administration it replaces. On the other hand, it is evident that if the policy remains the same, continuity in applying it will be better attained by practiced Ministers. And even if it is intended to modify our foreign policy, it can be done more successfully and safely by men of some training. This plea, we fear, may be a cloak for the purpose, which Mr. BRYAN, we imagine, would not greatly disapprove, of dispensing diplomatic appointments as rewards and incentives for political or even for factional and personal services rendered or to be rendered by the fortunate appointees. That purpose has only too often obtained in the foreign service of the United States. Its results have been generally disagreeable, often humiliating. The country generally looked to see Mr. WILSON repudiate it. He will hardly do so with the co-operation of Mr. BRYAN.

APPRAISING THE TRUSTS.

Secretary REDFIELD of the Department of Commerce is a most inconsiderate man. In his first annual report he recommends an inquiry into the nature and habits of trusts that, if pursued with intelligence and candor, will publicly confirm and disseminate a belief already lodged in the minds of sensible men, the belief that the trust question is no longer one of first importance. The delusion that the trusts are extortioners, that they chiefly are responsible for the high cost of living, was largely dispelled by the discovery that the dissolution of some of the biggest of all the trusts was followed by an increase in the price paid by the consumer for their products. That was one side of the humbug about the trusts. If now Mr. REDFIELD'S inquiry, through the Bureau of Corporations, shall show, what he evidently thinks it will show, that the trusts after all are but feeble folk, not efficient, not capable of justifying themselves economically or in any other way, then what is to become of the statesmen who for years have made their political living by denouncing the trusts and introducing bills to crucify them? It is unkind of Mr. REDFIELD to take away the means of livelihood from so many radicals of the dominant party.

Secretary REDFIELD proposes an inquiry which shall determine "whether "bigness and bulk are always necessary to production at the lowest "cost," and "whether there does not "come a point of maximum efficiency at minimum cost beyond "which an increase of product means "an increase of cost per unit of that "product." He points out the significant facts that some of the great trusts have ceased to exist, that others pay but moderate dividends, and that "side by side with the most "mighty and supposedly the most efficient of them have grown up in- "dependent organizations quite as "successful and perhaps earning even "more upon their capital than their "powerful competitors." Such a demonstration as the Secretary evidently believes he can furnish will show that this behemoth is after all not so fearsome a beast as he has been held to be.

Whatever the investigation may show, the Secretary's method is right. If there was delusion as to the oppression of the consumer by the trust, there may be error as to the efficiency of the trust itself, error as to the surpassing virtue of industrial concentration. As to some other recommendations of Mr. REDFIELD, assent will be less general. He proposes, for instance, as one of the remedies for existing conditions "a law providing "that there shall be a presumption "that all restraints of trade are un- "reasonable and placing the burden "of establishing the reasonableness "of such restraint upon the party "alleging it." Inasmuch as the Act of 1890 makes all restraints of trade unlawful and criminal, what is the necessity of any further declaration to that effect? Of course, any restraint of trade is unreasonable, any restraint of trade is a crime against society. Mr. REDFIELD is here venturing into that quagmire of confusion and misunderstanding in which the lawyers and the courts have floundered for twenty years. If the bar, the bench, and legislators, and members of the Administration as well, could once get it into their heads that while restraint of competition may often be reasonable, since it may expand trade, not contract it, restraint of trade itself is always unreasonable and a public injury, less time will be wasted over quite superfluous and foolish projects of legislation.

THE NATIONAL GUARD.

The report of the Special Committee on the National Guard of the Chamber of Commerce, which was made after nearly two years of careful inquiry and deliberation and adopted at the meeting of the Chamber Dec. 4, lays emphasis strongly on the relation of civic privileges to civic duties. There is no doubt that if all men who vote would, besides bearing their share of the burden of taxation, serve the State also either by performing jury duty, or as citizen soldiers for the specified term, the problems of government would be materially lessened. As one of the members of the Committee expresses the idea, "it is only active, personal "service which really holds a man's "interest in a club or society or gov- "ernment." To have a satisfactory jury system and an efficient National Guard the male citizens generally must have a better knowledge than they now have of juries and military companies.

Because the attention of the Chamber had been directed to the fact that recruiting for the National Guard had become more difficult, the Committee was appointed in February, 1912. The result of its investigations shows that the influence of the labor unions in crippling the National Guard has been greatly exaggerated. Although the increased labor of the Guardsmen, in the ten years since the State soldiery has been within the control of the War Department, has so often been mentioned as the chief reason for the reluctance of young men to enlist, the fact seems to be that the unfavorable attitude of employers toward men who belong to the Guard has had much more effect. The members of the Chamber of Commerce have now, by their unanimous adoption of the Committee's report, pledged themselves to see that the corporations or firms with which they are connected will allow their employés who are members of the National Guard fourteen days in each year for the performance of military duty, without deduction of pay, during the enlistment period of five years, this time not to be deducted from vacations, and to favor the promotion of men who have done or are doing military duty for the State.

The report, which was presented by Mr. HERBERT A. SATTERLEE, Chairman of the Committee, deals with the question of the National Guard and Naval Militia, which has not yet been taken under Federal supervision, but ought to be, from various points of view, and is informing and suggestive in many ways, but its most essential and important feature is its insistence on the need of the citizen's performance of his plain duty. It is not enough to vote and pay your taxes. When only 3 per cent. of the employés in the State of New York eligible for military duty are members of the National Guard or Naval Militia, the need of action to stimulate the sense of civic duty is obvious. The average annual expenses of a National Guardsman are about $14, while fourteen days is the maximum time he must devote to his military duties to the exclusion of his daily routine of work. The modern Guardsman, too, is in the way of becoming a good soldier, and the "veterans" of the Guard should form the nucleus of a splendid army reserve. The Permanent Committee, which the Chamber of Commerce has now appointed, will have plenty of occupation, for this is a matter that must be kept in the public mind.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Two Results from One Cause.

A passage of notable eloquence in Senator ROOT'S speech on the Currency bill was that in which he described what might be called, though not quite correctly, the dangers of prosperity. Of course what the Senator had in mind was not prosperity, sound and real, but the seeming prosperity that comes in varying degree during a period of inflation to a large number of people whose enterprise and ambition are not controlled by the knowledge that such conditions are impermanent, or have forgotten what the result of them has always been. Here are the first steps as he gave them:

> Little by little the merchant, the manufacturer, the young man starting out for himself and with a good character, enough to give him a little credit; the man with visions of great fortunes to be won; the man with ideals to be realized; the inventor, the organizer, the producer; little by little, with easy money, they get capital to begin business and to enlarge business. As the business enlarges sales increase and prosperity leads to the desire for growth.

The huge fortunes built from nothing by the few become objects of confident expectation for the many, and everybody is making money. But little by little the margin between costs paid and prices obtained decreases, until

> Finally some one whose judgment was bad, some one whose capacity for business was small, breaks, and, as he falls, he hits the next brick in the row, and then another and then another, and down comes the whole structure. * * * That is the history of every movement of inflation since the world's business began, and it is the history of many a period in our own country. That is what happened before the panic of 1837, of 1857, of 1873, of 1893, and of 1907.

Whether one sees inflation or contraction in the Currency bill depends, naturally, upon which end of the progression described by Senator ROOT one happens to be looking at.

Poisoning with Needles.

Discussing the recent stories about the narcotization of women by the use of needles, The New York Medical Journal begins by saying that "however fictional it sounds," this "is not entirely incredible," but ends with the reassuring statement that "at present medical science knows of no poison that has the exact effect necessary to facilitate abduction by causing immediate and sufficiently complete narcosis."

The contradiction between these assertions is only apparent, for what The Journal holds as possible is not that a woman could be made almost instantly helpless by any drug that could be carried on a solid needle, but that there is some reason for believing that deadly poisons could be and have been administered in about this way. The purpose of doing it, however, in the few cases recorded, has been murder, not abduction, and of course the object, in the stories recently circulated, was not to kill, but to render temporarily unconscious.

A strange peculiarity of the medical mind is illustrated by the fact that this high authority is very severe with the newspapers for giving wide circulation to the stories in question. It entirely ignores the fact that what the newspapers did was to tell what was said by the women who supposed themselves attacked, and what was done about it by the police and the Magistrates. It also ignores the fact that a majority of the papers, having performed this obvious duty, proceeded, editorially or otherwise, to give the reasons for rejecting the stories as hysterical imaginings, so that nobody now has any excuse whatever for believing them.

In its own article, The Journal refrains, and commends the writers whom it quotes for refraining, from giving any exact information as to the poisons that assassins might use without inflicting more than a minute wound. There is a theoretical defense for such caution, but the lesson of experience is that knowledge is more protective than ignorance, and how are we to guard, or be guarded, against a danger the very existence of which is concealed from us?

More Kind, Perhaps, Than Wise.

Country folk will please take notice! The kindly gentlemen in the General Passenger Association have observed with grief that the rustic who ventures into a large city sometimes becomes the prey of assorted swindlers, and to protect him and his pocketbook they have determined that after Feb. 1 no stop-over privileges shall be granted by the railways on through tickets of the kind sold to what are called home-seekers.

That, now, is a fine idea. As there is no obvious advantage in it for the roads, the purposed regulation is presumably unselfish and philanthropic. Of course one recalls the universal preference on the part of transportation companies for having all journeys unbroken, but as the reason for that has never been revealed outside of transportation circles, we can at least believe that goodness of heart is its mysterious, but only, explanation.

But haven't the General Passenger Agents forgotten the fact that, in these days of drifting back to the land, a large part—perhaps a majority—of those seeking homes in the country have been familiarized with urban dangers by birth or long residence in cities, and that for these the withdrawal of the stop-over privilege will be a hardship, or at least an annoyance, with no appreciable increase of safety to compensate for it?

And, by the way, how small must be the town in which one lives to make him appreciably different from the city man in dress, habit, or sophistication? The "hayseed" lingers hardly anywhere, now, except on the stage, and there rather superfluously and unconvincingly. In "nature" he is extremely apt to own an automobile, to have a telephone in his house, to light it with electricity, and to have read all about "the Spanish prisoner" and the wire-tappers.

That the birthrate of predestined victims of dishonest exploitation is still sixty to the minute is true, as has been recently noted, but the country folk supply no more than their share of them, and that makes the new discrimination unfair.

FAVORS PUBLIC AID.

State Pensions for Widows Would Not Destroy Self-Respect.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Glancing through the list of one hundred cases of desperate need published in Sunday's TIMES I notice that nearly half the number are widows. The strongest opponents of the State pension for widowed mothers are the Charity Organization and The Society for Improving the Condition of the Poor, their contention being that such cases are in their province and they are in a position to handle them most effectively.

There are many hundreds of cases of need in this great city which never reach the charity organizations, pride and unwillingness to accept aid from organized charity being the reason. In the first place, the aid is not always certain nor in the nature of things lasting. Besides, if money is given the society has a certain right to dictate the manner in which it must be expended, and, above all, the family necessarily suffers from a sense of humiliation. There is no disgrace in being poor, and a pension given to such widowed mothers as are worthy and deserving would immediately increase their self-respect by placing them and their families in the same category as the families of such public servants as firemen, for instance, who have died while doing their duty.

The charity organizations are doing heroic and often discouraging work in caring so promptly for the thousands of cases of desertion, sickness, old age, and abandoned children. They should not have the additional burden of gathering families for an indefinite number of years. To bring up children under conditions which will foster self-respect and make of them good citizens able to take their places as the fathers and mothers of the race is the work of the mothers, and the State should make it possible for them to do their work effectively.

FRANCES EDWARDS.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 15, 1913.

Epidemic of "Cold Feet."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I, too, have noticed the deplorable condition of the Christmas angels and Santa Clauses who get cold feet by standing on the cold, cold stones. It is surely deplorable. It seems that "cold feet," however, is seizing everybody of late. Not so long ago, if one's feet got cold, he or she would make a pad or find a board, but the strange "cold feet" that now seizes all classes makes all wait till some one else courageously rushes in to help.

I have notified the Mayor, the Governor, the Red Cross, and the President. Bills for the relief of the cold-fesers will be rushed through. No one may help himself any more.

R. P. KNOX.

New York, Dec. 15, 1913.

IN THE ART GALLERIES.

Mrs. Benjamin Guinness's Portraits at Knoedler's—Oak Room at Charles's.

At the Knoedler Galleries are two exhibitions of paintings by artists of very different tendencies. Mrs. Benjamin Guinness shows nineteen portraits and studies in which artists will recognize a courageous attempt to reach toward qualities not quite yet within the painter's grasp. The pictures are entirely devoid of the meretricious slipperiness so common in the portraiture of the fashionable world. Their faults are on the surface for critics to peck at, but the virtue common to them all is definiteness in construction. In the "Portrait of Master Loel Guinness" the shaggy white dog is quite a triumph of decisive brushwork. The "Portrait of Miss Meraud Guinness" is well blocked in, with simplicity in the forms and a flesh-like quality. The slouching attitude in "The Lily Child" also is quite charming and childlike, and the portrait of Miss Janet Scudder has character in every line.

Mrs. Guinness is not yet in command of her instrument, when she is not drawing well she is drawing badly, and many of her heads miss the unity of effect which means art; but she works with a bold brush and obviously earnest intention, and she really has something to say about her sitters. She bids fair to be an interesting artist after she has made herself a more accomplished craftsman. Among her sitters are Mrs. William Astor Chanler, Dr. Arnold Genthe, Miss Jane Cowl, and Mme. Yorska.

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Four portraits by Mr. Eksergian hang on the adjoining wall, less modern in tendency, with a curiously mingled vivacity, sentiment, and hardiness. A young woman with flowers in her arms is rather tight in modeling, but the roses are exquisite in a faint eighteenth century blond style of painting, ghosts of roses, such as one might see in a Boucher tapestry that had undergone the assaults of time. The portrait of William A. Tucker is downright enough, without compromise in even the details of the costume. Master Tucker Lindsay, a manly little boy with a frank gaze, is painted companioned by his beautiful dog, toward whose canine personality the artist has shown respect. The fourth portrait is of Mrs. F. G. Bourne, an imposing seated figure, warm in coloring and firm in draughtsmanship.

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At the Charles Galleries is a very beautiful oak room coming from Rotherwas, Hertfordshire, the same mansion from which came the walnut banqueting room shown last season. This oak room has been called variously the "fayre parlour" and the "Julius Caesar room." The second title was given to it by the family in reference to the figure representing the famous Roman at one end of the overmantel balancing a figure of Alexander the Great at the other end, with a carved portrait of Sir Roger Bodenham, the lord of the manor, in the centre. On either side of the central figure are the Bodenham and de la Barre arms. The oak panels are of unusual width, more than two feet, and many of them are cut from a solid piece of wood, showing how huge must have been the noble trees sacrificed to furnish them. The carving is very fine, with sensitive, delicate lines of molding, over which the light and shade play in a bewitching fashion, following the hollows and bosses of the irregular surface. The grain of the oak is also splendid in the variety and boldness of the accidental patterns; and the surface has the deep, soft lustre of wood that has been enriched by centuries of use, without recourse to the hideous polishes of modern invention.

In the cellar of these galleries is a smaller and somewhat later room, a dining hall of agreeable proportions and greater elaboration of carving, but missing something of the stateliness of the "fayre parlour."

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On the afternoon of Saturday, Dec. 20, there will be no admission charge to properly accredited art students desiring to visit the exhibition of contemporary drawings from the collection of A. E. Gallatin, now on exhibition at the Gimpel & Wildenstein Galleries for the benefit of the Junior League.

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Public lectures on art will be ended by the Board of Education during this week, a recess being taken over the holidays. Plans for the new year are now being made, and a large number of special courses in art are in contemplation. On Wednesday evening, Dec. 17, Alexander T. Van Laer will conclude his course on "The History of Painting" at Cooper Union, Third Avenue and Eighth Street, with a lecture on "The Paintings in the Metropolitan Museum of Art," and on Friday night, at Wadleigh High School, 114th Street and Seventh Avenue, Arthur A. Stoughton will speak on "The City Beautiful; or, the Planning and Embellishment of Cities."

The Etymology of "Crullers."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Apropos of the discussion of the noble cruller, at a little town in Holland an elderly Dutch housewife once showed me with pride her precious "krullers." They were the silver or gold wires, twisted in the form of head ornaments, used to hold in place the cap, a characteristic feature of Dutch headgear. The most popular photograph of Queen Wilhelmina as the child Queen was taken in peasant costume with the krullers over each ear.

Although never confirmed, my philological instinct at once grasped the significant relation between the Dutch word kruller suggested by the ring shape of the wires and our crullers. In Danish, krullen is to curl. Possibly some of your readers may throw some light on the etymology of the word.

East Orange, N. J., Dec. 15, 1913. A. D. B.

Repaving Forty-seventh Street.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your neighbors who live on Forty-seventh Street, Tenth to Eleventh Avenues, have asked me to thank you for the publication of the letter on Dec. 11 calling attention to the shameful neglect of the Hudson Local Board and the Health and Tenement House Departments in allowing that street to remain unpaved, with a broken sewer, for three years.

Publicity in THE TIMES secured the attention of Mayor-elect Mitchel, Borough President McAneny, and Douglas Mathewson, Acting Controller. Since Saturday the men have been working day and night to get the street into condition. HENRY G. SCHNEIDER.

Secretary, West Side Children's Playground and Recreation Conference.

New York, Dec. 14, 1913.

Reforming the "Spugs."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Spug! Eupontous word! Why not spugos, which has the merit of sounding quite Greek and which might mean Society for Prevention of Giving to One's Self?

After a week in New York it is borne in upon this writer that there is great need of reform in that direction, and there would be this additional advantage: the reform might continue through the twelve months and not be in force only when it may be used as an excuse for the unconscious and unheralded foundation of a society, whose real object is the society for the prevention of all giving that you can possibly get out of.

Tivoli, N. Y., Dec. 14, 1913. H. J. H.

PHYSICALLY UNFIT.

Women Too Weak for Politics, Dr. Thompson Says.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am in full sympathy with the objects of the New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage. There could be no possible gain over the existing political situation to be derived from the votes of women, unless they universally gave time, study, and thought to the question arising in each campaign. Moreover, those seeking to control the administrative functions of the State should be able to bear their share of the burdens of the State whenever and howsoever called upon. (I refer to burdens other than those of taxation of real estate, for although many are ignorant of the fact, women already are allowed to vote in this State upon questions concerning realty holdings.) For these functions women in general are physiologically unfit, not from mental incapacity but from their frequent and repeated physical disability. An experience of many years in hospitals and dispensaries derived from treating the wage-earning class of women and other women among the poor of New York City, who would constitute so large a proportion of the proposed voting class, enables me to speak with emphasis upon this matter.

The neurasthenia of the garment worker, the special ailments of the overworked shop girl, the biological burdens of the tenement-house mother, are not to be rectified, as I have heard a notorious suffragist assert in a public address, by "once a year taking a few minutes of her time to drop a little piece of paper in a box." On the contrary, many of the underlying factors at fault are questions of deep economic and social nature which are wholly apart from the sphere of legislation, whereas such as may be remediable through that agency will be made much more serious by complicating existing conditions through adding to the ignorant vote. Voting, which is temporarily stimulated through emotional excitement on the one hand, or which is purely perfunctory on the other, is capable of working incalculable harm.

Moreover, it is not the mere act of voting, but an intimate knowledge of the character and attainments of legislators, as well as ability to influence them when elected, which makes for betterment and progress. Women, from the character of their occupations as well as from their natures, cannot, in the aggregate, possess such knowledge in the same degree with men, and such influence as they might choose to exert is far more potent without the possible taint of so-called "politics."

In this city, owing to peculiar conditions of congestion and other factors, there is a growing tendency to minimize the value of home life, and intelligent participation in political matters would tend to distract women from the family and domestic functions in which they are much more profitably employed.

All those qualities in women which are most respected and revered by high-minded men are unalterably opposed to the precepts and aims of the advocates of equal franchise privileges; at least such are the views of the great majority of men with whom I have discussed the subject.

We may blind ourselves by attempted disregard of fundamental biological principles for a time if we will, but the great law of the specialization of functions of men and women remains unalterable, and should be as applicable in the State as it is in the home.

W. GILMAN THOMPSON, M. D.,
Consulting Physician, Woman's Hospital.

New York, Dec. 15, 1913.

Recipe for "Pumpkin Bread."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Seeing in THE TIMES a recipe for old-fashioned crullers, may I ask if it may be possible to get from your readers a recipe for old-fashioned "Pumpkin bread," as made among the people of Northern New Jersey fifty years ago?

It was made principally of pumpkin and (I think) buckwheat flour, something like "buhling," and when cold was cut into slices and fried, which, brought to the table with butter on them, was—oh, how good, and in these days would prove an economy.

JOHN J. COLLINS.

Barnstable, Mass., Dec. 15, 1913.

No Treacherous Corners.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Automobilists are continually criticising pedestrians for crossing the street in the middle of the block, but as that is the safest place to cross, why should not the pedestrian do so, and why should he be censured?

JAMES PILLOW.

New York, Dec. 15, 1913.

PENELOPE OF THE TENEMENTS.

The noonday bursts upon the avenue,
With scrape and scuffle of a million feet;
Untethered children try their throats anew,
And angry mothers bawl and babies bleat;
The dinning motors crash across the granite!
The cracking whips resound to star and planet!
The world whirls in a cyclone up the street!

Within the shadow of a narrow door
Where garbage buckets slattern in a row;
Where starving cats lie limply on the floor,
And stranded chicken feathers twirl and blow—
A woman stands, forever waiting, waiting,
Like some encloistered sister at a grating,
Too slack of will to slip the bolts and go.

The corner butcher comes outside and smiles,
But angrily, she swerves the other way;
The Yiddish tailor, furbisher of styles,
Grins by and bids her haughtiness good day;
The grocery merchant nods in love's delusion,
The ribbon clerk looks up in red confusion—
And still she has no single word to say.

The good old mother worships with the rest;
She slips a sturdy chair up close and then
Goes whispering about the wonder West,
Where vagrant husbands change to noblemen.
Her offspring, wearied out by stale invention,
Waves back the words with pompous inattention,
And turns upon the avenue again.

Penelope, go choose another mate!
Put on the ribboned dress that you forswore!
No eye stays bright—no lip stays roseate!
Choose now before they shun the shadowed door!
In Vagabondia, bread is full of savor!
Home lights are good, but unknown lights are braver!
Odysseus comes to you no more!

JANE BURR.

DR. RUSSELL ASSAILS OUR SCHOOL SYSTEM

Children Sent Forth Unprepared for Life's Battle, Says Teachers College Dean.

LEADING TO ANARCHISM

Good Health More Important Than Higher Education—No Hope for Tenement Girl.

The American public school system came in for a severe arraignment yesterday afternoon when Dr. James E. Russell, dean of Teachers College of Columbia University, in a lecture in Earl Hall, asserted that the present system tended to develop grumblers, fault-finders, Socialists and anarchists. Dr. Russell spoke before the Institute of Arts and Sciences on "What Is Practical Education?"

"The greatest peril of our education to-day," said Dr. Russell, "is that it promises an open door to every boy and girl up to the age of 14, and then turns them ruthlessly into the world to find most doors not only closed but locked against them. Throughout this country we are telling thousands—yes, millions—of boys and girls that anything they please may be had for the asking, and during the six or eight years of the school course they are instructed that nothing is beyond attainment.

"Then, too, our democratic notion of equality of opportunity is responsible for the attempt to hitch some very ordinary wagons to stars of the first magnitude. The result can only be bitter disappointment. Instead of a happy, contented, and able farmer, we make of the ambitious country boy a clerk or helper in some city industry or a cog in some factory wheel. Instead of helping the quick-witted city boy, who leaves school at 12 or 14 years of age wise beyond his years, to employ his mental strength in shortening the term of apprenticeship in the trades and in improving the quality of the output, we turn him over to the tender mercies of the trades union or allow him to bungle ahead in his efforts to become a capable workman.

"What wonder that our skilled craftsmen are foreigners, and that our best American boys become petty politicians or walking delegates or seekers after the soft places. We do not teach them to do the day's work in such a way as to find pleasure and satisfaction in it. The result is grumbling and fault-finding and discontent in private life, and in civil life the beginnings of Socialism and anarchism. How can you expect a nation long to endure that bends every effort to rouse ambitions and stir aspirations in the breasts of all its citizens up to the age of 14 and then ruthlessly turns them out to shift for themselves? Is this the way to promote civil order and social stability? No other civilized State follows a plan so manifestly suicidal as ours. No other people, so far as I know, gives so much heed to the mental training of its citizens and leaves to chance those matters which are really essential in life.

"Think of what it means to our girls to enjoy for eight or ten years day dreams which the first contact with life shatters. Is it any wonder that the girl of 18 or 20 years, who had never had an hour's instruction in the scientific and aethetic interpretation of those duties which confront her, should find no pleasure in homemaking? The situation is bad enough in the country, but is infinitely worse in our great cities. What chance has the girl of the tenements, even though she be well schooled and quick-witted?

"She leaves the school at 14 or 15 years to get her postgraduate training in housekeeping from her mother. Think of what that means? A home of two or three or four rooms in a crowded quarter, every member of the family at work or seeking it, living confined to the hardest necessities, no conveniences for doing the ordinary work of a home even if that were necessary. What is left to the girl? The street—and it is nothing remarkable that some thoughtful persons should hold our public schools responsible for adding to the dangers of city life for bright and attractive girls. The surest way to break down family life and destroy the sanctity of the marriage tie is to mate an ignorant man with an ignorant woman—ignorant, I mean, of what marriage means and unfitted to meet its obligations."

Dr. Russell said that the higher education was not so important as giving the child a good start on the road to health.

"Shall we send them to college?" continued he. "I fancy some of us put that question to the babe in the cradle. At any rate I know of parents who enter their boys in a famous New England school as soon as their names are decided upon, but the baby's food, the air he breathes and the water he drinks—these are mysteries known only to nurses, physicians, and grandmothers. I am satisfied that the major part of our bodily ills are due to the bad start made in the nursery. The first question, therefore, is not what college shall we send the child to, but what shall we give him to eat. If higher education is concerned at all, the question should be what college or course of study should the parent enter. When you ask me what counts most in education I have no hesitation in putting to the front good health.

"If anyone thinks that getting married relieves a woman of work and responsibility, let him try it and see for himself. If there is any occupation that induces greater physical strain and nervous waste, any profession that calls for more of the moral virtues or profits more from the use of common sense than the profession of wife and mother, I should like to know what it is. It is not a money-making profession; it is on the contrary pre-eminently the money spending profession. And in my opinion to spend money wisely is far more difficult than to earn it. We hear much of a living wage, but the real problem is not in what the workman receives, but in what his wife spends. I will undertake to guarantee the stability of our American democratic institutions if you will see to it that American wives are taught how best to spend the money their husbands earn."

UNVEIL REID WINDOW.

Cathedral of St. John Has Memorial Costing $10,000.

Bishop Greer and Dean Grosvenor conducted the services yesterday at the unveiling at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine of a memorial window to the late Whitelaw Reid, once Ambassador to the Court of St. James's. It is one of the largest and most elaborate stained-glass windows in America and cost $10,000. The giver is Mrs. Reid.

This window, which has as its central figure the Son of Man as described in the Book of Revelation, was left at the Custom House for several months after its arrival from London to

EDITH WORMSER WEDS IN ST. MORITZ

Daughter of Isidor Wormser of New York Married to Mathieu Goudchaux, Banker.

PELTED WITH SNOWBALLS

Couple Leave in a Sleigh on Honeymoon — Count and Countess Zanowski Among Wedding Guests.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

GENEVA, Dec. 15.—The marriage of Miss Edith Wormser, daughter of Isidor Wormser of New York, and Mathieu Goudchaux, a Paris and New York banker, took place at St. Moritz this morning in the presence of a small gathering of relatives and others.

The bride's father gave her away. She was dressed in a silver-embroidered tunic over white satin, with rich old Brussels lace that was worn by her mother and grandmother.

The guests included Count and Countess Zanowski, Baron de Grandmaison, Miss Ethel Livingstone, and Mr. and Mrs. G. Wertheim of New York. After the ceremony a luncheon was given at the Kulm Hotel. The tables were decorated with thousands of white roses and lilies from the Riviera.

The couple departed later in a sleigh, friends bombarding them with snowballs, the snow here being now two feet deep. They will go to Zurich, and afterward on a European tour. They will reside in Paris.

The bride received many valuable presents.

CASTLE HOUSE IS OPENED.

Society Crowd Dances Tango as Minstrel Orchestra Plays.

There was a large and fashionable attendance yesterday afternoon at the opening of Castle House, in East Forty-sixth Street, opposite the entrance to the Ritz-Carlton, where society is to enjoy modern dancing every afternoon from 4 to 6:30 o'clock as they would in a private house. The dancing will be under the personal direction of Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Castle.

Miss Elsie de Wolfe and Miss Elizabeth Marbury are interested in the project, which has transformed the building formerly occupied by Mrs. Osborn's dressmaking establishment into a new centre for dancing, and they were much gratified yesterday at the turnout of people prominent in the social world. Mrs. John Corbin and Mrs. R. L. McDuffie, with Miss Marbury, are the superintendents.

Among the patronesses are Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Mrs. W. Bourke Cockran, Mrs. W. G. Rockefeller, Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., Miss de Wolfe, Mrs. Amos Pinchot, and Mrs. T. J. Oakley Rhinelander.

By the time the doors were thrown open there was a long line of limousines waiting outside. The visitors passed through the hall, with its trickling marble fountain, and up the wide staircase to the first ballroom, which became so crowded in a few minutes that the orchestra had to be transferred to the adjoining ballroom, which was ample to accommodate all.

Tea and lemonade were served on the balcony overlooking both of the ballrooms, where Mr. and Mrs. Castle were busily engaged all afternoon dancing with the patrons under the pink-shaded electroliers. A minstrel orchestra furnished the syncopated music, and the tango, one-step, and hesitation waltz seemed most in favor. Altogether it was very much like a private function. Everybody seemed to know everybody else, and those who did not care to dance, who were in the minority, sat on the rows of chairs, or sipped at their tea. Many young people were present.

Mrs. James B. Eustis, Mrs. Lee Thomas, Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, Mrs. T. Jenkins Oakley Rhinelander, Baron and Baroness de Meyendorff, Mrs. Phillis Hunnewell, Mrs. Hamilton Wilkes Cary, Mrs. S. Stanwood Menken, Mrs. Stephen H. Brown, Miss Joan Whitridge, Miss Rives, Miss Jeannette Gilder, Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., Mrs. James H. Kidder, Mrs. Frederick Y. Dalziel, Mrs. Dave H. Coddington, Mrs. Frank Sturgis, Lawrence Perkins, Mrs. Fairfax S. Landstreet, and James L. Breese, Jr., were among those seen during the afternoon.

Mrs. Holme to Wed Edward Valpy.

The engagement is announced of Edward Valpy, a member of the University Club of New York and of 37 Furnival Street, London, to Katharine, widow of Robert Francis Lyon Holme of Reading, England. The wedding will take place shortly.

Operation Helps Magistrate Kempner

Chief City Magistrate Otto Kempner of Brooklyn, who has been suffering from an affection of the throat, it was said last evening was improving rapidly at his home, 44 Monroe Place. He was operated upon last Friday at the Jewish Hospital in Brooklyn for a slight growth in his throat. Magistrate Kempner's physicians believe that he will be able to return to his duties within a week.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Man Inside" is to be succeeded at the Criterion Theatre on Jan. 5 by "Young Wisdom," a comedy by Rachel Crothers, in which Mabel and Edith Taliaferro will be starred by Joseph Brooks. The company will include Richard Sterling, Hayward Ginn, Regan Hughston, Aubrey Beattie, Mabel Bert, Junius Matthews, and Louis Le Bay.

"The Things That Count," now at Maxine Elliott's Theatre, will be moved next Monday to the Playhouse when "The Family Cupboard" takes to the road.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Castle, who have been engaged by William Hammerstein for a long stay at the Victoria Theatre commencing Jan. 5, are now claimed by the Palace Theatre management for a season of ten weeks starting Jan. 12. The management of the Palace says it made a contract with the Castles last October for the exclusive services of the dancers.

The Countess Von Schuul, Court reader to the imperial households of Germany and Austria, gave a box party to a number of New York friends at the Hippodrome last night.

Joan Sawyer, the dancer, who has left the Jardin de Danse, is to appear at the Cafe de Paris commencing to-night, dancing with her original partner, Lou Quinn.

Schuyler Ladd is temporarily out of the cast of "Nearly Married," having been suddenly called to Denver by the illness of his mother.

A large portfolio souvenir of Forbes-Robertson's farewell New York engagement will be presented to every one attending the performance of "Othello" at the Shubert Theatre next Monday night. The book will contain many portraits of the English actor in his best-known roles.

During the return engagement of Richard Bennett in "Damaged Goods" at the Grand Opera House next week there will be open discussions of sex education questions. After the Wednesday matinee Mrs. Bennett will hold a meeting for women in the theatre, and on Saturday afternoon there will be a similar discussion for men.

W. S. Maugham, the English playwright who is waiting in New York for Miss Billie Burke's first appearance at the Lyceum Theatre Christmas night in his new play, "The Land of Promise," has started work on another play, which has to do with the American colony in London.

The newly elected members of the Iowa Society of New York attended the performance of "The Strange Woman" at the Lyceum Theatre last night as the guests of Elsie Ferguson, the star of the company. The scenes of the play are laid in a small Iowa town.

THE BARRERE ENSEMBLE.

A Concert of Diverting Pieces for Wind Instruments.

Mr. Barrère, in the more recent concerts of his "ensemble" of wind instruments, may possibly have found the sources of music written for such instruments running rather dry. At all events, there have been a good many compositions on his programme that are of minor and minimal importance. Yesterday afternoon at the Belasco Theatre he gave the first of his concerts this season, at which the music played was all of a light and diverting character, and none of it of real importance.

The most ambitious was a quintet for flute, oboe, clarinet, horn, and bassoon by Henry Woollett, a composer whose music has occasionally appeared on New York programmes lately, and who is evidently strongly under the modern French influence. This quintet is not quite so modern, but obviously French in character. It is said to be on "themes in a popular form." Whatever this may mean precisely, the themes are gay and light in character, not very striking, and are worked into four movements of the usual contrasted kind with skill and lightness of touch, though at somewhat greater length than their importance warrants.

There was a duo for clarinet and bassoon in two movements, the second being a theme and variation by Beethoven, the third of a set of three such pieces; a curious product, not likely to enhance the fame of the composer with those previously unfamiliar with it, and no doubt written at the request of wind instrument playing friends. There was a "Walking Tune" by Percy Aldridge Grainger, a young English composer, who informs a waiting world that he improvised it while walking in the Scotch Highlands, forgetting to mention that he had just heard "The Minstrel Boy" and made large use of it. Then he worked it out into a piece for "wind fivesome." A pleasing little "Ronde de Lutins," by Christiaan Kriens of New York, gave much pleasure. And a sonata for piano and flute by Haydn seemed to indicate that the youngest and sprightliest of these moderns are not younger or sprightlier in spirit than he. The programme was closed with Albert Roussel's "Divertimento" for the five wind instruments and piano.

Of the playing of Mr. Barrère and his associates, Messrs. Labate, Largenus, Franko, and Savolini, much good word is to be spoken ofor its finish, flexibility, nd tunefuiness. The pianist was Miss Carolyn Beebe, who played with a true understanding of chamber music; and in the sonata by Haydn with much grace and style.

ACT MRS. BURLESON'S PLAY.

Postmaster General's Wife's "His Secretary" Given in Keith's Theatre

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—"His Secretary," a oneact play by Mrs. Albert S. Burleson wife of the Postmaster General, was well received this evening at its first appearance on the bill at Keith's Theatre.

Having been applauded at The Playhouse, a private club, last year there was no social interest in its first evening's performance, when the story was given with excellent stage setting under the direction of Preston Gibson. Mrs. Burleson was not present.

The play was written several years ago when Postmaster General Postmaster General represented a Texas district in the House of Representatives. It deals cleverly with a Congressman's wife who attempts to act as her husband's Secretary.

The cast was Mr. Marster, a Congressman from a Western State, Charles F. Western; Mrs. Marster, his wife, Maude Howell Smith; Standem, James R. Daly; Porter, Kirby Johnson.

RECITAL AT MRS. SCHIFF'S.

Miss Henriette Bach and Mme. Schnitzer Play—The Guests.

A recital was given yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff, 965 Fifth Avenue, by Miss Henriette Bach, violinist, and Mme. Fermaine Schnitzer, pianist, who are to give a second concert at Mrs. Schiff's on Jan. 5.

Among those present were Mrs. Jonathan Thorne, Mr. and Mrs. Felix M. Warburg, Mrs. Christian Herter, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac N. Seligman, Dr. and Mrs. Walter Chappell, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Warburg, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sprague, Mr. and Mrs. Marcus M. Marks, Mrs. Morris Loeb, Mrs. Theron P. Blakeslee, Mrs. Adolph Lewisohn, Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Fell, Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, Mrs. Carl Hirter, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph S. Elkus, Mrs. Nauis Marshall, Mrs. D. B. St. John Roosa, Mrs. Henry Goldman, Mrs. H. D. Walbridge, Mrs. Henry Villard, Mrs. Pliny Fisk, Mrs. William D. Guthrie, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Seligman, Mrs. James Harding, Mrs. Kimball, Mrs. J. Warren Goddard, Mr. and Mrs. Franz Kneisel, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Damrosch.

"Boris Godunoff" Sung Again.

Moussorgsky's "Boris Godunoff" was repeated at the Metropolitan Opera House last night. The cast was the usual one, with Adamo Didur singing the rôle of Boris. Among the others who appeared were Mmes. Ober, Braslau, Sparkes, Maubourg, and Duchene, and Messrs Althouse, Bada, Reschiglian, Rothier, de Segurola, Audisio, and Reiss. Arturo Toscanini conducted.

FORBES-ROBERTSON SEEN AS OTHELLO

An Artistic Accomplishment Which Lacks the Complete Effect.

HAS SOME FINE MOMENTS

Miss Elliott as Desdemona in Cast Which Provides a Moderately Interesting Performance.

OTHELLO, a tragedy in five acts, by Shakespeare. Shubert Theatre.

Duke of Venice	Montague Rutherfurd
Brabantio	Ian Robertson
A Senator	Sam T. Pearce
Gratiano	Grendon Bentley
Lodovico	Robert Atkins
Othello	J. Forbes-Robertson
Cassio	Alex. Scott-Gatty
Iago	S. A. Cookson
Roderigo	George Hayes
Montano	Walter Ringham
First Gentleman	Arthur Fitzgerald
Second Gentleman	Eric Ross
Third Gentleman	Eric Adeney
First Messenger	Gordon Richards
A Herald	Richard Andeau
Desdemona	Gertrude Elliott
Emilia	Adeline Bourne
Bianca	Maud Buchanan

Unlike Hamlet, who may be fat or ean—and the commentators have argued themselves black in the face upon the point—Othello is one of those Shakespearean rôles which seems most to demand a definite physical equipment. His speech and action, whether in moments of gentle sentiment or frenzied bursts of jealousy and anguish, are developed in hyperbole. He is a sort of Shakespearean superman of grand passions. And for his complete interpretation he demands more brawn than brain.

Mr. Forbes-Robertson, on the other hand, is essentially an actor of the intellect, with a sensitive, sympathetic organism capable of very definite and beautiful gradations of emotion. And though not without fire on occasion, his best effects are produced through processes that suggest a ruling mentality in the man. That is one of the things which makes his Hamlet extraordinary. And it is exactly that which prevents his Othello from satisfying the ideal which is created through a contemplation of the tragedy in which the Moor is the central, sympathetic figure.

It was Mr. Tree who objected not so long ago to an allusion to a gentlemanly Othello. And Forbes-Robertson, one fancies, would be equally distressed to have his Othello referred to in that way. But there were moments last night, notably in the earlier scenes with Desdemona, when the Moor's gentleness was so much emphasized that the description lost interest in fact.

This is not to say, however, that Mr. Forbes-Robertson's Othello lacks interest. It is always worth while watching a battle against big odds. And in this rôle all the odds are against the actor. Moreover, inclined to ascribe to the physical type, his Othello, to be in any sense symbolic, has to suggest a complete reversal of the natural endowment. And this in a sense it does. So the net result is an artistic accomplishment, if not a wholly satisfying one.

Where it was least satisfactory is in those cumulative bursts of passion which when rightly produced serve to sweep the spectator off his mental pins, as, indeed, they are supposed to affect the actual characters in the scene. Mr. Robertson misses here the swift rush of events, the big pulse of passion, the crashing crescendo with which "Othello," once the Moor, is aroused, makes its way to the tragic denouement.

When an Othello of sufficient physical grandeur holds the stage the alternate passages in which Iago hatches his plots and tells you all about them have the virtue of relieving the mental tension. When the Othello is one big enough to sweep you off your feet mentally, unless, indeed, your Iago happens to be a wonderfully fine actor himself, these same scenes may seem tedious and studied.

To be quite candid, then, about last night's performance, it must be admitted that it was not sufficiently impressive to bite deeply into the emotions of those to whom the mere Othello story is not a thrice-told tale, in spite of the fact that Mr. Forbes-Robertson played such a scene as that in which Iago first instills the prison of suspicion with a far surer touch of truth than it ordinarily receives. One got here a superb expression of the development of distrust and of the simple mind battling with suspicion. What followed, too, was often eloquent, not infrequently moving, but never overpowering.

Of course, such a speech as that which Othello makes to the Senators was read in most admirable fashion, and the readings generally were such as one might expect from this master of English diction. But most of us will probably continue to prefer this actor's Hamlet to his Othello, to any of the Shakespearean rôles, in fact, in which he has seen fit to disclose himself.

Mr. Cookson's Iago had a virtue of variety, if no great subtlety, and Miss Elliott's Desdemona did not lack charm. Dignity marked Ian Robertson's Brabantio, and the rôle of the Duke was well read by Montague Rutherford. The Cassio of Alex Scott-Gatty, the Roderigo of George Hayes, and the Emilia of Adelaide Bourne merit also a word of appreciation.

DANCE FOR MISS RICE.

Mrs. William L. Rice Gives a Large Party for Daughter at Plaza.

Mrs. William Lowe Rice entertained last night at the Plaza with a large dance for her daughter, Miss Mildred Gautier Rice. A number of dinners preceded it, the hostesses including Mrs. Philip Hiss, Mrs. J. Todhunter Thompson, Mrs. Joel E. Fisher, Mrs. Howard Carroll, and others.

The guests were asked to come at 10 o'clock, and were received at the entrance of the ballroom by Mrs. Rice, in white brocade veiled with gold net with a garniture of pink roses, and Miss Rice, in pink charmeuse and cream lace trimmed with pink roses, and turquoise blue sash and girdle.

There was general dancing until midnight, when a supper was served in the Louis XVIth. and adjoining room. The tables were decorated with white narcissi and ferns.

E. CLARENCE JONES HOST.

Gives Second of His Tea Dances at Sherry's—The Guests.

E. Clarence Jones gave a second of his tea dances yesterday afternoon at Sherry's. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Breitung, Mr. and Mrs. Jules S. Bache, Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish. Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Disston, Mr. and Mrs. Paulding Fosdick, Mr. and Mrs. Jay Gould, Mr. and Mrs. Gerald M. Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lewisohn, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs, Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer L. Schiff, Mr. and Mrs. Griswold A. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt, also Mrs. Frederick Guest, Mrs. Clendenneur Kortright, Mme. Henri de Sincay, Mrs. John A. Logan, Jr., the Misses Edith L. Adams, Juliet Breitung, Kathryn Bache, Pauline Disston, Florence Gilbert, Eleanor Hartshorne, Ellen Ladew, Alice Richard, Emily E. Sloane, Lawrence Waterbury, Judge Peter T. Barlow, Angier Duke, Nils Florman, Robert Graves, Stephen B. Elkins, Harvey Ladew, Arthur F. Lourges, W. Rhinelander Stewart, Malcolm D. Sloane, and Campbell Steward.

SOCIAL NOTES

Miss Katharine Fitch will give a luncheon for débutantes to-day at 38 West Fifty-sixth Street.

Mrs. J. E. Ryder will give a reception on Jan. 27 to introduce her daughter, Miss Helen Whitney Ryder, at her residence, 981 Park Avenue. Mrs. Ryder gave a luncheon last Thursday for her daughter.

Mrs. Lucien Hamilton Tyng of 3 East Eighty-fifth Street will give a tea for Miss Blanche Tyng, the débutante daughter of James A. Tyng, on Saturday.

Mrs. Whitney Hoff of Paris is at the St. Regis for a visit.

Mrs. William Gray Park, whose daughter, Miss Elsie Park, is one of the season's débutantes, has leased Mrs. Robert Sedgwick's house at 107 East Thirty-seventh Street for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. James Herman Aldrich of 150 West Fifty-ninth Street are sailing to-day on the Mauretania for a visit in England.

Mrs. C. Montagu Ward and Miss Frances M. Ward will be at home at 29 East Seventy-seventh Street on Tuesdays in January.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt, who have been at Newport, will entertain a party over Christmas at their lodge in the Adirondacks, sailing for England the latter part of January.

A Christmas sale will be held to-day at the residence of Mrs. E. Fairfield Osborn, 850 Madison Avenue, from 2 till 6 o'clock, for the benefit of the Junior Guild of the New York City Missions Society. Mrs. William J. Schieffelin, the Misses Cuyler, Josephine A. Osborn, Kitty Lawrence, and Mary Edgar form the Advisory Committee of the society.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lonsdale Leeming of 94 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, will give a musicale this evening at their home. Miss Frieda Hempel and Putnam Griswold will sing.

Mrs. Rudolf Tombo, Jr., of 380 Riverside Drive is giving several small teas for Miss Dorothy Miles of Abbeville Leigh, England, the first one to be given to-morrow.

Mrs. Henry Van Arsdale and Miss Van Arsdale are to give a reception on Saturday afternoon at their home, 74 West Ninety-fourth Street, for Miss Alice Maude Van Arsdale.

Mrs Charles Louis Sicard has sent out cards for a tea dance to be given at her residence, 329 West Sventy-seventh Street, on New Year's Day.

Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills have returned from Staatsburg, N. Y., and are at their town residence, 2 East Sixty-ninth Street. They were at the opera last night.

Albert Eugene Gallatin will give a dinner to-night at the Ritz-Carlton for Miss Helen D. Huntington and her fiancé, Vincent Astor, taking his guests afterward to Mrs. Percy Pyne's dance for her daughter. Miss Mary Pyne. Mrs. Grafton H. Pyne will also give a dinner before the dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Gifford A. Cochran gave a dinner of seventy covers last night in the ballroom of the Ritz-Carlton, which was followed by a dance, for which 200 additional guests were asked.

Mrs. Howard Carroll will give a luncheon to-day for Miss Elinor Townsend Darlington, the débutante daughter of Bishop Darlington.

Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer will give a dinner to-night at her residence, 7 East Seventy-third Street.

Mrs. Simeon B. Chapin will entertain to-day with a luncheon for Miss May Farquhar Ferguson.

Mrs. Henry Lewis Morris will give a luncheon to-day at 12 West Fifty-third Street.

The Tuesday Night Dancing Class will meet at Sherry's this evening. Mrs. H. G. Trevor, Mrs. Frederick Delafield, Mrs. G. Howard Davison, and Mrs. J. H. Hunt are among the organizers.

Mrs. G. W. Perkins and Miss Dorothy Perkins will give a tea this afternoon at 76 Park Avenue.

Corscaden-Thomas Wedding To-day

The marriage of Miss Julia Thomas, a daughter of Mrs. Wolcott Thomas of San Francisco, and Dr. James Albert Corscaden of this city will take place at 4:30 this afternoon in Grace Church Chantry. Dr. Corscaden is assistant surgeon in the Presbyterian Hospital and is connected with the Rockefeller Institute.

Miss Thomas will have her sister, Mrs. Joseph Weller Sefton, as matron of honor, and her bridesmaids will be the Misses Margaret and Eugenie Franz of St. Louis.

Dr. Raymond Stevens will be Dr. Corscaden's best man, and the ushers are to be Dr. Howard Swift, Charles Pelgram, and Charles Stone.

A reception will be held at the Holland House.

WOODWARD—ROSEN.

Wilmer E. Woodward of the Publishers' Newspaper Syndicate of this city and Miss Helen Rosen, in the employ of the Frank Presbrey Advertising Company, were married yesterday in the Holland House by the Rev. Dr. Goldsmith. George M. Van Slyke, Mr. Woodward's business partner, was the best man. Twelve friends of the bride and bridegroom attended the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Woodward left last night for the South.

BENDHEIM—FLEISCHMANN.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Bendheim of 414 West 145th Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Viola Bendheim, to Theodore Fleischmann.

MUSIC NOTES.

Alexander L. Bloch will give a violin recital on Sunday, Dec. 21, in the Straus Auditorium of the Educational Alliance, East Broadway and Jefferson Street. Mr. Bloch has for several years studied under Auer at St. Petersburg and was recently first violinist and leader of the orchestra at the Opera House at Tiflis.

The Educational Chamber Music Society will give concerts in the auditorium of the Educational Alliance, Jefferson Street and East Broadway, on Sunday, Dec. 28, Jan. 4, Jan. 25, Feb. 8, Feb. 22, March 8, and March 22. The artists are Alexander Saslavsky, violin; Modest Altschuler, 'cello; Jacob Altschuler, viola, and Leo Levy, piano. In order to give lovers of music of the most moderate means the opportunity of listening to high class music reserved seats can be had for the series.

MISS DRAPER, BRIDE OF LINZEE BLAGDEN

Daughter of Mrs. William H. Draper Married to Son of Mrs. George Blagden.

GRACE CHURCH CEREMONY

Bride's Brother Gives Her in Marriage—Her Sister Ruth and Miss Janet P. Dana the Bridesmaids.

The marriage of Linzee Blagden, a son of Mrs. George Blagden, and Miss Dorothea Draper, a daughter of Mrs. William H. Draper and a granddaughter of the late Charles A. Dana, took place at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in Grace Church, the Rev. Thomas Slattery, rector of the church, officiating. The church was simply decorated with vases filled with pink roses on the altar and with ferns and palms.

The bride walked with her brother, Charles Dana Draper, who gave her in marriage. She wore a white gown, with a long satin Court train. The corsage of all point lace had lace sleeves to the elbows, and had tunic of point lace yellow with age. She wore a short string of matched pearls of unusual beauty, a gift, and carried lilies of the valley and orchids.

The two bridesmaids were Miss Ruth Draper, a sister of the bride, and Miss Janet Percy Dana, a cousin. Their frocks were of striped white satin, having pannier tunic of the satin and narrow pink satin girdles and sashes. The bodices had Medici collars of lace at the back, and opened like coats over waistcoats of plaited tulle and lace. The hats were small with round crowns of pink satin, the brims narrow at the front and sides and turning up very high in V-shaped peaks at the back, faced with brown velvet and having fanlike bows of pink tulle rising between the points and the crown. Brown fur banded the hat crowns. Both attendants carried loose clusters of pink carnations.

Mr. Blagden's best man was his brother, Dexter Blagden, and the ushers were George G. Blagden, another brother; William Prescott Rogers, and Philip Stockton of Boston, Phillips B. Thompson, Dr. Henry Suydam Satterlee, and Richmond Talbot of New York. There was no reception after the wedding.

The guests included Miss Martha L. Draper, Mrs. S. P. Blagden, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Blagden, Miss Margaret Blagden, Miss Miriam Blagden, Mr. and Mrs. Wendell Blagden, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Blagden, Dr. John W. Brannan and Mrs. Brannan, Crawford and Meredith Blagden, E. S. Blagden, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Dana, Dr. W. K. Draper and Mrs. Draper, Dr. George Draper and Mrs. Draper, Joseph Choate and Miss Mabel Choate, Mrs. J. J. Higginson, Mrs. Richard Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Nicholas Biddle, Mrs. Prescott Hall Butler, Miss Butler, Dr. W. B. James and Mrs. James, and the Misses James.

Also Mr. and Mrs. John Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. Hermann Kinnicutt, Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Potter, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Rumsey, Mrs. Phillips Thompson, Mrs. Arthur Weeks, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wheelock, Mr. and Mrs. Harold White, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Motley, Mr. and Mrs. Julio Benedict, Mr. and Mrs. Reed Barrett, Stanley McGraw, Lawrence McKeever, Mrs. Philip Stockton, Mrs. Henry Suydam Satterlee, E. C. Sampson, Ralph Underhill and Mrs. Underhill.

George Voorhies, Turf Man, Dies.

George Voorhies, a noted breeder of thoroughbreds and an authority on turf matters, died yesterday at the home of his son-in-law, James B. Haggin, 1 East Sixty-fourth Street. Mr. Voorhies was prominent in thoroughbred breeding circles at Lexington, Ky., where he made his home. For many years he looked after Mr. Haggin's breeding interests, and developed many race horses before the anti-betting law put a stop to the breeding industry. Mr. Voorhies was considered one of the greatest authorities in the United States on "blood lines," and was consulted by many owners and breeders. The funeral will take place next Thursday at Lexington.

The Rev. Reuben D. Nevius.

TACOMA, Wash., Dec. 15.—The Rev. Reuben D. Nevius, one of the most widely known clergymen of the West, who established more than thirty Episcopal churches and chapels in the Pacific Northwest, died here yesterday, aged 86 years. He was an authority on some forms of plant life, and a plant named in his honor, the "Neviusia Alahamaensli," is grown extensively in England.

Brig. Gen. David J. Craigie.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 15.—Brig. Gen. David Johnston Craigie, U. S. A., who was in the civil war and in the Cuban and Philippine campaigns, died here yesterday, aged 73 years.

Swift & Company's sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Dec. 13, averaged 11.58 cents per pound.—Adv.

PROF. MESSENGER DEAD.

Actuary of The Travelers' Insurance Company Was 58.

Hiram J. Messenger, actuary of the Travelers Insurance Company and lecturer on insurance at Cornell University, died at his home in Hartford, Conn., yesterday, aged 58 years. He was born at Canandaigua, N. Y., and educated at the State Normal School, Cortland, N. Y., and Cornell University. In 1881 he was professor of mathematics at the State Normal School, in the same capacity 1882-83 at Napa College, Cal., and associate professor of mathematics at New York University from 1886 to 1890. Prof. Messenger was a member of the Institute of Actuaries of London, Fellow Actuarial Society of America, Fellow of the American Statistical Society, and member of the American Mathematical Society, National Geographical Society, Metropolitan Museum of Art, Trustee of the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society and of the Council of Cornell University.

Mrs. William F. Proctor.

Mrs. William F. Proctor, widow of William F. Proctor, Vice President of the Singer Manufacturing Company, and the daughter of the late Isaac M. Singer, inventor of the Singer Sewing Machine, died on Sunday night at the Hotel Lorraine, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, aged 73. Before her marriage to Mr. Proctor she was Vouletti Theresa Singer, and had for many years been interested in charity. Three children survive, Mrs. Charles Manning Van Heusan and William Ross Proctor of this city, and Charles E. Proctor of Great Neck, L. I.

Col. James H. Walbridge.

James Hicks Walbridge, Colonel of the Second Vermont Volunteers, died yesterday in his 88th year at his home in North Bennington, Vt.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM EDGAR, Director of several banks and insurance companies in New Jersey; President of the Woodbridge Board of Education, and member of the New Jersey State Reformatory Commission, died yesterday at his home in Woodbridge. Mr. Edgar was born Aug. 7, 1846. He left a widow, a son, and two daughters.

Miss MARGARET QUANDRILL CLARK GRIFFIS, sister of the Rev. William Elliot Griffis, a leading missionary among women in Japan, died yesterday at the home of her brother, Dr. Griffis, in Ithaca, N. Y. In 1872 Miss Griffis went to Japan with her brother, then Professor in the Imperial University at Tokio. She accepted an appointment from the Japanese Minister in Tokio, and organized the first school for girls in the empire. Out of this college grew the Peeresses' College and the Tokio Normal School.

Dr. FRANCIS DE LAU PARKER, former Dean of the Medical College of South Carolina, a distinguished surgeon in the Confederate Army, and prominent in medical activities of the South, died in Charleston yesterday.

SARAH TEEL MANDEVILLE, widow of Dr. Frederick B. Mandeville, formerly of Newark, N. J., died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Edward W. Scudder Johnston, at 52 East Seventy-fifth Street. She is survived by three children, Dr. Frederick A. Mandeville of Newark, Mrs. Johnston, and James A. Mandeville of East Orange, N. J.

JOHN C. KNIGHT, Vice President of the Root-Night Company, Inc., 27 East Twenty-second Street, died yesterday at his home, 740 Riverside Drive, aged 64 years, after an illness of six weeks. His wife, Mrs. Alma C. Ballentine-Knight, two daughters and son, survive him. Mr. Knight was a member of the Whitehall Club.

Miss HARRIET BEMENT, who was a contributor to many private charities, died yesterday in her apartments at the Hotel Bretton Hall, aged 83 years. She was the daughter of the late Caleb N. and Caroline Holmes Bement, who resided for many years at 120 East Twenty-ninth Street.

EDWARD SAVAGE, formerly a resident of Albany, died Dec. 8 at Minneapolis, Minn., from pneumonia. He was in his seventy-fourth year.

JASPER M. LAWFORD, 71 years old, Treasurer of the Civil Service Reform Association, died in Baltimore yesterday.

Capt JAMES T. LANGLEY, employed in the marine department of Parrish, Phillips & Co., is dead at his home at Glen Cove, L. I., aged 60 years.

WILLIAM A. BURGMYER, a carrier in the Brooklyn Post Office for twenty-five years, died yesterday at his home, 1,742 East Thirteenth Street, Brooklyn, aged 54 years.

HARRY J. CRANE, an engineer employed by the Shore Railroad, died on Saturday at his home, 351 Grand Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 54 years.

ANDREW C. MUTTRAT, a shoe manufacturer, died on Saturday at his home, 120 East Thirty-first Street, Brooklyn, aged 64 years.

SAMUEL WATERBURY, Vice President of the Pilgrim Laundry Company, died on Saturday at his home, 61 Tomkins Place, Brooklyn, aged 42 years.

HENRY VON DREELE, a farmer at New Lots, L. I., for sixty years, is dead at his home there, aged 86 years.

JACOB KRINSKI, manufacturer in East New York, died on Saturday at his home, 248 Liberty Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 70 years. He was a member of the Hebrew Federated Charities.

CHARLES D. WALLACE, President of the Stroudsburg National Bank at Stroudsburg, Penn., and senior member of the firm of Joseph Wallace & Sons, a department store, died on Sunday at his home there, aged 58 years.

Mrs. LIDA HAINES, wife of Charles D. Haines, railway builder here and former Congressman, died on Saturday at Orlando, Fla., where she was under treatment for her health.

Surgeon WILLIAM H. WHEELER, U. S. N., who was born here thirty-nine years ago, died on January 1 in the Naval Hospital at Washington, D. C. He will be interred in Arlington Cemetery.

WALTER J. DONOVAN, General Treasurer of the B. F. Keith theatres, died on Sunday at his home at Dorchester, Mass., aged 54 years. He was a graduate of the Lawrence School, and previous to his theatrical business, in which he started eighteen years ago, he was in the banking business.

JOSEPH M. DUCLOS, one of the oldest architects and builders, who retired twenty-five years ago, died on Saturday at his home, 32 McDonough Street, Brooklyn, aged 81 years. Following his employment by the Architectural Iron Works, when he came here from France, he established the East River Iron Works.

Col. ABRAHAM ANDREWS, proprietor of the Diamond Palace, one of the show places of San Francisco, where he was a leading jeweler for many years, died on Sunday at his home there, aged 89 years. He fought in the Mexican War. In 1850 Col. Andrews went to California and was the first to work quartz gold into jewelry.

BERNARD W. BRADY, retired engineer and civil war veteran, died on Sunday at his home, 205 Maple Street, Flatbush, aged 75 years. He was a member of Dahlgren-Powell Post, G. A. R.

WILLIAM J. BANNERMAN, in business many years in Columbia Street, died on Sunday at his home, 689 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, aged 57 years.

Mrs. CATHERINE E. PERRINE, wife of Franklin P. Perrine and mother of Henry C. Perrine, Assistant Corporation Counsel at Jamaica, died on Sunday at her home, 206 First Avenue, Long Island City, aged 60 years.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

RADIN.—To Mr. and Mrs. Matthias Radin, (nee Rose Minsky,) a son.

SEEBOHM.—On Dec. 10, at 465 East 17th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., to Mr. and Mrs. H. C. A. Seebohm, a son, Hans Hermann.

Engaged.

BRETZFELDER—HILBORN.—Mr. and Mrs. Gus Hilborn announce the engagement of their daughter, Rosalie, to Mr. Charles H. Bretzfelder. At home Sunday afternoon, Jan 11, from 3 to 6, 22 West 96th St.

Married.

COHEN—MENDELSON.—Therese Mendelson to Albert Cohen, by Dr. Stephen Wise, Monday, Dec. 15.

BLAGDEN—DRAPER.—On Monday, Dec. 15, 1913 at Grace Church, New York City, by the Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Dorothea, daughter of the late William H. Draper, M. D., to Linzee Blagden.

STOKES—WALKER.—At the home of the bride's mother, 50 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, on Thursday, Dec. 11, 1913, by the Rev. Charles Carroll Albertson, D. D., Annie Adelaide Walker to Bertram Thomas Stokes.

Died.

APPLEBY.—On Dec. 15, 1913, at the residence of his son, 216 West 50th St., Charles E. Appleby, in the 90th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BEMENT.—On Monday, Dec. 15, Harriet Bement, formerly of 120 East 20th St., daughter of the late Caleb N. and Caroline Holmes Bement. Funeral service at her late residence, Hotel Bretton Hall, 86th St. and Broadway, on Wednesday, Dec. 17, at 3 o'clock. Interment at Poughkeepsie on Thursday.

BILLITZER.—Etta, aged 80, on Dec. 15, beloved mother of Samuel, David, Sali Wohl, the late Regina Hartmann, Lena Elsen, and Rose Sacks.

BOLGER.—Edwin M., beloved husband of the late Mary Murphy and father of Anthony J. and Edwin A. Bolger, on Monday, Dec. 15, 1913, in his 69th year. Funeral from his late residence, 420 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn, on Thursday, thence to Church of St. John the Baptist, Lewis and Willoughby Avs., on Thursday, Dec. 18, at 10 A. M.

CANTZ.—E. Catherine, entered into rest Dec. 14th, widow of John C. Cantz. Service at her late residence, 322 East 201st St., Bedford Park, N. Y. C., Wednesday, Dec. 17, 1913, at 2 P. M. Interment private at convenience of family. Philadelphia and Norristown, Penn., papers please copy.

CRANE.—Suddenly, at Montclair, N. J., on Dec. 14, 1913, William F. Crane. Funeral services at his late residence, 105 Union St., on Tuesday, Dec. 16, on arrival of train leaving Hoboken 1:30 P. M., D., L. & W. R. R. Carriages meet train.

CRANE.—Veterans of the Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. Y.—Members are requested to attend

TELLS OF HIS WORK REPLANNING CITIES

Thomas H. Mawson Has Undertaken a Big Job in the Canadian Northwest.

DESIGN FOR NATIONAL PARK

Remodeling English Town of Exeter—Garden Commission for the King of Greece.

Thomas H. Mawson, one of the foremost of English landscape and town-planning architects, and the author of several books on those subjects, arrived at the Belmont yesterday from a trip through Canada. He is sailing to-night on the Mauretania. Mr. Mawson has undertaken the work of re-planning several of the cities of Western Canada, and has taken charge of the development of the big Canadian National Park at Banff. With him is his son, J. W. Mawson, one of the first graduates of the School of City Planning of Liverpool University, who acts as chief assistant.

With Prof. Lairdy of the University of Pennsylvania and Prof. Durley of McGill University, Mr. Mawson, Sr., who is, incidentally, lecturer on landscape designing at Liverpool University, has been lately engaged in drawing up recommendations for the establishment of the British Columbia Provincial University at Port Gray just outside the city of Vancouver. Mr. Mawson is now engaged on re-planning for Banff, Calgary, Regina, and Vancouver. He is doing similar work for the city of Exeter, England, much visited by Americans, and at Athens, Greece, he is rearranging the grounds about the old Palace and designing the surroundings for the new Palace in reference to which he is to meet King Constantine at Corfu soon after he returns to Europe.

"My principal work during the trip through Canada was the study at Banff of a town site, and of the area of the Canadian National Park for the Dominion Government," said Mr. Mawson. "Banff is already a very popular resort for the tourist, though principally in the Summer, and the intention is to convert it into a great Winter resort. It is a region which, in scenery and many other respects, surpasses Switzerland, and it is aimed to offer there all the other attractions which take Americans and Canadians to Switzerland in the Winter.

Banff National Park.

"The park area with which I am dealing there for the Government will include, at the start, 40 out of the 5,000 square miles in the reservation. My plans have already been drawn and approved by the Government. Then I am replacing the city site of Banff, designing three new bridges to cross the Bow River and locating great recreation grounds for both Summer and Winter sports, at the same time arranging large subdivisions for the better class of property.

"Our commission of experts, which was asked by the Government of British Columbia to inspect a site for the new Provincial University, has suggested a policy of development which will eventually cover the entire 268 acres of campus provided. The establishment of a great institution of learning is contemplated. The first buildings have already been designed, and a large sum has been put aside for the initial work.

"My plan for the town improvement of Vancouver City has been accepted, and the work on the drawings is going forward. I am also engaged in replanning the city of Calgary, which is a vast undertaking, and will have an enormous influence on the economic and aesthetic growth of the city. I am carrying out another scheme for the city of Regina and the Government of Saskatchewan. In Calgary the more permanent part of the city will remain, with a few alterations, as they will not interfere much with the designs. There will be a civic centre, the suburbs will be rearranged on more scientific lines, improvements in the railway terminals will be suggested, and there will be a great park system. Minor centres will be created, such as those of small communities in the suburbs, of which the school house will form the central feature. The school buildings will stand in spaces of an area of about eight acres, containing a children's playground and a small park, and the school buildings will be used as social centres for the communities in which they stand.

"As the City of Exeter in England is so much visited by Americans, it might be of interest that I am remodeling the place. The scheme begins with a new railway depot at Queen Street and extends to the old High Street, thence to the eastern and southern sides of the Cathedral. At present this building, which so many go to Exeter mainly to see, is surrounded by houses, and it is not possible to see it until you get close to it.

Boulevard at Exeter.

"In the scheme proposed, first of all, the idea is to build a boulevard between the old Guildhall, one of the finest of its type in England, and the west end of the Cathedral. Another vista will be created from one end of Queen Street at its junction with High Street. On the site occupied by the old market there will probably be erected a great city hall, flanked on one end by an art gallery and on the other by a building of corresponding size, in which will be collected the several big libraries, for which Exeter is famed, and valuable manuscript collections owned in the town, so that they will be more accessible to scholars and historians.

"The town planning movement is sweeping Great Britain," said Mr. Mawson. "At the present time I think there are no fewer than forty-four cities in England alone which are taking advantage of John Burns's town-planning act, and seeking powers for the preparation of complete city plans. In many cases, such as that of Birmingham, the plans are well under way. In most cases the schemes will include great civic centres. In England, however, town planning begins with the provision of public utilities, and takes up as equally important the better housing of the working class. The rearing of the grand exterior and the stage effects which characterize city planning in other countries is not being lost sight of, however, but will be obtained only as the final expansion of the city group.

"The model village idea is still growing in England and spreading to the Continent. There has been considerable disappointment on the other side that the Sage colony on Long Island is not, after all, to be run along the lines that in England has attracted so much attention to the scheme. We had thought that the idea was to provide country homes for working people whose wages are small.

"The work I am doing for the King of Greece involves remodeling the gardens around the old palace and designing surroundings for the new palace, together with laying out a royal cemetery at the place where King George is buried. At Corfu I am going to consider a scheme for remodeling portions of the city. I have been asked by some of the Australian universities to come out there and endeavor to develop interest in town planning, and shall leave England next month for Melbourne."

MANY MOTOR DRIVERS FINED

Only One Auto Accident Yesterday —$25 Is Cost of Speeding.

More than 100 drivers of automobiles and motor cycles were fined yesterday for speeding or for other violations of the ordinances. Only one automobile accident was reported during the day. Charles Billm, 11 years old, of 486 East Eightieth Street, who was roller skating on First Avenue late yesterday afternoon, was struck and knocked down by a motor truck owned by Rohe Brothers of 525 West Thirty-sixth Street, and driven by Jacob Koch of Jersey City. The boy was not badly hurt, and no arrest was made.

Magistrate Marsh, in the Jefferson Market Court, fined eight automobile drivers for speeding and violating the eight-foot law. He fined twenty-five drivers from $1 to $5 for being on the wrong side of the street, for having smoking engines, or for not lighting their lamps after dark. Charles Pequeux, chauffeur for Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, was fined $5 for permitting his engine to smoke.

Magistrate Barlow, in the Yorkville Court, imposed seven fines of $25 each for speeding. Thirteen other prisoners, charged with violating other automobile ordinances, were fined from $1 to $5 apiece. Robert Hoffman of 183 Third Street, a driver for Wanamaker's, was fined $25, but elected to take the alternative of three days in jail.

Magistrate Ten Eyck, in the West Side Court, imposed eight fines of $25 for speeding and twenty fines of from $1 to $5 for other offenses.

Magistrate Schulz, in the West Farms Court, imposed two fines of $25 each for speeding, but later reconsidered one of the cases in order to permit Harry Coe, a plumber at Pelham, N. J., to be represented by counsel.

SEIZE BRIDE'S PLUME.

Customs Men Take Feathers from Mrs. Wegefaith's Baggage.

When the steamship Caribbean arrived from Bermuda last night a Customs Inspector found a bird of paradise plume in the baggage of Mrs. C. L. Wegefaith of Philadelphia, who with her husband was returning from their honeymoon in Bermuda. Mrs. Wegefaith protested vigorously when the plume was seized, but her husband and her mother convinced her that it was best to let the law take its course.

The plume was sent to the Public Stores. Mr. Wegefaith said it cost $50.

TRIPLETS IN BROOKLYN.

Two Boys and a Girl Born to Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Neu.

Triplets were born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Louis P. Neu, who live at 1,862 Sixty-first Street, in the Borough Park section of Brooklyn, which the real estate operators frequently describe as "Brooklyn's fastest growing suburb."

They were two boys and a girl. Last evening it was said at the Neu home that Mrs. Neu was doing very well.

HOSPITAL FUND GETS $1,451

$31,601 of $150,000 for Washington Heights Institution Collected.

The sixth day of the ten-day campaign to raise $150,000 to build a new home for the Washington Heights Hospital resulted yesterday in the collection of $1,451.04, making a total of $31,601.04.

The volunteer workers in the campaign have only four days left to complete the fund.

Homeseekers to Lose "Stopovers."

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Because of the large number of country folk who become easy victims of pickpockets and confidence games in the large cities, the Central Passenger Association announced to-day that, beginning on Feb. 1, no stopover privileges would be granted by railroads on homeseekers' tickets. The principal stop-over points on such tickets are Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

5% and SAFETY GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

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RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital & Surplus - $5,500,000
59 Liberty St., N.Y. 184 Montague St., Bkn.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac For To-day.

Sun rises..7:18|Sun sets..4:34|Moon rises..7:45

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:27	10:00	3:05	8:55
Governors Island	9:33	9:57	3:15	4:20
Hell Gate	11:28	11:47	4:55	6:00

Arrived—Monday, Dec. 15.

U. S. S. Florida.
U. S. S. Wyoming.
U. S. S. Arkansas.
U. S. S. Utah.
SS California, Glasgow, Dec. 6.
SS Dominic, Barbados, Dec. 7.
SS Craster Hall, Perth Amboy, Dec. 15.
SS El Mar, New Orleans, Dec. 9.
SS Radiant, Port Arthur, Dec. 8.
SS Herm, Cadiz, Nov. 17.
SS Nelson, Matanzas, Dec. 10.
SS Aurora, Turks Island, Dec. 9.
SS Michigan, Antwerp, Nov. 27.
SS Philadelphia, Antwerp, Nov. 29.
SS American, Colon, Nov. 30.
SS Cymric, Liverpool, Dec. 4.
SS Cibao, Port Antonio, Dec. 10.
SS Borinquen, San Juan, Dec. 4.
SS Allemania, Inagua, Dec. 11.
SS Creole, New Orleans, Dec. 10.
SS El Occidente, Galveston, Dec. 9.
SS Mana Hata, Baltimore, Dec. 13.
SS Caribbean, Bermuda, Dec. 13.
SS Cherokee, Georgetown, S. C., Dec. 11.
SS Huron, Jacksonville, Dec. 12.
SS Vaderland, Antwerp, Dec. 6.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Tanglistan	Oran	Nov. 29
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Dec. 6
Carrillo	Kingston	Dec. 11
San Juan	San Juan	Dec. 10
Tennyson	Barbados	Dec. 8
Main	Bremen	Dec. 4
Barcelona	Hamburg	Nov. 30
Noorderdyk	Rotterdam	Nov. 28
Delphine	Naples	Nov. 29
Venezia	Gibraltar	Dec. 6
Conrad Mohr	Immingham	Dec. 1
Osage	Rotterdam	Nov. 30
Havana	Havana	Dec. 13
Commewijne	Trinidad	Dec. 9
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Dec. 13
Concho	Galveston	Dec. 10

DUE TO-MORROW.

Kansas City	Swansea	Dec. 2
Panama	Crostoba	Dec. 11
Guiana	St. Thomas	Dec. 11
Bremen	Bremen	Dec. 6
Magdalena	Kingston	Dec. 12
Prinz Joachim	Kingston	Dec. 11
Mobile	Mobile	Dec. 10
Apache	Jacksonville	Dec. 14
El Sol	Galveston	Dec. 11

DUE THURSDAY.

St. Louis	Southampton	Dec. 10
America	Naples	Dec. 9
Santa Maria	Savanilla	Dec. 7
Florizel	Halifax	Dec. 16
Comus	New Orleans	Dec. 13
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	Dec. 15
Perfection	Port Arthur	Dec. 10
El Rio	New Orleans	Dec. 13

DUE FRIDAY.

Lusitania	Liverpool	Dec. 13
Princess Irene	Gibraltar	Dec. 9
Dora	Algiers	Dec. 3
Pretoria	Hamburg	Dec. 6
New York (rank)	Rotterdam	Dec. 15
Asiatic Prince	Bahia	Nov. 30
Maracaibo	Curacao	Dec. 11
El Valle	Galveston	Dec. 13
City of Savannah	Savannah	Dec. 13

DUE SATURDAY.

Lorraine	Havre	Dec. 13
Amerika	Hamburg	Dec. 11
Ultonia	Naples	Dec. 8
Canadian	Antwerp	Dec. 9
Mayaro	Trinidad	Dec. 13
Miltonian	Antwerp	Dec. 6
Prins Maurits	Haiti	Dec. 15
Alamo	Galveston	Dec. 13
Lenape	Jacksonville	Dec. 17

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Mauretania, Liverpool	2:30 P.M.	6:00 P.M.
Matura, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Caribbean, Bermuda	10:00 P.M.	12:00 P.M.
Noordam, Rotterdam	——	10:00 A.M.
Patricia, Hamburg	——	12:00 M.
P. di Piemonte, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
El Sud, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

France, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Dargld, S. Domingo	4:00 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Zinal, Rio Janeiro	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Philadelphia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Advance, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Colorado, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Jefferson, Norfolk	——	3:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Mexico, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Lord Dufferin, Rio Janeiro	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Allemania, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Borinquen, San Juan	——	12:00M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Dia, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

St. Paul, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Aurora, Santo Domingo	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Commewijne, Trinidad	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

California, Glasgow	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Queen Elisabeth, Argentina	2:30 A.M.	6:00 A.M.
Horatius, Argentina	7:00 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Fiorigel, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tamaguey, Tampico	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carrillo, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Javary, Para	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
P. Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Cymric, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
Minnewaska, London	——	10:00 A.M.
Magdalena, Jamaica	——	1:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., DEC. 15.

SS Vaderland, Antwerp to New York, was 328 miles E. at 3 A. M.; due 16th, forenoon. Red Star Line.

SS Ryndam, Rotterdam to New York, was 380 miles E. at 3 A. M.; due 16th, forenoon. Holland America Line.

SS Napoli, Naples to New York, was 1,100 miles E. at 5 A. M.; due 19th, forenoon. Italian Line.

SS Main, Bremen to New York, signaled; distance not given. North German Lloyd.

SS Noorderdyk, Rotterdam to New York, was 210 miles E. at noon; due 16th, afternoon. Holland America Line.

SS St. Louis, Southampton to New York, was 1,176 miles E. at 4 P. M.; due 18th, forenoon. American Line.

SS Amerika, Hamburg to New York, was 1,796 miles S. at 5:50 P. M.; due 20th, forenoon. Hamburg-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Vesta, Sabine to New York, was 208 miles E. of Sabine Bar at noon.

SS Rio Grande, Brunswick to New York, was 192 miles S. at noon.

SS Comus, New Orleans to New York, was 87 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Perfection, Port Arthur to New York, was 69 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Concho, Galveston to New York, was 230 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Tennyson, Barbados to New York, was 260 miles S. E. at noon.

SS Guiana, St. Thomas to New York, was 380 miles S. E. at noon.

SS El Valle, Galveston to New York, was 72 miles W. of Tortugas at noon.

SS El Rio, New Orleans to New York, was 89 miles N. of Jupiter at 8 P. M.

SS Havana, Havana to New York, was 60 miles N. of Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.

SS Comal, Mobile to New York, was 215 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 590 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 22 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Panama, Cristobal to New York, was 673 miles S. at noon.

SS El Cid, Boston to New York, passed Cross Rip at 6 P. M.

SS Carrillo, Kingston to New York, was 100 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Alamo, Galveston to New York, was 100 miles E. of Galveston at 6 P. M.

SS Roman Prince, Sabine to New York, was 60 miles E. of Sabine at 8 A. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Columbia, at Glasgow, Dec. 15.
SS Minneapolis, at London, Dec. 15.
SS Kyno, at Hull, Dec. 15.
SS Egremont Castle, at Singapore, Dec. 13.
SS Indrasshma, at Manila, Dec. 13.
SS Weberforce, at Plymouth, Dec. 13.
SS Appalachee, at Sunderland, Dec. 14.
SS Bermudian, at Bermuda, Dec. 15.
SS Oscar II., at Christiansand, Dec. 14.
SS Ancona, at Palermo, Dec. 14.
SS Celia, at Valdivia, Dec. 15.

Sailed.

SS Franconia, from Naples, Dec. 14.
SS Stephen, from Para, Dec. 14.
SS Chemiston, from Port Natal, Dec. 13.
SS Hesbaye, from Antwerp, Dec. 13.
SS Havisbrook, from Marseilles, Dec. 13.
SS Baron Tweedmouth, from Auckland, Dec. 14.
SS Pascal, from Barbados, Dec. 12.
SS Orotava, from Kingston, Dec. 13.
SS Magdalena, from Kingston, Dec. 12.
SS Chicago, from Havre, Dec. 13.
SS George Washington, from Cherbourg, Dec. 14.
SS Mountfields, from Shields, Dec. 13.

Passed.

SS Arabistan, from New York, passed Brow Head.
SS Kandelfels, New York to Calcutta, passed Gibraltar.
SS President Lincoln, New York to Hamburg, passed Scilly.
SS Madonna, New York to Naples, passed Gibraltar.
SS Ocean, New York to Amsterdam, passed Scilly.
SS Lackawanna, New York to Manchester, passed Brow Head.

Transpacific Mails.

Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan .....Dec. 18
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Tacoma)—Canada Maru .....Dec. 18
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Marama .....Dec. 19
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via San Francisco)—Persia .....Dec. 23
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed) (via Seattle)—Minnesota .....Dec. 25
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Asia .....Dec. 26
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport .....Dec. 31
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, and New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia (via San Francisco)—Aorangi .....Jan. 2
Hawaii, Samaon Islands, New Zealand, (except parcel post,) and Australia (West) (via San Francisco)—Sonoma .....Jan. 8

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 1:30 P. M. Dec. 16, SS Mauretania, and at 5 P. M. Dec. 18, SS St. Paul.
Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 15, SS Kaiser Wilhelm II.
France—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 18, SS St. Paul.
Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. Dec. 31, SS Ultonia, and at 11:30 A. M. Dec. 31, SS Laura.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 23, SS Vaderland.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Dec. 31, SS Ultonia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 15, SS Noordam.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. Jan. 2, SS Kellig Olaw.
Italy—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 15, SS Principe di Piemonte.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, Nov. 15; Hongkong, Nov. 20; Shanghai, Nov. 22, and Yokohama, Nov. 29—which arrived at Seattle per steamer India, were dispatched east at 11:25 P. M. Dec. 11, and are due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, Dec. 16.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

FALL RIVER LINE
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TO ALBANY AND TROY
Elegant Steel Steamers Leave from Pier 32, N. R., foot of Canal St., Daily and Sunday at 6:00 P. M., and W. 129th St., N. R., at 6:45 P. M.
Phone Spring 9400.

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TO ALBANY $1.00 ROUND TRIP $1.50 GOOD 10 DAYS.
Thru Trk's & Bagg' Check'd to All Points.
Strs. Lve. daily, Pier 32, N. R., foot W. Houston St., 6:30 P. M.; W. 129th St., 6 P. M. Tel. 9236 Spring.

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58

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London—Paris—Bremen
*Bremen .....Dec. 27
George Washington .....Jan. 3
†‡Barbarossa .....Jan. 10
†Scharnhorst .....Jan. 17
Kronprincessin Cecilie .....Jan. 20
†Koenig Albert .....Jan. 27
George Washington .....Jan. 31
*Plymouth, Bremen.
†Bremen direct. ‡One cabin (II.) Baltimore-Bremen direct.
One Cabin (II.); Wednesdays.
Sailings on SATURDAY for
THE MEDITERRANEAN
Prinzess Irene, Thur. .....Jan. 8
Berlin .....Jan. 31
Through rates from New York to
South America Via Europe, Egypt, India, and the Far East. Independent trips
Around the World, $617.70
First-class throughout.
Three Winter cruises to the
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By S. S. "GROSSER KURFUERST"
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Sailings Every Week—Tickets Interchangeable.
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†‡Patricia .....Dec. 16, 12 Noon
†‡Pretoria .....Dec. 25, 3 P. M.
Pres. Grant .....Jan. 2, 2 P. M.
Amerika .....Jan. 6, 1 P. M.
†‡Pennsylvania .....Jan. 9, 3 P. M.
‡3d cabin only. †Hamburg direct.
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(ORIENT-INDIA CRUISE)
January 15, 12 noon
†‡S. S. Cincinnati .....Jan. 27, 2 P. M.
*From Hoboken Pier. †From B'klyn Pier.
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Lusitania	Jan. 14, 1 p.m.	*Campania	Feb. 18, 1 a.m.
*Campania	Jan. 28, 1 a.m.	Lusitania	Feb. 25, 1 p.m.
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DOES 'BIG BUSINESS' PAY? REDFIELD ASKS

Secretary of Commerce Plans Searching Inquiry Into Efficiency of Gigantic Trusts.

FOR NEW REPRESSIVE LAWS

Would Place Burden of Proof on Defendants—No Stock Watering or Interlocking Directorates.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Besides disclosing plans for an extensive investigation into the economic features of the trust problem, Secretary Redfield of the Department of Commerce in his first annual report recommends legislation to presume that all restraints of trade are unreasonable and to place the burden of establishing the reasonableness of the restraint upon the party alleging it; to prohibit interlocking Directorates; to prohibit "watering" of stocks, and to prohibit corporations and persons from owning stocks in or controlling competing companies.

Second only in interest to Mr. Redfield's views on the trust question are his plans for developing trade of the United States abroad by a reorganization of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

The trust question and the work laid out for the Bureau of Corporations, which will range from an investigation of whether trusts are efficient to a study of the economic laws governing the fixing of retail prices, bear an important relation to President Wilson's legislative programme. Secretary Redfield discusses it exhaustively and substantially outlines his views as follows:

Is "Big Business" Efficient.

There is a growing question in the minds of experienced and thoughtful men as to whether the "trust form of organization is industrially efficient and whether bigness and bulk are always necessary to production at the lowest cost. It may be conceded that massing of capital and the grouping of great quantities of labor have certain elements of efficiency. But it is doubtful, at best, whether these favorable lements are all the factors that exist and whether there does not come a point of maximum efficiency at which cost beyond which an increase of product means an increase of cost per unit of that product.

It is significant that some of the great trusts have ceased to exist; that others pay, but moderate dividends, if any, on their securities and that, side by side with the most mighty and supposedly the most efficient of them, have grown up independent organizations quite as successful and perhaps earning even more upon their capital than their powerful competitors.

There is no criticism here of "big business" as such, but merely the question as to whether "big business" has not its very marked limitations and whether there are not cases where bigness is rather less desirable than efficiency.

The purpose of the Bureau of Corporations is to study patiently that we may know whether these bulky things that we have so much feared are in economic sense real giants in strength or whether they are but images with feet of clay.

It is important that we should know the truth about the fixing of retail prices and as to whether giving the privilege of so fixing the prices to a manufacturer tends toward monopoly or does not so tend. Nations abroad are said to favor by law that which we forbid. The law with us is for the time fixed by the decision of the Supreme Court that the fixing of retail prices on the part of manufacturers is unlawful. If, however, new legislation should in the future be required, it is important that the truth be known lest injustice be done, not so much to the manufacturer as to the consumer.

Cut-Throat Competition.

Some men, well informed, argue that the fixing of retail prices under conditions where competition in manufacture exists tends to promote competition. Others say that the refusal to permit the fixing of retail prices tends to monopoly because, in the cut-throat competition certain to follow, obviously the stronger competitor will survive and may eventually have the business in his own hands, for the law forbids the making of agreements to sintain prices, and under these circumstances the weakest must go to the wall.

That there are immediate and well-known conditions that should and can be remedied by law is apparent. Some of these remedies are, for instance, a law providing that there shall be a presumption that a restraint of trade are unreasonable, and placing the burden of establishing the reasonableness of such restraint upon the party alleging it; legislation preventing the watering of stocks; that corporations shall not hold stock in other competing companies, and that neither a person nor a corporation shall at the same time own a controling interest in two or more competing corporations, or that a person or corporations shall not be affiliated directly or directly by holding office in other corporations.

Congress will undoubtedly address itself to some of these aspects of the situation with curative provisions. Regardless of such legislation, however, there still remains a fundamental economic fact to be determined, to wit, whether the trust or monopolistic form is socially and economically efficient in production, as is alleged; and upon the solution of this problem must depend the ultimate attitude of Government toward combinations and consolidations in business.

Status of Investigations.

Of the old investigations those on lumber, tobacco, water transportation, the harvester industry, and corporate taxation remain to be concluded by the publication of additional reports, but all will probably be closed up within the next twelve months. In addition to these are the new investigations of the fertilizer industry, the relationship of the Oklahoma oil fields to the general old market, and the cotton pool.

An investigation of trade agreements is also in progress, with a view to establishing some facts as to what agreements, if any, apparently in restraint of trade, are really in aid of competition and should be exempted from the operation of the Sherman act. There is also an investigation pending with reference to the merits and demerits of a condition which prohibits a uniform price from being fixed by manufacturers and jobbers, binding upon retailers as to articles of their manufacture.

Secretary Redfield thus outlines his plans for a reorganization of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce:

Our foreign commerce has grown by leaps and bounds until during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1913, it reached the great total of $4,279,000,000 in value. Of this great sum $2,465,000,000 were exports and $1,813,000,000 were imports, showing a trade balance on these transactions in our favor of $653,000,000.

It certainly cannot be said that the Government has done much to foster this great and growing trade. In the estimates for the coming fiscal year, therefore, a sum has been included which will provide for the reorganization of the bureau into such form as will bake it the basis for productive effort in developing American industries in every field which is normal to them at home and abroad.

Inquiry Into Clothing Costs.

It remains to state but one further point of important policy that the department desires to carry out. It wishes to supplement the inquiry, now drawing to a close, into the cost of production in the pottery industry by undertaking an inquiry into the cost of production of clothing of all kinds and of different materials, including hosiery, knit goods, and their fellows

Such a study should have important social results. It should develop the question as to whether the sweat-shop is economically efficient or whether by a properly organized and more scientific method of manufacture it would not be eliminated by the natural operation of economic law.

For all the work of his great department Secretary Redfield asks Congress to appropriate $15,800,270, an increase of a little more than $4,000,000 over the present year.

CORPORATIONS WIN TAX SUIT

Insurance Companies to Get $1,500,000 Refunded from Government.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—A hard blow was struck at the revenues derived from the corporation tax, and expected from the income tax provisions of the tariff law, when the Supreme Court of the United States denied to-day the Government's petition for a writ of certiorari in the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company's case.

The decision means a refunding to insurance companies of $1,500,000 of taxes collected under the Payne-Aldrich Tariff bill since Aug. 5, 1909, representing accumulations for four years, or a loss of annual revenues of about $375,000. As the language of the corporation tax is repeated in the income tax provisions of the Underwood act, this loss of revenue will continue.

The only change in the phraseology of the present law from the language of the corporation tax specifically exempts refunded premiums of mutual marine insurance companies and mutual fire insurance companies. Those exemptions are accounted for in the estimates foretelling a deficit next year. But as they are unimportant in comparison with the premiums of mutual life insurance companies, they do not greatly reduce the direct loss of revenue involved in to-day's decision.

The case was that of Herman C. H. Herold, Collector, vs. the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company of Newark, N. J. The United States District Court for New Jersey held that when the dividend of the Mutual Insurance Company was applied in reduction of premiums for the ensuing year, for increasing the amount of insurance, or diminishing the time, it was not a true dividend taxable under the law. The Circuit Court of appeals affirmed this opinion and the Supreme Court refused to review it.

The power of a State to tax net receipts of life insurance companies in each county was upheld to-day in the court, in a case in which the New York Life Insurance Company resisted the collection of a tax by Lewis and Clarke County, Montana. The company contended vainly tha tthe action of the State was an interference with Interstate Commerce. Justice Hughes and Vandevanter dissented.

ALL ASSAIL SEAMEN'S BILL.

Fall River Line and Lake Companies Join in the Protest.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Steamship officials continued their protests to-day against the La Follette seamen's bill before the House Merchant Marine Committee. A. S. Gardner, Vice President of the New England Steamship Company, operating the Fall River Line, testified that since the Titanic disaster his company had expended $243,000 on new equipment and life-saving apparatus and that it was a practical impossibility to put more such apparatus aboard its vessels.

Representatives of steamship lines operating on the Great Lakes were heard by the committee this afternoon, all protesting that it would be impossible to meet the requirements of the proposed bill on lake steamers.

NETHERLANDS TREATY UP.

Bryan and Van Rappard Agree on Terms of Peace Compact.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Secretary Bryan and Chevalier van Rappard, the Netherlands Minister, to-day agreed upon the terms of a peace treaty embodying the principles of the arbitration plan announced early in the present Administration.

This will be the seventh of the peace treaties, and the first negotiated with a European nation.

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MANY INVESTORS WOULD JOIN UNION

Proposal to Organize Country's Security Holders Elicits an Immediate Response.

DIVIDENDS ARE IN DANGER

Scheftel Plan for Acting in Concert Appeals to Owners of Stocks and Bonds.

A glance at Herbert A. Scheftel's daily mail is enough to convince one that a large share of the investors of this country have only been waiting for some one to take the lead in a movement to form a Brotherhood of Oppressed Security Holders, or some similar union, for obtaining concerted action. At first from New York City only, the letters lately have been coming in from a steadily enlarging field as the suggestion for an organization for the protection of security holders has been printed in Western papers.

The developments of the past two years are largely responsible for the uprising of stock and bondholders. Two years ago a proposal to unionize security holders would have been met with little else than ridicule. Since that time the increasing financial and legislative difficulties of both railroads and industrial corporations have made the necessity for organization seem very real, in the eyes of the people who would have laughed at the idea of joining a union not long ago. The Government's suit against the Steel Corporation and American Telephone and Telegraph Company, the collapse of the Yoakum railroad system, and the passing of the New Haven dividend have each made thousands of converts to the idea of a protective organization.

The extracts given below are taken almost at random from among letters received from investors who were interested by Mr Scheftel's Chamber of Commerce proposals, or in his explanatory letter published in THE TIMES a few days afterward. A Baltimore investor writes:

The labor trust is an illustration of successful combination. I am of the opinion that those interested in the industrial life of the country should take a hand to prevent, if possible, the ultimate destruction of vested rights. The large army of investors under proper organization, should wield an influence equal to the labor trust, which represents a correspondingly small unit of the aggregate population of the country. A little visible lobbying at Washington on behalf of the at present unrecognized Dr. Dumme, might help to curb our wild legislators who fail to perceive that the small investor and savings bank depositor have some interest in legislation.

A New York stockholder said:

I trust that owners of corporation stock will awake to the dangers of the present ruinous tendency in public affairs. Unfortunately, however, they do not realize their strength, nor do they know how to utilize it.

From Bayonne, N. J., came this:

What this country needs, and urgently needs, is a Government by business men, not by book theorists. Our policy so far has been one of watchful waiting, and it seems to be about time we prepared to do something.

A Providence security holder asserted:

We need an organization to fight feather-brained Congressmen, most of whom have no money to lose nor brains enough to run a corner grocery.

A leading Baltimore broker urged:

The proposed organization appeals to us very much, indeed. We think, however, that bondholders should be induced to join any movement and a stock and bondholders' protective union be organized for the protection of all classes of security holders.

From a New York certified public accountant this was received:

As a stockholder in many corporations, I take pleasure in enrolling under your banner. Strengthen and support those who are striving to do right and attack those who are doing wrong.

An express company executive wrote:

Such a movement is bound to be accepted by investors as soon as they can be made aware of it, and I take it that if the Chamber of Commerce will act favorably on your proposition it will be followed by similar bodies throughout the country.

Thus commented an Atlantic City man:

The stockholders of railroads have been mercilessly sandbagged for the past few years by politicians and demagogues, from the highest officials in Washington to the lowest politicians in our State Legislatures, and have suplnely submitted to it because they saw no way to prevent it.

A magazine publisher said:

The situation reminds me in a general way of the one confronting Senator Hanna in 1896, when he elected McKinley on the sound money platform and made that wonderful campaign for sound money and good business which had to result in that way. Stockholders, you are all aroused to take an active interest in that campaign. The present situation doesn't seem just now to be so acute as that in 1896, but it seems to me for that reason it is all the more dangerous.

From another New Yorker this is heard:

Observe the latest violation of professional ethics: submission of the International Steam Pump report to stockholders on the day of the meeting, instead of fifteen days before. These things will continue until steps be taken to change them. In organizing the difficulty will be to avoid the use of names of those who have been transgressors all these years.

Another New York magazine publisher said:

You may have my proxies in the case of M. Rumely, Federal Mining and Smelting Company, United States Rubber, Virginia-Carolina Chemical, Pressed Steel Car and others.

If the Government's course is persisted in it will mean heavy loss to tens of thousands of small investors, who have put their savings into enterprises which had the sanction of the Government for years. Our legislators now seem determined to pull down as rapidly as possible all of the carefully built up prosperity of the country.

A Jersey City man holding stock in many different companies wrote:

With a good strong society we could "put the fear of God" into a lot of corporations that have too long ignored the rights of stockholders.

From a Providence lawyer came this:

We have many clients in Rhode Island anxious to join such an association.

From a consulting engineer in Philadelphia:

If nothing else were done, such an organization could defeat such foolish legislation as the recently passed full crew bills.

From a Wisconsin national banker:

I am only a small stockholder, but I believe that organization or extermination is to be our fate.

From an Iowa banker:

Between the political agitation and the labor unions there has been little left for the investor in railroad properties.

From an executor of an estate:

I can get ten subscribers right in our little town for the movement to organize security holders.

Officials of a number of large corporations who are being worried by letters from shareholders demanding to know why their securities are depressed have signified their willingness to join a movement looking to a cessation of attacks by Federal and State authorities. One man, whose company has recently had to reduce its dividend, has written that he will circularize his stockholders just as soon as the Chamber of Commerce reports on the Scheftel proposals.

Four Years for Sweetheart's Murder

CROWLEY, La., Dec. 15.—Dora Murff, 18 years old, to-day was sentenced to prison for four years for the part she played in the killing of J. M. Delhaye, her former sweetheart. Her stepfather, J. M. Duval, was sentenced to ninety-nine years in prison. Delhaye was shot in the street here, and the girl said she killed him, but testimony showed that Duval fired the fatal shot.

COURT CALENDARS

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Following are the Supreme Court orders issued to-day by the Chief Justice:

Thomas Howe of New York City was admitted to practice.

289—Amory Elliot, administrator of Mary R. Peabody, et al., appellants, vs. the United States.—Judgment affirmed.

55—Clifford G. Ludvigh, as trustee in bankruptcy, &c., appellant, vs. the American Woolen Company of New York et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs; cause remanded.

99—Edgar N. Collins, trustee, plaintiff in error, vs. Edward Scharff et al.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

544—Arthur Greey, as trustee in bankruptcy of Schwab-Kepner Company, bankrupt, appellant, vs. John E. Dockendorff,—Decree affirmed, with costs; cause remanded.

56—New York Life Insurance Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Dent Lodge County.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

722—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. John H. Carter.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

272—Paris & Great Northern Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Mrs. Georgia Boston et al.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

127—Washington Brewing and Improvement Company, plaintiff in error vs. the State of Washington, R. V. Bussell et al.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

103—John E. Heavner et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. the City of Elkins.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

—, original—In matter of Adolph Grimsinger, petitioner.—Motion for habeas corpus petition denied.

639—George G. Henry, appellant, vs. William Henkel, United States Marshal, &c.;

872—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Sam Pelican et al., and

708—The Oceanic Steamship Navigation Company, Limited, &c., vs. W. J. Mellor et al.—Motions to advance granted and cases assigned for argument on the first Monday in January.

502—C. M. Summers, petitioner, vs. the United States.—Motion to modify judgment denied.

354—The Holden Land and Live Stock Company et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Interstate Trading Company et al.—Ordered that these cases be placed on the summary docket.

175—Le Roy Fibre Company vs. Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company.—Motion for writ of certiorari to bring up the entire record and cause denied without prejudice.

808—Herman C. H. Herold, collector, petitioner, vs. the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company.—Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court denied.

172—Minidoka & Southwestern Railroad Company et al., appellants, vs. the United States.—Passed.

336—Leon Cardenas Martinez, plaintiff in error, vs. the State of Texas et al.—Motion to dismiss submitted.

Original—In matter of Jonas Jones, petitioner.—Motion to file writ of habeas corpus submitted.

166—International Harvester Company of America, plaintiff in error, vs. the State of Missouri, on the information of its Attorney General.—Motion to dismiss submitted for defendant in error and cause passed per stipulation of counsel.

715—United States, plaintiff in error and appellant, vs. the Antikamnia Chemical Company.—Leave granted to file an additional brief for the defendant in error.

147—The State of Wisconsin, plaintiff in error, vs. Thomas A. Frear, Secretary of State, et al.—Motion to dismiss submitted.

813—Hamilton-Brown Shoe Company, petitioner, vs. Wolf Brothers & Co.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted.

179—The People of the State of Illinois ex rel. Charles S. Deneen, Governor, et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. the Economy Light and Power Company.—Suggestion of expiration of term of office of Deneen as Governor and William H. Stead as Attorney General and motion to substitute Edward P. Dunne, Governor, and Patrick J. Lucey, Attorney General, submitted.

377—Frank J. Willoughby et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. the City of Chicago.—Motion to dismiss argued.

582—Alexander C. M. Pennington, appellant, vs. the United States.—Submitted.

445—James C. Yancey, appellant, vs. the United States.—Dismissed, on motion.

202—Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, North America, &c., et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Supreme Lodge, Knights of Pythias, et al.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and cause remanded.

147—The United States Trust Company of the District of Columbia, ancillary administrator, &c., appellant, vs. the National Savings and Trust Company of the District of Columbia, administrator, &c.—Dismissed, with costs.

40—F. A. Norris et al., trustees, &c., appellants, vs. J. E. Johnson et al.—Passed on account of sickness.

138—Harry I. Mulcrevy et al., plaintiff in error, vs. City and County of San Francisco.—Argument continued.

134—Piza Hermanos, appellant, vs. Ricardo A. Gandia, Caldentey.—Submitted.

135—Missouri Pacific Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. F. D. Larabee et al.—Argument commenced.

The day call for Dec. 16: Nos. 135, 138, 140, 141, (and 142,) 144, 148, 150, 151, 152, and 154.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS.—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward and Rogers, JJ.—Court opens in Room 124, P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M. 90—N Y Lubricating Oil Co. vs. Busey. 98—Standard Electric v. Manhattan Co. 200—New Jersey Portland Cement Co v. Freeman. 119—Hasler v. West India S S Co. 124—Geni Elec Co v. City of Dunkirk. 127—Cook v. Tug Hercules. 129—Lehigh Valley Transp v. Catawissa. 130—Phila & Reading Co v. Cheektawaga. 131—British-Am Tobacco Co v. British-Am Cigar Co. 132—Matter of Yorkville Coal Co. 194—Goodwin Co v. Eastman Kodak Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Hand, J.—Court opens in Room 47, P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M. (See footnote.) Equity calendar. 92—Joel v. Otten. 80—Great E Tel Co v. Hubbell. 141—Corrugated Paper Co v. Paper Working Machine Co. 88—Coco-Cola Co v. Williamsburg Stopper Co. 87—Same v. Withmann Bros. 142—Mygatt v. Schaffer. 143—Same v. same. 147—U S Envelope Co v. Rainsburg. 188 to 160—F N Burt Co v. Nevins Church Press. 163—Watson Fireproof Window Co v. M F Westergren Co. 164—Hornidge v. Elsemann. 165—Macbeth Evans Glass Co v. Young. 166—Henderer v. Reynolds Elec Fisaher Mfg Co. 168—Collier v. Imp Films Co. 170—Hubbell v. C L Ediditz Co. 172—Amer Ever Ready Co v. Interstate Elec Nov Co. 176—Stockholders v. Young. 178—Same v. same. In active interest in that campaign. The present situation doesn't seem just now to be so acute as that in 1896, but it seems to me for that reason it is all the more dangerous.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Mayer, J.—Court opens in Room 43, P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar. 173—Haas v. Stewart. 166—Merrick v. County of Putnam. 170—Miller v. Third Av R R Co. 64—Zimmerman v. Swiss Bazaar. 140—Calansky v. Lehigh Valley R R Co. 96—Stewart v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 171—Hughes v. N Y, O & W R R Co. 45—Brennan v. Lehigh Valley R R.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Hough, J. Court opens in Room 72, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty. 44—N Y Dock & H R R Co v. Tug Transfer 11. 48—N Y & N H R R v. tug C M Depew. 88—Union Ferry Co v. lighter Gen G M Sorrell. 49—Dalley v. Tugs Transfer 21, Syosset et al. 83—Howell v. Goodwin Sand & Gravel Co. 109—Wilcox v. Am Smelt & Refg Co. 78—Knickerbocker Ice Co v. Ferryboat Maine, &c. 79—Ehlyn & Man Ferry Co v. tug Powerful. 106—Penn R & O R R v. Penn R R. 116—Rugge v. tug Roselle. 119—Cohen v. barge Josephine. 123—Gildersleeve v. tug Bill B Conine. 114—Boyce v. tug T W Wellington. 147—Parker v. tug Robert Palmer. 94—U S v. L'i Pt Havana. 97—Timmins v. N E Nav Co. 190—Barnett v. S S Oceana.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 15.—The Court of Appeals day calendar for Tuesday: 253—Sewell v. Pell. 254—Quereau v. Computing Scale Company. 231—Horst v. M. Groh's Sons. 775—People ex rel Perkins v. Pelcher.

New York County.

APPELLATE DIVISION, SUPREME COURT—Ingraham, P. J.; Clarke, Scott, Dowling, and Hotchkiss, JJ. Enumerated motions. 337—Wrightsville Hardware Co v. Assets Realization Co. 342—Milliken v. McGarrah. 346—Van Horn v. Van Horn. 349—Bourdon v. Plaza Operating Co. 87—Mandel v. Hopkins. 282—Strauss v. Cunningham. 180—Wicks v. Jolipe. 182—Paul v. Athens Hotel Co. 221—Peck v. Uvalde Asphalt Pav Co. 340—Toone v. City of N Y. 311—People v. Larkin. 351—Sheridan v. McCallum. 353—Walkin v. Conn Railroad Co. 353—Schleicher v. Jandorf. 355 McElray v. Goldstein.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Gavegan, J. Litigated motions. 1—Meledin v. Weyerhoff Lumber & Mfg Co. 14—Drucker v. Josephson. 15—Same v. same. 16—Pierce v. Banks. 17—Same v. same. 18—Schl oretta v. De Marco. 19—Same v. same. 20—Steinfeld v. Tuozzo. 21—Intl Distributors Corp v. Bergkamp. 22—Bybka v. Rich Light & R R Co. 23—Ferrerra v. Cons Tel & Elec Subway Co. 24—Dupont De Nemoins Power Co v. Subway & 165th St Realty Co. 25—Matter of King. 26—Matter of same. 27—West v. Guaranty Trust Co. 28—Neukirch v. McHugh. 29—Matter of Brown (Hass.) 30—Peterson v. Walker. 31—Same v. same. 32—Same v. same. 33—Fred'k Starr Cont Co v. Wardwell. 34—Int'l Smokeless Power & Chemical Co v. Honeywill. 35—Joel v. City of N Y. 36—Starmes v. Parrell. 37—Matter of City N Y (E 222d St.) 38—Silver v. Turner. 39—Herrman v. Camerer. 40—Same v. same. 46—Rosenzweig v. City N Y. 42—Krienberg v. City N Y. 43—Ackerman v. City N Y. 44—Broder v. Rofalo. 45—Matter of Cagliostro. 46—Matter of Chaloner. 47—Matter of Gusso (Bleecker.) 48—Stephens v. City N Y. 49—Campbell v. same. 50—Butler v. same. 51—Kirscher v. City N Y. 52—Imperial Curtain Co v. Merwin. 53—Patashinsky v. Fichtenbaum. 54—Auerbach v. Geo Vasser Sons & Co. 55—Wagner v. H Clausen & Son Brew Co. 56—McAteaney v. Fagan. 57—Christiansen v. Weunemer. 58—Pabst Brew Co v. Laher. 59—Rice v. Nelson. 60—Hallowell v. Barrett. 61—Nichols v. Bener & Protective Order of Elks. 62—Matter of Ruff (Smith.) 63—Matter of Steele, (Jamaica Estates.) 64—Matter of F R Jones Co. 65—Walter v. Walter. 66—Fox v. Peacock. 67—Altenberg v. Reichman. 68—F H Lennon Co v. City of N Y. 69—Goodale v. same. 70—People's Surety Co v. Commercial Adv Ass'n. 71—Same v. same. 72—Bergh v. Geni Reduction Co. 73—Gray v. Gray. 74—Casumano v. Rieger. 75—Same v. same. 76—Lambert v. Percival. 77—Becker v. Cloak Makers' Union. 78—Comforte v. Ocean Coaster Co. 79—Escovar v. United Fruit Co. 80—Bullowa v. Clark. 81—McClure v. Barnard Realty Co. 82—Lejman v. Steinway & Sons. 83—Kunz v. Moeller. 84—Favata v. Avallone. 85—Tulig v. Johnson et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Supreme Lodge, Knights of Pythias, et al.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and cause remanded.

147—The United States Trust Company of the District of Columbia, ancillary administrator, &c., appellant, vs. the National Savings and Trust Company of the District of Columbia, administrator, &c.—Dismissed, with costs.

40—F. A. Norris et al., trustees, &c., appellants, vs. J. E. Johnson et al.—Passed on account of sickness.

138—Harry I. Mulcrevy et al., plaintiff in error, vs. City and County of San Francisco.—Argument continued.

134—Piza Hermanos, appellant, vs. Ricardo A. Gandia, Caldentey.—Submitted.

135—Missouri Pacific Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. F. D. Larabee et al.—Argument commenced.

The day call for Dec. 16: Nos. 135, 138, 140, 141, (and 142,) 144, 148, 150, 151, 152, and 154.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS.—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward and Rogers, JJ.—Court opens in Room 124, P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M. 90—N Y Lubricating Oil Co. vs. Busey. 98—Standard Electric v. Manhattan Co. 200—New Jersey Portland Cement Co v. Freeman. 119—Hasler v. West India S S Co. 124—Geni Elec Co v. City of Dunkirk. 127—Cook v. Tug Hercules. 129—Lehigh Valley Transp v. Catawissa. 130—Phila & Reading Co v. Cheektawaga. 131—British-Am Tobacco Co v. British-Am Cigar Co. 132—Matter of Yorkville Coal Co. 194—Goodwin Co v. Eastman Kodak Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Hand, J.—Court opens in Room 47, P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M. (See footnote.) Equity calendar. 92—Joel v. Otten. 80—Great E Tel Co v. Hubbell. 141—Corrugated Paper Co v. Paper Working Machine Co. 88—Coco-Cola Co v. Williamsburg Stopper Co. 87—Same v. Withmann Bros. 142—Mygatt v. Schaffer. 143—Same v. same. 147—U S Envelope Co v. Rainsburg. 188 to 160—F N Burt Co v. Nevins Church Press. 163—Watson Fireproof Window Co v. M F Westergren Co. 164—Hornidge v. Elsemann. 165—Macbeth Evans Glass Co v. Young. 166—Henderer v. Reynolds Elec Fisaher Mfg Co. 168—Collier v. Imp Films Co. 170—Hubbell v. C L Ediditz Co. 172—Amer Ever Ready Co v. Interstate Elec Nov Co. 176—Stockholders v. Young. 178—Same v. same. 180—Bentley, Trustee, v. Young. 181—Brassed Steel Co v. Godair Nimmer Bldg Co. 180—Asbestos P Metal Co v. H W Johns Manville Co. 181—Ashley v. Weeks & Numann & Co. 182—Ashley v. Corliss, Macy & Co. 183—Ashley v. F A Weeks Mfg Co. 185—Morrison v. Lovejoy Elec Co. 186—Ashley v. Hastings & Miller. 187—Davis v. J E Ogilvie Pub Co. 188—Edlich v. Cont Chemical Co. 189—Moore v. De Mille. 191—Dyer v. Carnegie Trust Co. 192—C G Buchanan Co v. Taylor Eng Mfg Co.

—Same v. Coronation Waist & Dress Co. Case on.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. Motion calendar. Gustave A Carls, James Gallagan, Herman Oppenheim, Mary A. Sheahan, &c. Laura Mason, &c. Patrick Sheehy, Caroline G Ewen, Isaac C Hopper, Jacob Mayer, John H Kehoe, Alfred L Crawford, Valentine Klein, Gladys Flynn, Alice Latham. Kaplon Infant. Murray Infants, Nellie Kenny, Louis F Betzig, Giuseppe Compagnino, Samuel Mendlow, &c, Paula Ehlenberger, Francesco Marinaro, Felice Vecchio, David Weill, Lushman Cook, &c, Angelo D'Alisera, Abraham Sapirman, Mark Kohn, Katherine Dinihan, Pawel Dolgolewitz, Frank D Kane, George M Tuttle, Miriam Chittenden, Edward Leisner, Charles Bauer, Simon Scheuer, William P King, Edward D Samuels, Rose M Dienst, Charles Cassel, Joseph Horwitz, &c, Homer B Sprague, Henry F Jones, Samuel J Garland, Alice M Connolly, Frederick B Dixon, John B Deerr, Ann Egan, Robert Mather, Rachel Untermeyer, Orinda R Strall, Marie C Ratney, Isaac M Sonthelmer, Andrew Sakamichael Cassidy, Annie Keirns, Mary C Mason, Margaret Astle, &c, Sarah A White, John P Schmenger, Jane Earl, Alvah Hall, William Koch, Elizabeth Bardusch, Albert D Smith, Henrietta M Rottmann, James B Hammond, Richard L Howell, Michael Tremberger, Herrman Sachsenach, Margaretta Hoffman, Annie Hughes, Virginia A Sterling, David R Offley, Emily B Dinsmore, Mary A E Hogan, Edmund M Ferguson, Robert F Dailey, estate of Margaret Mc Donough, issue of fact; estate of Frederick Mohlenkamp, issue of fact. Wills for probate: Ellen McCabe, Charles J Lawler, Rachel Sampson, Helen D Winans, Mary E Schmidt, Carrie Mitchell, George A Hearn, Frances A Andrews, Harry E Cromwell, Laura Schneittacher.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S. Contested. 3079—Abraham Strauss, &c. 3089—Isabella E Kelly. 3113—Charles H Carr. 3111—Timothy J Kiely. 3067—Caroline G Ewen.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Kelly, J.; Part II., Lynch, J.; Part III., Luce, J.; Part IV., Finelite, J.; Part V., O'Dwyer, C. J.; Part VI., La Fetra, J.; Part VII., McAvoy, J.; Part VIII., Delehanty, J. Calendar called in Part I. at 9:45 A. M. 5115—Cohen v. Cohapak. 5222—Duryea v. Conron Bros Co. 5224—Chambers v. McAvoy. 5225—Smith v. Int R T Co. 5023—Brennan v. Otis Elev Co. 4981—Horah v. Thompson Starrett Co. 4925—Collins v. McMullen Snare & Triest. 4958—Dwika v. Pitts Const Co. 2077—Goldberg v. Costuma. 4989—Arcowitz v. Rosenthal. 4811—Cox v. McGuire Const Co. 3407—Donoghue v. Gaul Lithographic Co. 4579—Sanza v. Continental Dry Goods Co. 5101—Martin v. Brown Wells Realties Co. 5147—Levey v. Playhouse Co. 5179—Bernstein v. Taub. 5180—Ader v. Joline. 5197—Grattana v. N Y Rys Co. 5198—Cohen v. Engelhardt. 5200—Goldwasser v. N Y Rys. 5212—Portnol v. N Y Rys Co. 5213—Bokof v. Hazel Const Co. 5219—Harnett v. N Y Rys Co. 5220—Glassheim v. Same. 5231—Marthens v. Hudson Structural Steel Co. 5234—Fitzmaurice v. N Y Rys Co. 4923—Mendelsohn v. Am Soey, &c. 4951—Henry v. Smoleroff. 4633—Bowens v. Nevins. 4642-4643—Gens v. Cohn. 5230—Saleman v. Lowenstein. 5237—Neuralt v. Hyams. 5240—v. Browning v. Rosenkrantz. 5242—Sulzbacher v. Elec B Pc Co. 5244—Hakkiven v. Weithas. 5245—Hranpsa v. Simonen. 5246—Rakela v. same. 5247—Schneider v. Int R T Co. 5249—Sinclair v. Equitable Life. 5253—Pescia v. Clinton. 5254—Schnitzler v. Damroe. 5255—Fariello v. Whitridge. 5256—Kerr v. Syngerman. 5258—Wilson v. Elec Co, &c, v. Rugel. 5259—Same v. Walinsky. 5260—J C Duffy Co v. Aland. 5261—Reisse v. Mautner. 5262—Engel v. Nellenbogen. 5263—Schmidt v. Nat Breyley v. Int R T Co. 5264—Nadler v. 960 Park Av Co. 5266—Cohen v. Buch. 5275—Davega v. N Y Rys. 5277—Bournakes v. N Y Rys. 5279—Calabro v. 3d Av R R. 5280—Idoni v. Same. 5281—Knowles v. Int R T Co. 5283—Levy Co v. Libman Cont Co. 5284—Miller v. N Y Rys. 5287—Noyes v. Curtis Blaisdell Co. 5288—Himmelfarb v. Eklyn Brick Co. 5289—McKenna v. Goldstein. 5290—O'Leary v. N Y Rys. 5291—Lavery v. Bernstein. 5292—Watson v. Apollo Hotel Co. 5293—Freedman v. same. 5294—Schmidt v. Munich. 5295—Fraccini v. Cauldwell Wingate Co. 5296—Biff v. Dickler. 5296—Clemens v. Fretz. 5298—MacKenzie v. N Y Rys. 5302—Finlay v. Starr. 5304—O'Brien, David. 5304—Johnson v. Emery. 5305—Higgins v. De Paoli. 5306—West End C & S Co v. Herzog. 5307—Frank v. Cohen. 5308—Fabian v. Lefkowitz. Case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III., case on: Part IV., case on; Part V., case on; Part VI., case on; Part VII., case on; Part VIII., case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Lynch, J. 6487—Eagle Printing Ink Co v. Duryea. 6474—Ceasar v. Roder. 6500—Blaisdell Paper Pencil Co v. Inter Stationery Co. 6505—Floman v. Reiter. 6304—Kashare v. Shenkow. 6510—Goldberg v. Broder. 6380—Bridgeport Nat Bank v. Neville. 6506—Levison v. Tanzer Monjo Coit Co. 6507—Same v. same. 6511—Creamer v. Walker. 6190—Horowitz v. Cohen. 6151—Meyerson v. U S Grand Lodge S B. 6483—McKenna v. Gillespie. 6514—Bentz v. Osder. 6521—Parker v. Rhodes. 6526—Flannery v. Fleming Cont Co. 6528—Clancy v. Klmpel. 6551—Baker v. Specht. 5965—Am Silk Label Mfg Co v. Williamson. Case on.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J. O'Brien v. Unger—Hon. Roger A. Pryor.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J. De Cicco v. Greco—Bernard J. Isecke. Franklin Savings Bank v. Haines—Joseph P. McDonough.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J. Matter of Grant—Thomas Gilleran. Cooper v. A. S. Realty Co.—Agnes M. Munson. Gowell v. Porter—A. & Dev. Co.—Wm. G. Brown.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Fleischhauer v. Verschleiser—Chas. L. Hoffman.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J. Lizzie A. Scholtz v. Beckelman—Percival Wilds. Harriet R. Hamilton v. Jane I. Koran et al.—Michael J. McNamara.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J. E. Coffe Thurston v. Stephen McCormick—Roy M. Robinson.

CITY COURT—Smith, J. St. Dun

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Decline, Some Losing Much Ground--Money Reflects Good Bank Showing.

For reasons which had their foundation in misgivings rather than in adverse developments, the stock market yesterday was weak. Most of the more active stocks escaped with net losses of a point or less, but in many other shares there were sharper declines. Among these the four-point loss in American Telephone and Telegraph stood out conspicuously. This stock has been under pressure, though none previously so great as yesterday, since discussion of the suggestion of Government ownership became active. Canadian Pacific was another issue which was conspicuous for the loss which it suffered. The explanation of this decline harked back to the same considerations which started the downward movement upon the recent announcement of the company's plan to issue notes for subscription by its stockholders. A few sharp advances could be cited as partial offsets to the losses in other parts of the list, but sentiment was being formed yesterday on the basis of what was adverse rather than on anything favorable in the day's record.

These new facts, among others, were presented to the attention of the financial community yesterday: The bank statement published after the close of Saturday's market had made an unexpectedly good showing; the call loan renewal rate yesterday was the lowest since Nov. 26, while affairs outside of Wall Street contributed the reassuring recognition by Railroad Commissioners of the Boston & Maine's need of higher rates. In the conclusion reached by the Commissioners of four New England States that that road was entitled to some advance in its freight charges Commissioner Prouty of the Interstate Commerce Commission joined. There was no reason why Wall Street should have drawn adverse conclusions from what Mr. Prouty had to say in his speech on Saturday, to the exclusion of the plain inference from his action in the Boston & Maine matter, but the Street chose to do so. Moreover, it seemed guilty of distorting the facts in the case to give as much color as possible to its unnecessary misgivings regarding the outcome of the present effort of the railroads to obtain higher rates. Mr. Prouty's own comments on the inferences which had been drawn from what he had to say on Saturday should suffice to dispose of the view which was voiced in some quarters yesterday that the rate case was as good as decided against the railroads.

If the recession in trade which is now being experienced had come upon the financial community as a complete surprise there would be more reason than actually exists for the view that the decline in trade points toward prolonged liquidation in the stock market. Liquidation there has, in fact, been long under way. It was for a long time a mooted question whether the recession in stock market prices foreshadowed a contraction in trade. Contraction has for some time been under way, and the fact that this was in a sense foreseen by the stock market must be borne in mind in any effort to correlate what is likely to happen in trade at large with what is likely to happen in the securities market. A period of readjustment is necessarily a period of discrimination in investments, but the extent to which present happenings and future probabilities have been discounted in the stock market must be recognized if we are to avoid misjudging the probable stock market effect of current happenings.

Call money did not get above 4 per cent., showing that last week's strengthening of the reserve position here was bearing fruit. At the moment commercial paper rates are quite firm, but apparently the supply of paper is decreasing. For this and other reasons easier conditions in the commercial paper market are coming to be expected. We are now within two weeks of the end of the year, and the indications still are that the European money markets, as well as our own, will be able to pass from the old year to the new with much less inconvenience than frequently is experienced at this period.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 3@4 per cent., with the last loan at 4 per cent. The renewal rate was 4 per cent.

Time money rates were 5¼@6 per cent. for thirty days, 5¼@5¾ per cent. for sixty days, 5@5¼ per cent. for ninety days, and 4¾@5 per cent. for five and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5¾@6 per cent. for the best names.

Clearing House exchanges, $234,283,427; balances, $16,246,801; Sub-Treasury credit balances, $1,958,598.

The local banks have gained $708,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 4⅞@5 per cent. for short and 4 13-16 per cent. for three months' bills; Berlin, 4½ per cent.; Paris, 3½ per cent. Money was 4¼@4½ per cent. in London and 3½@4 per cent. in Berlin.

The Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 48 pfennigs. The Paris check rate on London was 25 francs 32 centimes.

Sterling exchange was quoted as follows on the points noted:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

Demand sterling—High, $4.8545; low, $4.8535; last, $4.8535.

CLOSING RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8585.
Paris—Cable, 5.20⅝ less 1-16; check, 5.21¼ less 1-32.
Berlin—Cable, 94⅞ plus 1-32; check, 94¾ plus 1-32.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.21⅞ plus 1-32; check, 5.21⅞ less 1-16.
Holland—Cable, 40.10; check, 40.07.
Belgium—Cable, 5.23⅛ less 1-16; check, 5.23⅜ less 1-16.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8114; 90 days, $4.7950.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.80⅜; 90 days, $4.79.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.24⅝ less 1-32; 90 days, 5.26¼ plus 1-32.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.24⅝ less 1-16; 90 days, 5.26¼ less 1-32.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94.00; 90 days, 93⅞.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 98⅞; 90 days, 93⅝ less 1-32.
Amsterdam—Commercial, 39.65; 90 days, 39.50.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c premium; St. Louis, 5c premium; St. Paul, 15c premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was unchanged in London, at 26⅜d per ounce, and ⅜c lower in New York, at 57⅝c per ounce.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for Saturday, the present month and the fiscal year as follows:

	Dec. 13	Month.	Fiscal Y'r.
Customs	$813,523	$11,106,966	*148,204,744
Int. rev., ord.	1,870,327	14,152,188	150,802,206
Corp. tax	821	84,794	2,746,793
Miscellaneous	503,064	2,142,087	23,749,173
Total rcts	3,187,735	27,486,036	325,502,920
Expenditures	3,778,549	29,312,074	336,075,058
Deficit	590,814	1,826,037	10,572,137

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Wabash Plans Up Again.

A despatch from St. Louis announcing that the special master in the Wabash receivership expected the Wabash to be sold at foreclosure at the end of three months brought to light the fact that a tentative plan for putting the property upon its feet had again been worked out by some of the refunding mortgage bondholders' representatives. The previous plan, calling for an assessment of $40 a share of Wabash stock was defeated by the opposition of stockholders, who felt that the cost of reorganizing should be spread out more evenly. It is estimated that about $20,000,000 in cash must be provided by any plan. Arrangemente have been made for the formation of an underwriting syndicate to insure the raising of this sum, but some of the largest bondholders have not been asked to assent to the terms and it is evident that the matter is still in a very uncertain state. The Wabash-Pittsburgh committees are also trying to get under way again. The first mortgage bondholders have been asked to attend a conference on Thursday in the office of Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the Chaplin committee. The notice of the meeting states that affairs of the Wabash-Pittsburgh have now reached a stage where the cooperation of bondholders is essential to conserve the interests of the Terminal Company in the Railroad & Coal Company and in the Wheeling & Lake Erie.

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One Thing After Another.

Hardly had the directors and bankers for the National Railways of Mexico arranged for the payment of the Dec. 1 note interest, amounting to $800,000, than it became necessary to start a hunt for money with which to meet the heavier charge falling due at the end of the year. The first of a fresh series of conferences on this matter was held yesterday, and it is expected that further meetings will continue until announcement can be made regarding the treatment of the Jan. 1 obligations. Hamilton Fyfe of London, back from a three-months business trip to Mexico, was quoted yesterday as seeing little hope for the future of that country. "Conditions are bad and steadily growing worse," he said. "It is not much of an exaggeration to say that chaos prevails over the entire country. The spirit of rebellion, rowdyism and plunder is rampant, and it seems to me that things are about as bad as they can be."

***

Almost Unanimous.

It is surprising what a lot of bad news a man who is bearish on securities just now can collect if he starts in to look for black spots. Fresh returns keep coming to hand to prove by figures that trade is demoralized. It is irritating to a man who has compiled enough items of depression to prove that we are now in the midst of a panic to find that the holiday trade is immense, and that lots of people are seriously considering the purchase of turkeys for their Christmas dinner. Some of the trust companies are even so brazen as to declare the usual bonus for employes, just as though they were finishing a year of good business. There is so much bear talk that an old-timer on the Stock Exchange said yesterday that if he had money left he would buy stocks outright at these prices, in the belief that things could not get any worse.

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Commercial Bills in Small Supply.

The output of commercial paper since Dec. 1 is reported by brokers to have been on a substantially smaller scale than in November, and the shrinkage is considered as indicative of the contraction of general business. The supply is still more than the banks are willing to absorb, however, although a change in demand is expected within another week with a consequent easing of discount rates. The banks usually are active buyers of commercial bills toward the end of the year, and the lack of steady purchases so late in the month is spoken of in some financial quarters as unusual. Instead of increasing their inquiries for satisfactory notes last week, in accordance with the seasonal movement of other years, the local banks were so indifferent to the market that the rate hardened somewhat in place of shading downward. Six months bills of the best "names" were quoted yesterday at 5¾ and 6 per cent., with the bulk of transactions at the former rate.

***

Telephone Stock Breaks Sharply.

A net decline of 5 points, to 110¼ in American Telephone and Telegraph told the tale of yesterday's pressure against the stock. When the market was subjected to bear raids on several occasions the telephone shares declined further than other active issues, but differed from them at other periods of the day in being persistently weak, while slight recoveries were in order among its companion stocks. From this development the Street took ground for argument that a lot of long stock was being distributed in the midst of speculative operations on the short side. Much talk of a reduction of the dividend was heard, not because of earnings but because it was thought that the Directors would want to conserve resources until they knew definitely what the Administration had decided about the telephone business. Conjecture was all the traders had to work with throughout the day, as the company did not publicly speak of its plans and prospects.

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Small Rail Orders Expected.

The end of the year is rapidly approaching and few of the great railroad systems have placed their orders for rails for 1914 delivery. Indications are that when they are distributed among the mills the aggregate will be far smaller than the total tonnage bought for 1913. Economy in supply buying is an accepted element of vast importance in railroad management, and the conversation of railroad men indicates that it will be observed no less carefully in the future than at this time if freight rates are raised. The steel trade knows, however, that the roads will soon need to make provision for some rails for replacement of old ones, if nothing more, and small orders will be no less acceptable than large contracts in the current state of the trade. With business at the mills at a low level quick deliveries will be possible.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s..May, 1957	103⅜	104	103⅜	104
4½s..Nov., 1957	103⅝	104	103⅜	104
4½s..May, 1917	101	102	101	102
4½s..Nov., 1917	101	102	101¼	102
4½s..Mar., 1930-60	100	100¼	100	100¼
4½s..Mar., 1962	99	99¼	99	99¼
4½s..Sept., 1960	99	99¼	99	99¼
4s ..May, 1959	96¼	96½	96	96½
4s ..Nov., 1958	96¼	96½	96	96½
4s ..May, 1957	96¼	96½	96	96½
4s ..Nov., 1956	94½	95¼	94½	95¼
4s ..Nov., 1955	94½	95¼	94½	95¼
4s ..Nov., 1936	95¼	96½	95¾	96½
4s .1918-1919	98½	99½	98½	99½
3½s..Nov., 1954-5	84½	85	84¼	85
3½s..May, 1954	84¼	84⅞	84¼	84⅝
3½s..1960-1964	.....	.....	84½	85½

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Continued Dullness in the Curb Market and Price Changes Are Unimportant.

The outside security market was inactive, with price changes unimportant, except in some of the oil issues. Standard Oil of New York sold between 172 and 168½, while Standard Oil of New Jersey's range was from 396 down to 393, the latter the closing price. Anglo American Oil fell off from 12⅝ to 12⅛ on moderate sales. United Cigar Stores closed practically lower. Canadian Pacific rights sold at 4 3-16 to 4⅛ and the 6 per cent. notes at 101.

Transactions reported were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200..	Brit.-Am. Tob.	23⅞	23⅞	23⅜	23⅜
100..	B.-A. T., new..	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
60..	Con. Rub. Tire.	36	37	36	37
540..	Manhattan Tr..	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100..	Tob. Prod. pf..	83	83	83	83
600..	U. C. S. C., A.	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝
35..	Willys Overland	59	59	59	59

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

600..	Ang.-A.O., new	12⅜	12⅜	12⅛	12⅛
10..	Atlantic Refin.	715	705	..	..
45..	Buckeye Pf.	103	102	..	..
5..	Ga.-Sig. Oil pf.	135	135	..	..
75..	Indiana P. L.	136	134	..	..
1..	Stan. Oil of K.	615	615	..	..
135..	National Tran.	40	39½	..	..
50..	Ohio Oil	189	188	..	..
25..	Prairie O. & G.	435	432	..	..
4..	Solar Refining.	315	310	..	..
40..	Southern P. L.	243	241	..	..
30..	Stan. Oil of C.	226	224	..	..
300..	St. Oil of N. Y.	172	168½	..	..
40..	St. Oil of N. J.	396	393	393	..
5..	St. Oil of Ohio	226	226	..	..
25..	Union Tank L.	88	88	..	..
10..	Vacuum Oil	192	191	..	..

RAILROAD.

3,500..	Can. Pac. rhts.	4 3-16	4 3-16	4⅛	4⅛

MINING STOCKS.

2,500..	*Beaver Cons..	31	32	31	32
150..	Boston Mont...	5¼	5¼	5	5
500..	Braden Copper.	7⅛	7⅛	7	7⅛
100..	Brit. Col. Cop.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
300..	Buffalo Mines.	2	2	1⅞	1⅞
1,500..	*Canadian G.S.	12	12	12	12
2,700..	*Caribou Cobalt	68	70	66	69
100..	Copper M. C..	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16
225..	Dome Mines...	15	15½	15	15½
200..	Ely Central...	2	3	2	3
500..	Goldfield Cons.	1 7-16	1½	1 7-16	1½
2,000..	*Gold Hill...	18	18	17	18
1,000..	*Greenwater ..	5½	5½	5½	5½
400..	Kerr Lake	4½	4½	4½	4½
550..	Nipissing M. C.	8	8¼	8	8⅛
100..	Stewart	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
400..	Tonopah Ext..	1⅝	1 7-16	1⅝	1⅝
4,500..	*Tonopah Mer.	53	53	51	51
425..	Tularosa	¼	¼	¼	¼
600..	*West End C..	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,500..	West End Ext.	4	4	4	4

BOND.

$5,000..	C.P. 6% notes.	101	101	101	101

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

***

INDUSTRIALS.

Bid and asked prices of issues not traded in were:

	Dec. 15. Bid.	Asked.	Dec. 13. Bid.	Asked.
Con. Rub. Tire pf.	101	110	105	108
Houston Oil	13	16	13	16
Houston Oil pf.	50	60	50	60
Int. Rub. Trust ctfs.	7½	8	7½	8
Leh. V. C. Sales Co.	180	190	180	190
Marconi of America.	3⅞	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛
Maxwell Motors	2½	3	2½	3
Maxwell Mot. 1st pf.	18⅜	19¼	19	19½
Maxwell Mot. 2d pf.	6⅜	6⅞	6⅜	7
Mays Oil	15	17	16	18
Puebla Smelt. & Ref.	1½	2½	1½	2½
United C. S. Co. of Am. pf.	110	115	110	115

MINING STOCKS.

Arizona Belmont	3	3½	3	3½
Bailey	5	6	5	6
Butte-New York	1	1⅜	1	1⅜
Butte & London	32	34	32	34
Combination Frac.	4	5	4	5
Crown Reserve	1 11-16	1⅝	1 11-16	1⅝
Con. Arizona Smelt.	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
Davis-Daly Copper.	1⅜	2	1⅜	2
El Paso Con.	2⅜	3	2⅜	3
First National	2⅜	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Florence	18	23	20	25
Greene-Cananea	5½	6½	5½	6½
Greene-C., new	28	30	28½	30
Hollinger	16⅜	17½	16⅝	17½
Iron Blossom	115	117	115	117
Jim Butler	66	67	66	67
La Rose Con.	2	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
Mason Valley	3½	4	3½	4
Mines of America	2	2¼	2	2¼
McKinley-Darragh	1⅛	1 3-16	1⅛	1 3-16
Mizpah Extension	27	28	27	28
Montana Tonopah	96	98	96	98
Nevada Hills	44	46	45	46
New Utah Bingham	40	50	40	50
Ohio Copper	5-16	7-16	5-16	7-16
Rescue Eula	8	10	8	10
Standard Silver-Le.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
Temiskaming	14	15	14	15
Tonopah Belmont	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝
Tonopah Mining	6	6¼	6	6¼
Ton-Bullion	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
Tuolumne Copper	⅛	¾	⅛	¾
United Copper	¾	⅞	¾	⅞
United Copper pf.	3	5	3	5
Victor Tonopah	25	27	25	27
Wettlaufer Silver M.	7	8	7	8
Yukon Gold Mines	2	2½	2	2½

BONDS.

Braden Copper 6s	148	153	148	153
Chicago Elevated 5s	93	96	93	96
Con. Rub. Tire 5s	62	67	62	67
N. Y. C. 4½s, 1962	99¼	99⅝	99¼	99⅝
Western Pacific 5s	75	76	75	76

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	12	12½	12	13
Atlantic Refining	705	710	705	715
Borne-Scrymser	280	290	280	290
Buckeye Pipe Line	162	164	161	163
Chesebrough Mfg.	650	675	670	690
Colonial Oil	115	125	120	130
Continental Oil	208	212	215	220
Crescent Pipe Line	54	57	54	57
Cumberland Pipe L.	60	65	60	65
Eureka Pipe Line	335	345	335	345
Galena-Signal Oil	176	178	176	178
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	133	137	131	135
Indiana Pipe Lines	134	136	133	136
National Transit	39	41	39	41
New York Transit	327	333	325	335
Northern Pipe Line	108	112	113	116
Ohio Oil	138	140	137	139
Prairie Oil & Gas	430	435	434	437
Solar Refining	310	320	310	320
Southern Pipe Line	241	244	241	244
South Penn. Oil	260	265	270	275
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	150	160	155	160
Standard Oil (Cal.)	225	228	224	226
Standard Oil (Ind.)	405	410	405	410
Standard Oil (Kan.)	415	425	415	425
Standard Oil (Ky.)	610	620	610	620
Standard Oil (Neb.)	355	370	360	370
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	393	396	395	397
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	168	170	168	170
Standard Oil (Ohio)	320	330	320	330
Swan & Finch	285	295	285	295
Union Tank Line	85	88	87	89
Washington Oil	38	42	38	42
Waters-Pierce Oil	2,100	2,300	2,100	2,300

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Dec. 13. Bid.	Asked.	Dec. 12. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	140	145	140	145
American Cigar pf.	88	92	90	92
British-American	23⅝	23¾	23⅝	24
British-Am., new	24	24½	24	24½
Conley Foil	280	295	280	295
Johnson Tin & M.	165	185	165	185
J. S. Young	130	140	130	140
MacAndrews & F.	180	190	180	190
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	215	225	215	225
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip	120	135	120	135
R. J. Reynolds	240	255	245	255
R. J. Reynolds 6% sc.	100	104	100	104
Tobacco Products	100	150	100	150
Tobacco Products pf.	83	83½	82½	84½
United Cigar Stores	91	92	92¼	93
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	110	115	110	115

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	333	336
American Light & Traction pf.	106	108
Adirondack Electric Power	9	11
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	44	46
American Gas & Electric	67	71
American Gas & Electric pf.	45	47
American Power & Light	61	65
American Power & Light pf.	76½	78½
*American Public Utilities	45	48
*American Public Utilities pf.	71	72
Appalachian Power Co.	8	10
Appalachian Power Co. pf.	30	35
*Cities Service	79	81
*Cities Service pf.	65	67
Commonwealth P. & L.	53	56
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	75	77
Denver Gas & Elec. gen. 5s	90	95
*Electric Bond Deposit pf.	54	60
*Electric Bond & Share Co. pf.	97½	100
Empire District Electric 6s	73	76
Empire District Electric pf.	70	75
Federal Light & Traction	22	24
Federal Light & Traction pf.	70	72
*Gas & Electric Securities	80	100
*Gas & Electric Securities pf.	75	85
Lincoln Gas & Electric	20	25
*Montana Power Co.	37	39
*Montana Power Co. pf.	96	98
Northern Ontario L. & P.	10	15
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf.	59	63
Northern States Power	14	16
Northern States Power pf.	69	72
Ozark Power & Water Co.	25	30
Pacific Gas & Electric	34¾	35¼
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	80½	82½
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	14	16
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	67	69
Southern California Edison	83	85
Southern California Edison pf.	96	97
Standard Gas & Electric	6¾	7½
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	25	27
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	11	13
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf.	58½	60
*United Light & Rys.	74	76
*United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	74	76
*United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	70	72
United Utilities	25	30
*United Utilities pf.	97½	101
Utah Securities	15	17
*Utilities Improvement	40	42
*Utilities Improvement pf.	66	67
Western Power	15¾	16¾
Western Power pf.	46	48

*Ex dividend.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
19..	Con. Power	108	108	108
7..	Fidelity & Deposit	150	150	150
2..	Maryland Casualty	80	80	80
1..	Merch.-Mech. Bank	33	33	33
5..	Nat. City Bank	85	85	85
110..	Penn. Water & P.	66¾	66½	66½
30..	S. A. Line	17	17	17
85..	United Ry. & Elec.	24⅞	24¾	24⅞

BONDS.

$4,000..	Chas. W. Car. 5s	100	100	100
1,000..	City Balt. 3½s, '90	82½	82½	82½
1,000..	Col. & Green. 1st 6s	101½	101½	101½
18,000..	Mt. V.-W. Cot. D. 5s	55½	55½	55½
7,000..	N. O., Mob. & C. 5s	46½	46½	46½
21,000..	Un. Ry. & E. 1st 4s	81¾	81	81¾
400..	U. Ry. & E. fdg. 5s	86½	86½	86½
1,000..	Va. Midland 5th 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
555..	Alaska Gold	20¼	19⅝	19⅞
15..	Allouez	32½	32½	32½
908..	Amalgamated	69⅝	68⅞	69⅛
50..	American Zinc	16	16	16
900..	Bonanza	90c	90c	90c
935..	Butte-Balaklala	8¼	8¼	8¼
310..	Butte & Superior	27⅛	27	27
30..	Calumet & Arizona	60	60	60
17..	Calumet & Hecla	400	400	400
100..	Centennial	13	13	13
100..	Chino	36⅜	36⅜	36⅜
52..	Copper Range	32½	32	32½
50..	Daly-West	2¼	2¼	2¼
75..	East Butte	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
10..	Franklin	2½	2½	2½
105..	Granby	68½	68½	68½
12..	Greene-Cananea	28⅝	28½	28⅝
25..	Island Creek	46	46	46
140..	Kerr Lake	4½	4½	4½
25..	Lake	5½	5	5½
30..	Nevada Con.	14⅝	14½	14⅝
5..	New Arcadian	1	1	1
120..	Niplissing	8¼	8 1-16	8⅛
785..	North Butte	25¼	25	25
175..	Old Colony	4	3½	3¾
25..	*Old Dominion	47	47	47
5..	Osceola	69	69	69
15..	Quincy	55	55	55
100..	Ray Con.	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜
640..	Shannon	5⅞	5	5
50..	Superior & Boston	2¼	2¼	2¼
20..	Superior Copper	22	22	22
245..	Tamarack	28	28	28
15..	Trinity	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
1..	U. S. Smelting	36	36	36
200..	U. S. Smelting pf.	47½	47	47½
125..	Utah Con.	8¼	8¼	8¼
10..	Utah Copper	49½	49½	49½

RAILROADS.

94..	Boston Elevated	85	84¼	84¼
403..	Boston & Maine	38	37	37
6..	Boston & Prov.	240	240	240
2..	Con. & M., Class 1	100	100	100
5..	Con. & M., Class 4	100	100	100
5..	Conn. & Pass. pf.	100	100	100
10..	Maine Central	92	92	92
1,774..	N. Y., N. H. & H.	68¼	67½	68¼
2,040..	N. Y., N. H. & H. rights	70c	60c	65c
50..	Union Pacific	149¾	149¾	149¾

TELEPHONES.

4,182..	American	115	110¼	110½
15..	Mexican pf.	6¼	6¼	6¼
30..	New England	130	130	130

MISCELLANEOUS.

35..	Am. Agri. Chem.	44	44	44
52..	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	90½	90½	90½
50..	Amoskeag pf.	100	100	100
100..	Am. Pneu. Service	2½	2½	2½
110..	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	16½	16	16
125..	American Sugar	101½	101	101
15..	American Sugar pf.	111	110	110
88..	Am. Woolen pf.	77¼	76	76
10..	East Boston Land	11	11	11
88..	Edison	237½	235	235
2,837..	Edison rights	2½	2	2
214..	General Electric	137½	134	134
93..	Mass Gas	89½	88¾	88¾
10..	Mass Gas p

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OIL AGITATES THE CURB.

Association May Reconsider Listing Resolution To-day.

The Board of Representatives of the Curb Association is scheduled to hold a meeting to-day to consider its action of last week in admitting stocks of former subsidiary companies of the old Standard Oil Company to quotation on the official Curb sheet. The decision to afford these shares the most important privilege of the Curb Association was made by a bare majority of one vote, and so much feeling has been aroused among brokers in the outdoor market over the matter that some of the board thought best to discuss the situation over again.

Members of the association have been sharply divided over the question of quoting Standard Oil stocks ever since the movement was started several weeks ago to have them admitted to the Curb list. The opposition protested that the fundamental rules of the Curb's organization would be violated if the shares got a place on the sheet with prices and total daily transactions recorded because the oil companies had neither paid the listing fee of $100 nor agreed to open stock transfer offices in this city. From time to time in the past year the companies have been asked to apply for admission, but the suggestion has always been ignored.

It is understood that the party in favor of quoting the shares argued that inasmuch as the old Standard Oil Company had an established place on the Curb before it was dissolved, its component parts automatically belonged on the Curb with as full a status of membership as the parent. Evidently this view was not upheld at last week's meeting of the board, for it was stipulated in the resolution admitting them to quotation that they should only be given quotation privileges, and the inference was that they would not be considered as bona fide members of the stock list.

A member of an investment house which has been making a specialty in Standard Oil stocks said yesterday that one objection made to considering the shares as practically on the official Curb list was that it would promote speculation in them. The "over-the-counter" brokerage firms have maintained that the various oil stocks were well placed in the investment class of securities.

To Reorganize D., T. & I. Railway.

Two committees representing the Northern, the Southern, and the Ohio Southern Divisions of the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway have agreed upon a reorganization which provides for the operation of the system as a unit. It is believed that the property can be converted into a valuable coal and ore carrying road. Provision has been made for underwriting the securities of the new company.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Yellow Jacket	.31	Julia	.04
Alpha Con.	.02	Justice	.07
Andes	.04	Kentucky Con.	.02
Belcher	.48	Mexican	1.20
Best & Belcher	.05	Occidental Con.	.70
Bullion	.02	Overman	.19
Caledonia	1.70	Potosi	.02
Challenge Con.	.10	Savage	.10
Chollar	.02	Sierra Nevada	.10
Con. Cal. & Va.	.15	Silver Peak	.07
Con. Imperial	.06	Union Con.	.12
Crown Point	.38	Utah Con.	.03
Gould & Curry	.08		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	7.50	C. O. D. Comb. Fraction	.02
Jim Butler	.63	D'field Bl. B.	.06
McNamara	.07	Florence	.20
Midway	.33	G'field Con. M.	1.43
Mizpah	.25	G'field Merger	.09
Montana	.37	Lone Star	.06
North Star	.08	Silver Pick	.03
Rescue Eula	.93	Jumbo Extension	.04
Tonopah Exten.	1.40	Vernal	.01
Tonopah Merger	.52	Nevada Hills	.45
Tonopah Mining	1.20	Round Mountain	.38
West End		MANHATTAN.	
GOLDFIELD.		Manhattan Con.	.03
Atlanta	.09		
Booth	.02		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.			Jackpot	6¼	6½
Elkton	51¼	51½	McKinney	57	59½
El Paso	.275	289	Old Gold	1	2½
Findlay	1½	2	Portland	.160	165
Gold Dol.	7	7¼	Vindicator	.82	84
Isabella	.10	11½	R. B. H.	3½	4½

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Dec. 15, 1913	$2,041,500
Same day last year	2,045,000
Total year to date	475,175,420
Same period last year	656,600,000
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	85.60 —.06
Same day last year	91.30 +.04
	High. Low.
Range year to date	92.31 Jan. 10 85.60 Dec. 15

U S 3s, coupon 102⅜
1,000 102⅜
4s, coupon 111
1,000 111
City of Tokio 5s 88½
3,000 88½
Jap Gov 4½s, ster loan, 2d Ser 87½
1,000 87½
N Y Canal 4s, 1961 99½
3,000 99½
N Y City 4s, 1958 96⅜
2,000 c 96⅜
4s, 1959 96½
1,000 96½
1,000 96½
1,000 96⅝
4½s, 1960 100¼
28,000 100¼
5,000 100
4½s, May, 1917 101¼
2,000 101¼
Nov, 1917 101¼
4½s, May, 1957 104
18,000 104
4½s, 1963 103⅝
28,000 103⅝
7,000 103⅝
registered
1,500 104½
Am Hide & L 6s
4,000
Am Ice Secur 6s 80
500
Am Sm Secur 6s
1,000 102⅝
Am T & T col 4s 84½
13,000 84½
conv 4s 89¼
1,000 89¼
conv 4½s 91¼
30,000 91
5,000 90⅞
25,000 90⅞
38,000 90¼
20,000 90⅛
5,000 90⅜
10,000 90⅜
45,000 90¾
59,000 90¾
11,000 90⅞
13,000 90⅞
42,000 90
30,000 90¼
42,000 90
86,000 90
1,000 89⅞
42,000 89⅞
1,000 89⅞
2,000 89⅞
6,000 89½
41,000 89⅝
1,000 89⅝
68,000 89⅝
10,000 89⅞
93,000 89⅞
20,000 89⅞
25,000 89⅞
Am Wr Paper 5s 73½
5,000
Armour & Co 4½s 89¾
1,000
A, T & S F gen 4s 92
11,000 92
1,000 92¼
8,000 92
adj 4s, stpd 83½
1,000
conv 4s, 1955 93
2,000 92½
7,000
conv 4s, 1960 92¼
10,000
Atl Coast L, Lou & N col 4s 87
1,000
Balt & O gold 4s 91¼
1,000 90¾
500 91⅜
1,000
6,000 91
prior lien 3½s 90½
1,000
conv 4½s 90⅝
24,000 90⅝
17,000 90⅝
500 90⅝
7,000 90⅝
10,000 90⅝
S W Div 3½s 87
8,000
Beth S 1st & ref 5s 78½
1,000 79¼
2,000 79
4,000

Bdway & 7th Av 1st con 5s 100⅞
1,000 100
Brklyn City R R 5s 100
3,000
B R T gold 5s 99¼
24,000
5s, 1918 96½
1,000 96⅝
ref conv 4s 86¼
10,000 86
C of Ga R con 5s 102
5,000
Cent Leather 5s 95½
1,000
Cent Pac gtd 4s 90
10,000 90
4,000 90
T & L 4s 85
1,000
C & O conv 4½s 77¾
1,000
Chi & Alton 3½s 54
2,000
C, B & Q gen 4s 90⅝
1,000 90½
1,000
joint 4s 93⅜
29,000 93⅝
25,000 93⅜
15,000 93⅝
16,000
Ill Div 3½s 81½
1,000 81½
10,000
Ill Div 4s 92½
1,000 92
1,000
Chi Gt Westn 4s 70
4,000
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4½s 100½
18,000
conv 4½s 100½
12,000 100⅜
10,000
C, M & P 8d 4s 85½
10,000
C & N W con 7s 102½
1,000
gen 4s 94
3,000
gen 3½s 80¾
2,000
Chi Rwys 5s 96⅝
12,000
Chi, Rock I & P Ry ref 4s 71½
9,000
C, R I & P R R 4s 49⅜
1,000 48½
2,000 49⅝
5,000 49⅝
5,000 49
5,000 49¼
registered
1,000
C, C, C & St L gen 4s 85
6,000
Col & South ref & ext 4s 91¼
2,000
Dallas & Waco 6s 99¾
2,000
Den & Rio Gr 1st & ref 5s 68½
1,000 69
Du P de N P 4½s 86
1,000
Erie 1st gen 4s 70⅞
5,000 71
20,000
1st con 4s 82
1,000
Pa col tr 4s 85⅛
1,000
cv 4s, Ser A 71¾
5,000
Series B 70
6,000 69¾
4,000
Grand Rap & Ind 1st gtd 4½s 95⅜
1,000
Indiana Steel 5s 96⅛
1,000
Inter-Met 4½s 74
26,000 73⅞
6,000
I R T 1st & ref 5s

3,000 95¾
2,000 95½
Int Stm Pump 5s 59
4,000
K C Ft S & M 4s 71⅜
2,000 72
10,000
Kings Co E L & P pur mon 6s 109¼
1,000
Lacl Gas L of St L 1st 5s 100
1,000
ref & ext 5s 97½
7,000
L S & M So 3½s 86
registered
1,000 83½
4s, 1928 89
3,000
1931 88½
4,000
Ligg & Myers 5s 96
5,000 96⅜
Lorillard Co 7s, temp bonds 117
11,000
L & N unified 4s 92
4,000
Ev, H & N 6s 108½
1,000
Mil & N 1st 4½s 99⅞
1,000
Mo, K & T 1st 4s 87¼
1,000
Mo Pac conv 5s 73⅞
2,000
5s, 1917 93
5,000
Mob & Ohio, St L & C gtd 4s 85½
1,000
M & E 1st 7s 100⅝
National Tube 5s 95¾
7,000 95½
N Y, O & W 4½s 46½
1,000
N Y Cent gen 3½s 80¾
5,000
N Y, Chi & St L 1st 4s 94⅝
10,000
N Y G, E L, H & P pur mon 4s 81½
N Y, N H & H cv deb 6s, w i 102
10,000 102⅛
10,000 102
15,000 101⅞
2,000
conv 3½s 68
N Y Rys ref 4s 73
5,000
adj 5s 54½
6,000 54⅝
20,000 53¾
9,000 54½
1,000 54¼
41,000 54½
1,000
N Y, W & Bos 4½s 75½
2,000 75
5,000
Norf & W cv 4½s 108
5,000
con 4s 92¾
1,000 92½
1,000
Pocah C & C 4s 85½
1,000
Nor Pacific 4s 92
9,000 92
2,000 92
500 92
500
gen 3s 64½
5,000
Ore R & N con 4s 91
18,000
Ore S L 1st con 6s 105⅝
1,000
1st ref 4s 86¾
1,000
Orv & R 2d 6s 98½
1,000
Pac Coast 1st 5s 96½
1,000
Pac Tel & Tel 5s 97¼
36,000 97½
4,000
Penn conv 3½s 97½
Pub Serv C 1st 6s

1,000 88
Ray Consol 1st 6s 104
3,000
Reading gen 4s 89
2,000 89
7,000 92¾
7,000 92½
5,000
Jer C coll 4s 92½
4,000
4,000 92¾
Rep Iron & Steel s f 8s, 1940 89⅝
1,000
Rock & Pitt con 6s 109⅝
1,000
St L, I M & So 1st g 5s 75
1,000
St L S W 1st 4s 82½
1,000
2d inc 5s 75
1,000
St L & S F & N Pac 6s 110¾
2,000
San An & A P 4s 75¾
1,000
Seab Air L adj 5s 73
20,000
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s 96¾
1,000 96¾
2,000 96½
So Pac col 4s 80
1,000 80
500 80⅝
1,000
conv 4s 84½
2,000 84½
27,000 84½
10,000 84½
15,000 84½
10,000
South Ry 1st 5s 102⅝
4,000
gen 4s 72¾
18,000
M & O col 4s 80
5,000
Tex & Pac 1st 5s 99
1,000
Texas Co conv 6s 95¾
1,000
Third Av ref 4s 80¼
1,000
adj 5s 74⅝
2,000
Union Pac 1st 4s 94½
15,000 94½
1,000 94½
conv 4s 90⅝
10,000 90½
6,000
1st & ref 4s 90¼
1,000 90½
U S Rubber 6s 101⅜
11,000
U S Steel C 5s 99¼
32,000 99⅜
5,000 99⅝
11,000
registered 99⅝
500
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s 91¼
2,000 91¾
6,000
Virginia Ry 1st 5s 97½
1,000
Va S W 1st 5s 102½
5,000
Wabash 1st 5s 101¾
7,000 101⅞
10,000
ref & ext 4s 89¼
1,000 89
5,000 89
5,000
Eq Tr Co ctfs dep, stpd 88⅞
5,000
Wash Elec 5s 99⅞
4,000
West Shore 4s 90½
10,000
Wstn Un fund & real est 4½s 97½
5,000
Westingh Mf & M 1st conv 5 f 5s 89½
1,000
1,000 89¾
Wheel & Lake E 1st con 4s 73
5,000
Wilks & B 1st 5s 94
1,000

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97¼	98	Pan 2s, r, 1938	96¾	..
2s, c, 1930	97	100¼	Pan 3s, r, 1961	99¼	100¼
3s, r, 1918	103¼	103	Pan 3s, c, 1961	99½	100½
3s, c, 1918	102¼	103			
4s, r, 1925	110½	111½			
4s, c, 1925	110¾	111½			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96¾	..			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	96	105	Col F & I pf.	..	190
Allis-C pf.	40	43	Col & So.	28	20
Am Ag C	43	45	Do 1st pf.	60	64
Do pf	89	92	Do 2d pf.	50	60
A B S pf.	69½	75	Crex Carp.	60	80
A S & R 1st	87	90	Cub-Am S.	..	30
Do pf	127	128	Do pf.	84	..
A C & F	..	..	div.	..	..
Do pf.	110	113	D & Co pf.	93¾	95
Am Cit	36	38	Del & H	150	160
Do pf.	63	64½	D, L & W	371	390
Am Coal	75	110	D & R G.	17½	18
Am C Pr.	80	84	D M & Ft	..	5
Do pf.	93¼	103	S S M.	1½	..
A C F	90¼	91	D & M, ex div.	85	..
A H & L	3¾	4	Do pf, ex div.	85	..
Do pf	20	22	Det U R	69	75
Am I Sec.	21¼	21¾	D, S S & A	4	5½
Am L pf.	98	103	Do pf.	8¼	9¾
Am Malt.	6½	7	Du P de N pf.	..	87¾
A S & R pf.	98	99	Pow pf.	..	85
Am Snuff.	100	100	Erie 2d pf.	33½	35
Do pf.	103¼	104½	F M & S.	15	18
Am St Fd.	94¾	95	Do pf.	31½	33
Am S Ref	110	112	Gen C pf.	108	110
Do pf.	93	93½	Gen M.	55¾	57
A T & C.	57	57½	Hav E R	..	..
Am Wool.	76½	76¾	L & P R.	75	..
Do pf.	16	18	Do pf.	90	92
A W P pf.	12	20	Helme (G W) Co.	145	180
Ann Arbor.	10	70	Do pf.	107	111
Do pf.	32	39	Hock Val.	122¼	123
Batop M.	36½	..	Homestake.	115	..
Bath Iron	96½	14	Inger-R.	120	..
Do pf.	96½	128	Inter-Met.	14¼	15
Brun Ter	6¾	8	Do pf.	101	..
Brun R & P.	105¾	113½	Int Agric.	4	6
Do pf.	116	120	Do pf.	40	50
Bur'k Co.	20¼	27¼	Int Harv.	100	101
Calif Pet.	16¾	17	Do pf.	110	114
Do pf.	48	52	Int Nickel	22	..
div.	..	69	Do pf.	73	74
Canada So.	..	..	Int Paper.	34	38
C R I & P	8	8¼	Do pf.	6	17
Do pf.	48	50	Int St P.	6	8
C R of N J.	285	320	Do pf.	14	20
C & S A T.	98	100	Iowa Cent.	5	..
Chi & Alt.	9	15	Do pf.	18	..
Do pf.	17½	40	K C, Ft S & M pf.	67¼	68½
C, I & L	..	..	Kayser (J)	87	90
Do pf.	59	80	Do pf.	103	108
C, M & St Paul pf.	131¼	132	Kelly-Spr Tire	7¾	8
C & N W	..	..	Do pf.	65	70
pf.	163	167	Kings Co El	125	140
Chi St P	..	..	Do pf.	130	140
M & Om.	117	125	Kresge (S S)	43	..
Do pf.	130	140	Co pf.	99	101
C, C, C & St L	..	40	Lack Steel.	25	30
			Lacl Gas.	93	98
			L E & W.	6	17
			Do pf.	14	490
			Lake Shore.	480	220
			Ligg & M.	211	..
			Do pf, ex div.	108¼	112
			Long Isl'd.	27	35
			L-W Bls.	27	32
			Do 1st pf, ex div.	85	105
			Do 2d pf.	86	91
			Lorill Co.	158	165
			Do pf.	108¼	110
			M'kay Cos.	77½	80
			Do pf.	64½	66¼
			Man El, ex div.	129	68
			M Dep Sts.	68¾	..
			Do pf, ex div.	97	102
			Mer Mar.	21¾	21¾
			Miami C.	21¼	190
			Mich C.	..	13
			M & St L.	..	85
			Do pf.	..	25
			M, St P & S S M.	123	127½
			Do pf.	121	140
			Do 1 st.	81	83
			Mol P pf.	100	..
			N C & St L.	134½	141
			Nat Bis.	115	121
			Nat Enam.	10	13
			Do pf.	77	82
			Nat L pf.	102	106
			Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	25	31
			N Cent C.	40	60
			N O, M & C pf.	..	26
			N Y A B.	57	61
			N Y C & St L.	45	50
			Do 2d pf.	61	68
			N Y Dock.	20	30
			Do pf.	82	40
			Norf So, ex div.	67	92
			N & W pf.	82	66
			N O T & M.	54	61
			Light.	2¼	3
			Ont Min.	17	108
			Pabst B pf.	102	105
			Pac Coast.	75	85
			Do 1st pf.	75	96
			Do 2d pf.	75	100
			Pac Mail.	22¾	23¼
			P T & T.	22¾	23
			Do pf.	6	10
			Peo & Pek U.	21	25
			Pettit Mull.	80	90
			Do 1st pf.	80	..
			Phelps-D.	188	195
			Phila Co.	78	..
			P, C, C & St L pf.	..	120
			Pitts C.	..	15
			Pitts S pf.	80	94
			Pr St Car.	20	25
			Do pf.	92	98
			Pub S Cor.	103¼	106¼
			Quicksilver.	1½	2
			Do pf.	2¼	3½
			R R Sec.	..	78
			Do stk c.	..	92¼
			Ry St spr.	90	97¼
			Do pf.	83¾	86
			Rdg 1st pf.	..	..
			Rep I & S pf, ex d.	76¼	78¼
			Rumely (M) Co.	14	16
			Do pf.	4	4½
			St. L. & S F.	..	19½
			Do 1st pf	15	21¼
			St L S W.	..	68
			Do pf.	16½	17½
			Scab Al L.	..	..
			Sears-R pf, ex div.	121¾	30
			S-S S & P.	25	90
			Do pf.	85	90
			So P R S.	..	106
			Do pf.	91¾	91¾
			So P cfts.	..	..
			So R, M & C.	65	77
			Stand Mill.	51¾	83
			Do pf.	93	62¼
			Studeb Co.	17	18
			Tenn Cop.	23½	28¾
			Texas Co.	110	115
			T P L.	94	100
			Tex Pac L & T.	..	..
			West.	7¾	9½
			Do pf.	..	20
			T C I & R.	..	..
			Do pf.	100	..
			Tol, St L & W.	27	32
			Do pf.	50	60
			Twin City R T.	106¾	107
			Do pf.	116	118
			Union Bag.	80	90
			Do pf.	86	96
			Union Pac.	150½	151
			Do pf.	171½	172
			U S Bag.	162¼	165
			Do pf.	86¾	88
			U S Cast I P.	19¾	20
			U S Ex.	80	90
			U S Ind A.	13	15
			Do pf.	34¾	36
			U S Rub.	7¼	8
			1st pf.	45	46
			2d pf.	172	175
			U S Smelt.	38¾	39
			Do pf.	85¾	86
			U S Steel.	21¾	22
			Do pf.	75	76
			Utah Con.	66½	66¾
			Utah Cop.	12½	13
			Van Car C.	39¾	40
			Do pf.	88	90
			Va-Car C.	5	5
			Do pf.	150¼	150¾
			Vul Detin.	39	40½
			W F Exp.	54½	55
			Do pf.	100	100½
			W Md.	55¼	55¾
			W U Tel.	104½	105
			Do pf.	112	113
			Weym-B.	200	210
			Do pf.	108	120
			W & B.	1	2
			1st pf.	16	18
			Do 2d pf.	6	8
			W'ngh (F & M)	47	48
			Do pf.	115¼	115¾

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, DEC. 15, 1913.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales Dec. 15, 1913	286,681
Same day last year	902,675
Total year to date	79,178,170
Same period last year	127,307,803
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	65.27 —.55
Same day last year	77.72 +.24

	High.		Low.	
Range year to date	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10
Same period last year	85.88	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1

	—Call Money.— High.	Low.	Ren'al.	—Sterling Exchange.— High.	Low.	Close.
Dec. 15, 1913	4	3	4	$4.8545	$4.8535	$4.8535
Same day last year	5¼	4½	4¾	4.8540	4.8530	4.8530
Range year to date	10	1	...	4.8790	4.8480	.....
Same period last y'r	20	1¾	...	4.8785	4.8440	.....

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
19⅞	20	200	Alaska Gold Mines	20	20	20	20	...
7½	8	200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝	— ¼
69¾	69¼	14,600	Amalgamated Cop.	69½	69½	68⅝	69¼	— ⅜
22	23	200	Am. Beet Sugar	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼	— ⅜
26	26⅜	2,800	Am. Can	26¼	26¼	26	26	— ⅜
87½	88	430	Am. Can pf	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	— ½
42½	43	400	Am. Car & Fdry	43¼	43¼	43	43¼	— ½
103	104	500	Am. Cotton Oil	35½	35½	35	35	— ⅛
27⅝	28	110	Am. Express	105	108	103	103	— 3
28½	28⅝	200	Am. Linseed pf	27½	27½	27¼	27½	— ⅛
43½	44	900	Am. Locomotive	27⅝	28¼	28¼	28⅜	...
60⅞	61	200	Am. Malt pf	28¼	28⅝	43	43	— ⅛
81½	82	900	Am. Smelt. & Ref	42¾	43½	43	61	+ ⅝
101½	102	140	Am. Smelt. S. pf. B	61¼	61¾	60¾	61	+ ⅛
114⅝	114⅞	200	Am. Sugar Refin	60⅞	61¾	81½	81½	— ⅛
245	246	200	Am. Teleph. & Tel	81½	81½	81½	101½	— ⅛
102	102	20,959	Am. Tobacco	101½	101½	101½	110½	— 5
84	84	300	Am. Tob. pf, new	114⅞	114⅞	110	110	— 1
29	29	241	Anaconda Cop. Co	245	246	246	243	— 1
92	92	300	Assets Realization	102	102	102	102	+1¼
92¼	92¾	100	Atch., Top. & S. F	102	103⅝	102	102	⅝
98½	98⅝	150	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	— 1
118	118	1,300	Atlantic Coast Line	29	29	29	29	...
91¾	91⅞	100	Baltimore & Ohio	92	92	92	92	— ½
80	80	1,350	Baltimore & O. pf	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼	— ½
29¼	29½	100	Bethlehem Steel	98½	98¾	98½	98½	— ½
67¼	67⅝	100	Bethlehem Steel pf. x d	117½	117⅝	117⅛	117⅛	— ⅝
86⅞	88⅛	100	Beth. Steel pf. x d	91½	91½	91½	91½	— ⅝
220	220⅞	200	Brook. Rapid Tran	91¾	91¾	91¼	91¼	— ⅝
91¼	91¼	200	Canadian Pacific	23½	23½	23½	23½	— ⅝
23½	23⅝	18,400	Case (J.I.) Co. pf. x d	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	— ⅝
92⅝	92⅞	100	Central Leather Co	55¾	55¾	55¾	55¾	— ⅝
56¼	56¼	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf	11	11	11	11	— ⅝
11⅜	11⅝	1,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	27½	27½	27½	27½	— ⅝
27½	27⅝	200	Chicago Gt. West'n	96¾	97⅛	96¾	97⅛	— ⅝
97⅝	97⅝	2,400	Chi. Gt. West'n. pf	124½	124½	124½	124½	— ⅝
124½	124½	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P	36¾	37	36¾	36¾	— ⅝
36⅞	36⅞	1,800	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾	— ⅝
62	63	300	Chi. & Northwest'n	26	26	26	26	...
26	28	200	Chino Copper	126¼	126¼	126¼	126¼	...
126½	127	100	C., C., C. & St. L. pf	88	88	88	88	— ½
60	65	100	Col. Fuel & Gas	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	— ⅝
26	26⅜	100	Consolidated Gas	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅝
126¾	127⅛	100	Corn Products Ref	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	— ⅝
88	89	125	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅝
62¾	62¾	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	42	42	42	42	— ⅝
27½	27⅝	100	Distillers' Secur	42½	42⅝	42⅛	42⅛	+5
16	16	100	Erie	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	— 2½
27	27	2,100	Erie 1st pf	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅝
42⅝	42⅝	800	General Chemical	87½	87½	87½	87½	— ⅝
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NINE BILLIONS FROM OUR FARMS

Nation's Great Wealth in Crops and Live Stock Produced in 1913.

LOW CROP YEAR AT THAT

Combined Average Next to Smallest in Decade Because of Drought, but Selling Prices Are High.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Final estimates of production and value of fourteen of the important crops which form a part of the enormous grand total, aggregating approximately $9,000,000,000, of wealth produced on farms through the soil and farmers' live stock during 1913, were announced to-day by the Crop Reporting Board, Bureau of Statistics, Department of Agriculture. The figures are the official Government estimates of acreage, production, and value, based on prices paid to farmers on Dec. 1.

These fourteen crops are only a portion of the production of the soil which approximates $6,000,000,000 in value each year. The total value of the animal products of the farm is estimated at about $3,000,000,000 annually.

Says the Secretary of Agriculture, David F. Houston, in his report:

The production of crops in the United States in 1913 was materially below the average, the yield per acre of all crops combined being smaller than in any year of the past decade, with the exception of 1911. This shortage was caused by a severe drought, accompanied by excessive heat during the Summer months, in an important portion of the agricultural district of the United States.

The acreage devoted to five crops (corn, wheat, oats, hay, and cotton) comprises about 90 per cent. of the area in all crops, and, therefore, has a predominating effect upon the general average condition of all crops. Nearly all the minor crops were materially smaller this year than in 1912 and the per acre yields below their average.

To the producers the lessened crop production this year is largely compensated by the increased prices received for their produce, for, although the total crop production is approximately 12 per cent. smaller than last year's production, the average level of prices is higher than last year.

Thus, the crops of corn and cotton are the most valuable ever produced, and the oat crop is the second most valuable. The value of the nation's fourteen principal farm crops this year aggregates the enormous total of $4,-96,301,000. This is an increase of $182,-958,000 over the value of the same crops last year and of $359,772,000 over those of 1911, based on the prices paid to farmers on Dec. 1.

The exact area planted to these fourteen crops, which is more than 95 per cent. of the total of all crop area, was 299,433,000 acres, an increase of almost 5,000,000 acres over last year's area and of more than 2,000,000 over the 1911 area. For the crops as a whole the average production per acre was valued at about $16.50.

Following are the final estimates today of the principal crops, with comparisons for 1912 and 1911:

CORN—Area harvested, 105,820,000 acres, compared with 107,082,000 acres last year, and 105,825,000 acres in 1911; total production, 2,446,988,000 bushels, compared with 3,-124,746,000 bushels last year, and 2,531,488,-000 bushels in 1911; total value of the crop, $1,692,992,000, compared with $1,520,454,000 last year, and $1,565,258,000 in 1911.

WINTER WHEAT—Area harvested, 31,699,-000 acres, compared with 26,571,000 acres last year, and 29,162,000 acres in 1911; total production, 525,561,000 bushels, compared with 899,919,000 bushels last year, and 430,656,000 bushels in 1911; total value of crop, $433,995,-000, compared with $323,572,000 last year, and $379,151,000 in 1911.

SPRING WHEAT—Area harvested, 20,381,-000 acres, compared with 19,243,000 acres last year, and 29,162,000 acres in 1911; total production, 239,819,000 bushels, compared with 230,348,000 bushels last year, and 196,682,000 bushels in 1911; total value of crop, $176,-127,000, compared with $231,708,000 last year, and $163,912,000 in 1911.

ALL WHEAT.—Area harvested, 50,184,000 acres, compared with 45,814,000 acres last year and 49,543,000 acres in 1911. Total production, 764,380,000 bushels, compared with 730,267,000 bushels last year and 621,338,000 bushels in 1911. Total value of crop, $610,-124,000, compared with $555,280,000 last year, and $543,063,000 in 1911.

OATS.—Area harvested, 38,399,000 acres, compared with 37,917,000 acres last year and 37,763,000 acres in 1911. Total production, 1,121,765,000 bushels, compared with 1,418,-837,000 bushels last year, and 922,298,000 bushels in 1911. Total value of crop, $439,-696,000, compared with $452,469,000 last year and $414,965,000 in 1911.

BARLEY.—Area harvested, 7,499,000 acres, compared with 7,530,000 acres last year and 7,627,000 acres in 1911. Total production, 178,189,000 bushels, compared with 223,824,-000 bushels last year and 150,240,000 in 1911. Total value of crop, $95,731,000, compared with $112,957,000 last year and $139,182,000 in 1911.

RYE—Area harvested, 2,557,000 acres, compared with 2,117,000 acres last year and 2,-127,000 acres in 1911; total production 41,-881,000 bushels, compared with 35,664,000 bushels last year and 33,119,000 bushels in 1911; total value of crop $26,220,000, compared with $28,636,000 last year and $27,-857,000 in 1911.

BUCKWHEAT—Area harvested, 805,000 acres, compared with 841,000 acres last year and 838,000 acres in 1911; total production, 13,885,000 bushels, compared with 19,249,000 bushels last year and 17,549,000 bushels in 1911; total value of crop, $11,445,000 compared with $12,720,000 last year and $12,735,-000 in 1911.

FLAXSEED—Area harvested, 2,291,000 acres, compared with 2,851,000 acres last year and 2,777,000 acres in 1911; total production, 17,-853,000 bushels, compared with 28,073,000 bushels last year, and 19,370,000 bushels in 1911; total value of crop, $21,399,000, compared with $32,202,000 last year and $35,272,-000 in 1911.

RICE—Area harvested, 827,000 acres, compared with 722,800 acres last year and 696,-800 acres in 1911; total production, 25,744,000 bushels, compared with 25,054,000 bushels last year and 22,934,000 bushels in 1911; total value of crop, $22,090,000, compared with $28,423,000 last year and $18,274,000 in 1911.

POTATOES — Area harvested, 3,668,000 acres, compared with 3,619,000 acres last year and 3,619,000 acres in 1911; total production, 331,525,000 bushels, compared with 420,647,000 bushels last year and 292,737,000 bushels in 1911; total value of crop, $227,-903,000, compared with $212,550,000 last year and $233,778,000 in 1911.

SWEET POTATOES—Area harvested, 625,-000 acres, compared with 583,000 acres last year and 606,000 acres in 1911; total production, 59,057,000 bushels, compared with 55,-479,000 bushels last year and 54,538,000 bushels in 1911; total value of crop, $42,884,000, compared with $40,264,000 last year and $41,-262,000 in 1911.

HAY—Area harvested, 48,954,000 acres, compared with 49,530,000 acres last year and 48,240,000 acres in 1911; total production, 64,116,000 tons, compared with 72,691,000 tons last year and 54,816,000 tons in 1911; total value of crop, $797,077,000, compared with $856,695,000 last year and $784,926,000 in 1911.

TOBACCO.—Area harvested, 1,208,000 acres, compared with 1,225,000 acres last year and 1,012,000 acres in 1911. Total production, 947,399,000 pounds, compared with 962,855,-000 pounds last year and 905,109,000 pounds in 1911. Total value of crop, $121,597,000, compared with $104,063,000 last year and $85,210,000 in 1911.

COTTON.—Area harvested, 36,012,000 acres, compared with 34,283,000 acres last year and 36,045,000 acres in 1911. Total production, 13,627,000 running bales, compared with 13,703,000 running bales last year and 15,-693,000 running bales in 1911. Total value of crop, (exclusive of linters and seed.) $797,-841,000, compared with $760,224,000 last year and $660,566,000 in 1911.

SUGAR BEETS.—Area harvested, 577,000 acres, compared with 555,000 acres last year and 474,000 acres in 1911. Total production, 6,834,000 tons, compared with 5,224,000 tons last year and 5,062,000 tons in 1911. Total value of crop, $34,420,000, compared with $30,406,000 last year and $27,843,000 in 1911.

AMERICAN COTTON SUPPLY.

Total for Three Months Ending Nov. 30 Was 12,902,121 Bales.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The supply and distribution of cotton in the United States for the three-month period ending Nov. 30 was announced to-day by the Census Bureau as follows:

Supply, exclusive of linters: 12,902,121 bales, made up of stocks at beginning of period, 1,598,430 bales; cotton ginned, 11,282,001 bales, and net imports, 21,682 bales.

Distribution: Consumption, 1,495,273 bales; exports, 3,949,343 bales, and stocks at end of period in manufacturing establishments, 1,474,090 bales; in independent warehouses, 3,284,807 bales, and elsewhere, 2,098,008 bales.

Cotton consumed during November included 13,456 bales of foreign cotton and 26,311 bales of linters. Cotton-growing State consumed 253,016 bales, and all other States 228,678 bales.

Cotton in manufacturing establishments included 43,176 bales of foreign cotton and 56,564 bales of linters. In manufacturing establishments in cotton-growing States there was 831,974 bales, and in all other States 642,716 bales.

Cotton in independent warehouses included 2,732 bales of foreign cotton and 29,937 bales of linters. Independent warehouses in cotton-growing States held 3,188,482 bales, and in all other States 96,325 bales.

Active spindles in cotton-growing States numbered 12,089,085, and in all other States 18,858,646.

Imports during November were 8,083, equivalent 500-pound bales compared with 9,452 bales last year. Exports during November were 1,501,124 running bales compared with 1,734,687 bales in 1912.

SUIT OVER CHICAGO GAS.

Stockholder Charges Interlocking Directorate with Edison Co.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—An attack on alleged interlocking Directorates of two of Chicago's largest public utility corporations—the Commonwealth-Edison Company and the People's Gas Light and Coke Company—was made to-day by James J. McCarthy, a minority stockholder in the gas company.

McCarthy applied for an injunction to forbid the Directors of the gas company from issuing any stock or bonds and to restrain Samuel Insull, John J. Mitchell, and James A. Patten, who are Directors of both companies, from acting as officers or Directors of the gas company, giving as his reason their connection with the Commonwealth-Edison Company.

The application for the injunction, which was filed in the Circuit Court of Cook County, asserts that the stockholders of the Commonwealth-Edison Company have obtained control of the gas company, and have conspired to manage its affairs, lessen its business, decrease the value of its shares, freeze out the small stockholders, and take over the assets of the gas company, including a surplus of $16,000,000. The bill also alleges that the virtual amalgamation has removed competition for the lighting business of the city, and asserts that this change is contrary to public policy. The bill recites:

"In furtherance of the alleged conspiracy to freeze out the smaller shareholders, the gas company Directors called a meeting on Nov. 14 and passed a resolution authorizing an increase of the capital stock of the gas company from $55,000,000 to $50,000,000."

MAY SELL STOCK AT ONCE.

Administrator Tells Surrogate of Market Conditions.

Surrogate Cohalan signed an order yesterday permitting Leslie J. Tompkins, as temporary administrator of the $1,000,000 estate of Mrs. Anna Moore, to dispose of 600 shares of Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad stock and 400 shares of Southern Pacific stock. Mrs. Moore died on July 17, leaving the bulk of her estate to found a convalescent home in memory of her late husband, James A. Moore. Mr. Tompkins, in asking to be allowed to dispose of the stock, said that the condition of the market in respect to these stocks made it advisable that the shares should be sold immediately.

"The present conditions of the market," he added, "seem to point to a higher rate of interest, and we have also to consider a possible sharp decline in the market."

Changes on the Erie.

A change in the operating organization of the Erie Railroad will be made on Jan. 1, when J. C. Stuart, now Vice President in charge of operation, will become assistant to the President. His old office will be abolished. Three operating divisions are to be established, the Erie, the Ohio, and the Chicago Terminal, the latter to include the steamers on the Great Lakes. These will be in charge of general managers, with the head of the Erie division ranking general manager of the system.

Assets Realization Company.

The Assets Realization Company announced yesterday that it had made an arrangement for an extension of its indebtedness. The necessary legal papers have been prepared and are now being signed. The officers state that the adjustment is satisfactory from the company's standpoint, and in the absence of untoward developments in the general financial situation they believe that the former standing of the company will eventually be restored.

SAVINGS BANKS.

THE BANK FOR SAVINGS
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
280 Fourth Avenue, Dec. 11th, 1913.
189TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

The Board of Trustees has declared an interest dividend for the Six Months ending December 31st, 1913, at the rate of **THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT.** per annum on all deposits of $5.00 and upward entitled thereto, and payable on and after January 20th, 1914. The dividend will be credited to depositors as principal January 1st, 1914. Deposits made on or before January 10th, 1914, will draw interest from January 1st, 1914.

WALTER TRIMBLE, President.
LEWIS B. GAWTRY, Secretary.
JAMES KNOWLES, Comptroller.

6% Mortgages

GUARANTEED TAX-EXEMPT
ON IMPROVED NEW YORK CITY
REAL ESTATE
KINGS COUNTY MORTGAGE CO.,
185 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

DIVIDENDS.

The Buffalo Mines, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that a regular dividend of ten per cent. (10%) and an extra dividend of ten per cent. (10%) on the outstanding capital stock of The Buffalo Mines, Limited, has been declared and will be paid January 1st, 1914, to shareholders of record at the close of business on December 20th, 1913. The stock books to close at the close of business on December 20th, 1913, and reopen for transfer on January 2d, 1914.

GEORGE C. MILLER, Secretary-Treasurer.
Dated December 11th, 1913.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO. 58

A quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable January 15th, 1914, at the office of the Treasurer, 131 State Street, Boston, Mass., to stockholders of record at the close of business December 24th, 1913.

CHARLES A. HUBBARD, Treasurer.

GENERAL BAKING COMPANY

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 8.
New York, December 15th, 1913.

A Dividend of one per cent. (1%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company will be paid on January 2, 1914, to Stockholders of record at the close of business December 20th, 1913.

GEO. E. FAWCETT, Treasurer.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Ideal Mfg. Co. and Gratz, Kohn & Sperber. —Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned and trading under the style of Ideal Mfg. Co. and Gratz, Kohn & Sperber, at No. 15 East 26th St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent and by limitation. The liabilities of said firm have been assumed by the undersigned William Gratz and Joseph Kohn. Dated Dec. 15, 1913.

WILLIAM GRATZ,
JOSEPH KOHN,
JACOB SPERBER.

PROPOSALS.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, NORFOLK, VA., Dec. 10, 1913.—Congress having authorized the erection of a monument to the late President Tyler, in Hollywood Cemetery, Richmond, Va., the Secretary of War is about to receive competitive designs for said monument. Persons desiring to submit designs, or wishing other information on the subject, should apply to this office.

Fort Hancock, N. J., December 10, 1913.—Sealed Proposals in triplicate will be received here until 12 M. January 14, 1914, and then opened, for Steam Heating Plant. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals should be indorsed, "Proposals for Heating Plant" and addressed to Quartermaster.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES. | REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

140 Broadway

Fifth Avenue Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St.

London Office, 33 Lombard St., E. C.

Condensed Statement, December 9, 1913

RESOURCES

Real Estate	$2,569,662.46
Bonds and Mortgages	558,680.27
Public Securities	13,785,223.77
Other Securities	44,647,179.03
Loans and Bills Purchased	77,660,591.77
Cash on Hand and in Banks	26,500,218.00
Exchanges for Clearing House	4,751,855.86
Foreign Exchange	37,016,773.80
Accrued Int. and Accts. Receivable	831,208.86
	$208,321,393.82

LIABILITIES

Capital	$10,000,000.00
Surplus	20,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	3,827,178.17
Outstanding Treasurer's Checks	2,109,628.59
Accrued Interest Payable	1,359,950.23
Reserve for Taxes and Expenses	187,024.79
Foreign Accounts	21,381,327.52
Deposits	149,456,284.52
	$208,321,393.82

Directors

Levi P. Morton, Chairman

Charles H. Allen	Walter S. Johnston	Daniel G. Reid
George F. Baker	Augustus D. Juilliard	John D. Ryan
Edward J. Berwind	Thomas W. Lamont	Thomas F. Ryan
T. De Witt Cuyler	William C. Lane	Charles H. Sabin
Henry P. Davison	Edgar L. Marston	William D. Sloane
James B. Duke	John R. Morron	Valentine P. Snyder
Robert W. Goelet	Gates W. McGarrah	Wm. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.
George J. Gould	Charles A. Peabody	Harry Payne Whitney
Daniel Guggenheim	William H. Porter	Albert H. Wiggin
Alexander J. Hemphill	William C. Potter	

Officers

Alexander J. Hemphill, President	Charles H. Sabin, Vice-President
William C. Potter, Vice-President	William C. Lane, Vice-President
Max May, Vice-President	Lewis B. Franklin, Vice-President
James M. Pratt, Vice-President	William C. Cox, Vice-President
William C. Edwards, Treasurer	E. C. Hebbard, Secretary
F. J. H. Sutton, Trust Officer	Robert H. Cox, Mgr. Bond Dept.
Charles M. Billings, Asst. Treasurer	F. C. Harriman, Asst. Treasurer
Walter Meacham, Asst. Secretary	J. I. Burke, Asst. Secretary
N. D. Putnam, Jr., Asst. Secretary	E. B. Bulkley, Asst. Secretary
G. W. Williamson, Asst. Secretary	Zelah Van Loan, Asst. Secretary
R. J. F. Allen, Assistant Trust Officer	
William P. Conway, Asst. Treasurer	John J. Lewis, Asst. Secretary

Deposits December 26, 1912	$168,417,464
Deposits December 9, 1913	$149,456,284

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

TWENTY-THIRD WARD BANK

at the close of business on the 9th day of December, 1913:

RESOURCES.

Stocks and bonds, viz.:		
Public securities, market value.	1,000.00	
Real estate owned	211,650.00	
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral	65,250.00	
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral	412,137.98	
Loans and discounts without collateral	1,409,916.16	
Overdrafts	318.16	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers	298,149.76	
Specie	287,476.48	
Legal tender notes and notes of national banks	115,500.00	
Cash items	130,079.09	
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$5,250.00	
Accrued interest not entered, (estimated)	1,500.00	
	6,750.00	
Total		$2,938,227.63

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		108,945.04
Reserved for taxes		3,000.00
Preferred deposits	$100,496.02	
Deposits not preferred	2,398,327.32	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	9,978.25	
Total deposits		2,517,801.59
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Cashier's checks outstanding	$25,481.00	
Mortgages on real estate owned	81,500.00	
Accrued interest not entered, (estimated)	1,500.00	
		108,481.00
Total		$2,938,227.63

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

CHARLES W. BOGART, President, and CHARLES P. BOGART, Cashier, of Twenty-third Ward Bank of the City of New York, a bank located and doing business at No. 2,469 Third Avenue, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the 9th day of December, 1913, as the day as of which such report shall be made. I hereby certify that at the time when I signed my name hereto, the Notary Public whose name is attached to the certificate hereinbelow contained asked me the question, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and I replied, "I do."

CHAS. W. BOGART, President.
CHARLES P. BOGART, Cashier.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, C. WM. MONTGOMERY, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 15th day of December, 1913, there appeared before me Charles W. Bogart, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and at the time when he signed such statement I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do."

[Seal of Notary.] C. WM. MONTGOMERY, Notary Public, Westchester County.

Certificate filed in New York County No. 46.
New York County Register's No. 5,160.
Commission expires March 30, 1915.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, C. WM. MONTGOMERY, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 15th day of December, 1913, there appeared before me Charles P. Bogart, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and at the time when he signed such statement I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied "I do."

[Seal of Notary.] C. WM. MONTGOMERY, Notary Public, Westchester County.

Certificate filed in New York County No. 46.
New York County Register's No. 5,160.
Commission expires March 30, 1915.

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE BANK OF UNITED STATES

at the close of business on the 9th day of December, 1913:

RESOURCES.

Stocks and bonds, viz.:		
Public securities, market value.	$37,230.63	
Other securities, market value.	69,171.87	
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral	380,652.00	
Loans and discounts without collateral	1,143,140.00	
Overdrafts	4.30	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers	612,460.36	
Specie	229,348.74	
Legal-tender notes and notes of national banks	60,970.00	
Cash items	9,764.67	
Other assets, viz.:		
Foreign money	$8,188.13	
Furniture and fixtures	5,174.36	
Accrued interest not entered	2,302.04	
	15,664.53	
Total		$2,558,402.10

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$100,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		58,465.71
Unpaid dividends; reserved for taxes, etc., viz.:		
Reserved for taxes		600.00
Preferred deposits	$10,000.00	
Deposits not preferred	2,367,681.88	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	2,873.25	
Total deposits		2,380,555.13
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Cashier's checks outstanding	$15,781.26	
Accrued interest not entered	3,000.00	
	18,781.26	
Total		$2,358,402.10

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

JOSEPH S. MARCUS, President, and BERNARD K. MARCUS, Cashier, of The Bank of United States, a bank located and doing business at No. 81 Delancey St. in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the 9th day of December, 1913, as the day as of which such report shall be made. I hereby certify that at the time when I signed my name hereto, the Notary Public whose name is attached to the certificate hereinbelow contained asked me the question, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and I replied, "I do."

JOSEPH S. MARCUS, President.
BERNARD K. MARCUS, Cashier.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, C. LIONEL SHAW, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that, on the 15th day of December, 1913, there appeared before me JOSEPH S. MARCUS, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and, at the time when he signed such statement, I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do."

[Seal of Notary.] C. LIONEL SHAW, Notary Public, New York County, No. 3,768.
New York Register No. 5,428.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, C. LIONEL SHAW, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 15th day of December, 1913, there appeared before me BERNARD K. MARCUS, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and, at the time when he signed such statement I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do, to the best of my knowledge and belief."

S. A. JONES, Notary Public.

[Seal of Notary.]
Notary Public, New York County, No. 18.
Registered in Hall of Records No. 4,020.
Commission expires March 30, 1914.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, S. A. JONES, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 15th day of December, 1913, there appeared before me JOSEPH ADAMS, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and, at the time when he signed such statement I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do, to the best of my knowledge and belief."

S. A. JONES, Notary Public.

[Seal of Notary.]
Notary Public, New York County, No. 18.
Registered in Hall of Records No. 4,020.
Commission expires March 30, 1914.

DIVIDENDS.

D. C. HEATH & COMPANY

BOSTON

Preferred Dividend Notice

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. has been declared by the Directors of this Corporation, payable January 1, 1914, to preferred stockholders of record December 26, 1913. Checks will be mailed. WINFIELD S. SMYTH, Treasurer.

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.

New York, December 10th, 1913.

A Quarterly Dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT (1¼%) on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable on Thursday, January 15th, 1914, at the office of the Treasurer, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, December 19th, 1913.

EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., December 4, 1913.

A Dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid January 2, 1914, to the registered holders of December 9, 1913. Transfer books will be closed on the 9th inst., and will be reopened December 15, 1913. C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

THE GARVIN MACHINE CO.

The regular semi-annual dividend (No. 30) of 3½% on the preferred stock has been declared, payable Jan. 1st, 1914. The transfer books will close Dec. 24th, and reopen Jan. 4th, 1914.

GEORGE MACLAGAN, Treasurer.

FINANCIAL. | FINANCIAL. | FINANCIAL.

$5,000,000

Illinois Central Railroad Company and Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans Railrord Company

JOINT FIRST REFUNDING MORTGAGE 5% BONDS, SERIES "A"

DUE DECEMBER 1, 1963

Interest Payable June 1st and December 1st
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New York, Trustee.

Coupon bonds in denominations of $1,000 and $500 each, with privilege of registration as to principal and as to both principal and interest. Fully registered bonds re-exchangeable for Coupon Bonds.

Both principal and interest payable without deduction for any tax, assessment or governmental charge which the companies or the Trustee may be required to pay, or to retain therefrom, under any present or future law of the United States of America, or of any State, Territory, County or Municipality therein (except Federal Income Taxes.)

C. H. Markham, Esq., President of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, in a letter to the undersigned, writes in part as follows:

"The Bonds will be the joint and several obligation of the Illinois Central Railroad Company and the Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans Railroad Company, and are to be secured by mortgage on about 1512 miles of railroad (in addition to trackage and leaseholds), including the important bridge over the Ohio River at East Cairo, Ky., with its Kentucky approach, and on valuable terminal properties in New Orleans, La., Louisville, Ky., Memphis, Tenn., Evansville, Ind., and elsewhere, subject to existing liens, to meet which at or before maturity provision has been made."

"The total authorized amount of the Joint First Refunding Mortgage Bonds will be $120,000,000, issuable as follows: to reimburse the Illinois Central Railroad Company and subsidiaries for advances made for the purchase and improvement of railroads, terminal properties, etc., to be covered by this mortgage, $33,348,100 (of which present issue is part), to refund or retire a like amount of prior mortgages, $50,132,000, and for future improvements, betterments, construction or acquisition of additional properties, or other corporate purposes, under restrictions provided in the mortgage, $36,519,900."

"The Illinois Central Railroad Co. has paid dividends on its stock uninterruptedly for over fifty years. The surplus earnings of the Company for the year ended June 30, 1913, after payment of all charges, notwithstanding the severe loss of traffic and increase in expenses due to floods, amounted to $6,575,113, equivalent to more than 6 per cent. on the capital stock. The net earnings for the four months ended October 31, 1913, show an increase of $322,238 over the same period of last year."

For further information as to this issue of Bonds reference is made to the letter above mentioned, copies of which may be obtained from the undersigned.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFER THE ABOVE BONDS, SUBJECT TO PREVIOUS SALE, AT 100 PER CENT. AND ACCRUED INTEREST AT WHICH PRICE THE BONDS NET FIVE PER CENT. ON THE INVESTMENT.

Payment for bonds purchased is to be made in New York funds between December 22, 1913, and January 8, 1914, at the option of the purchaser. Pending the engraving of the definitive bonds, interim certificates, exchangeable for the engraved bonds when ready, will be delivered. The right is reserved to reject any application in whole or in part.

Application will be made to list these Bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

A SIMULTANEOUS OFFERING OF £1,000,000 STERLING BONDS (SERIES "B") IS BEING MADE in LONDON, ENGLAND, BY MESSRS. BARING BROTHERS & COMPANY, LTD.

KUHN, LOEB & CO.

NEW YORK, DECEMBER 15, 1913.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST CO.

at the close of business on the 9th day of December, 1913:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, market value	$2,096,535.64	
Other securities, market value	7,039,030.96	
Real estate owned	889.09	
Mortgages owned	10,907,898.51	
Loans secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral	75,000.00	
Loans secured by other collateral	13,881,140.64	
Bills purchased not secured by collateral	9,055,845.06	
Overdrafts	956.06	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers	6,734,589.69	
Specie	3,833,031.26	
Legal tender notes and notes of national banks	511,500.00	
Cash items	9,735.32	
Other assets, viz.:		
Exchanges for Clearing House	$1,564,596.27	
Accrued interest entered	227,412.15	
Accrued interest not entered	299,618.61	
	2,091,627.03	
Total		$56,238,779.26

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$2,000,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		4,350,352.54
Unpaid dividends; reserved for taxes, etc., viz.:		
Unpaid dividends	$120.00	
Reserved for taxes, etc.	150,955.71	
	151,075.71	
Preferred deposits	$1,457,382.78	
Deposits not preferred	32,991,822.15	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	6,010,315.97	
Total deposits	40,459,470.90	
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Officers' checks outstanding	994,105.66	
Mortgage trust bonds	8,116,300.00	
Accrued interest entered	53,215.04	
Accrued interest not entered	114,259.41	
	9,277,880.11	
Total		$56,238,779.26

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

JOHN W. PLATTEN, President, and JOSEPH ADAMS, Treasurer, of the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, located and doing business at No. 73d Street, 73d Street and Broadway, and 125th Street and 8th Avenue, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended) and not elsewhere, and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the 9th day of December, 1913, as the day as of which such report shall be made. I hereby certify that at the time when I signed my name hereto, the Notary Public whose name is attached to the certificate hereinbelow contained asked me the question, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and I replied, "I do, to the best of my knowledge and belief."

JOHN W. PLATTEN, President.
JOSEPH ADAMS, Treasurer.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, S. A. JONES, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 15th day of December, 1913, there appeared before me JOHN W. PLATTEN, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and at the time when he signed such statement, I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do, to the best of my knowledge and belief."

S. A. JONES, Notary Public.

[Seal of Notary.]
Notary Public, New York County, No. 18.
Registered in Hall of Records No. 4,020.
Commission expires March 30, 1914.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, S. A. JONES, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 15th day of December, 1913, there appeared before me JOSEPH ADAMS, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and, at the time when he signed such statement I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do, to the best of my knowledge and belief."

S. A. JONES, Notary Public.

[Seal of Notary.]
Notary Public, New York County, No. 18.
Registered in Hall of Records No. 4,020.
Commission expires March 30, 1914.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK, NEW YORK.

New York, December 2, 1913.

The annual meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly before it will be held in the Banking Rooms, No. 233 Broadway, Tuesday, January 13th, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, the polls to be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from 12 o'clock noon, January 10th, 1914, until 10 o'clock A. M., January 14th, 1914.

HARRY E. WARD, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.

New York, December 11, 1913.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of Directors will be held at its banking house, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 13, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.

STEVENSON E. WARD, Cashier.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York.

New York, December 13, 1913.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nassau and Pine Streets, Tuesday, January 13th, 1914, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 9th day of December, 1913:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, market value	$1,581,226.25	
Other securities, market value	6,660,864.54	
Real estate owned	2,346,002.51	
Mortgages owned	11,437,127.27	
Loans secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral	757,419.63	
Loans secured by other collateral	9,745,629.81	
Bills purchased not secured by collateral	3,599,244.59	
Overdrafts	624.23	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers	3,323,727.86	
Specie	2,063,527.75	
Legal tender notes and notes of national banks	967,976.00	
Cash items	1,092,454.95	
Other assets, viz.:		
Premium, examination, and search fees due	$194,248.57	
Other outstandings	229.39	
Suspense	1,000.00	
Accrued interest entered	357,727.60	
Accrued interest not entered	51,000.00	
	623,205.56	
Total		$44,199,030.95

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$5,000,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits	

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

Minaret Neckwear Now.

Following the appearance of the minaret skirt in this country an enterprising firm manufacturing women's neckwear has brought out several minaret effects in this merchandise. One of these is offered in the form of a fichu of tucked net with edgings of white marabout. The back is trimmed with crystal beads. Another is a stock and plastron effect of tucked net, edged with wide lace and trimmed with fur and velvet. A third is a fichu of tucked net with a full ruche of silk muslin, fastened with a large black velvet bow. Stocks with broad, frilled jabots are active neckwear items also.

Soft Hats in Big Demand.

The present season for men's soft hats has been about the longest in the history of the business. There is still a steady demand from all parts of the country for this headgear. Duplicate orders for soft hats have been larger than many of the manufacturers could supply, and it is reported now that some producers are receiving Spring orders stipulating immediate deliveries, in order to supply the current demand. It was said that this run on soft hats would tend to make them less popular for Spring. Fewer duplicate orders for stiff hats than last year had been received up to Dec. 1, but since that date reordering has been more active.

Big Imports Still Coming.

Local importers showed much interest yesterday in the report of the Department of Commerce covering imports for the first four months of the present fiscal year. The fact that October, the first month under the new tariff, showed the smallest importations was freely commented upon. Importers agreed with Secretary of Commerce Redfield that the first effect of the law had not been to flood the American market with the cheap wares of Europe, as some had predicted. It was pointed out, however, that not until contracts actually based upon the rates prevailing in the new law begin to be filled in volume can an adequate idea be gained of the extent of imports under the new law.

The Situation in Taffetas.

A prominent local silk wholesaler said yesterday that taffetas were scarce, not because there was an extensive demand for them, but because the larger manufacturers had booked so much business on messalines, crêpes de chine, and similar fabrics that they were unable to make Spring deliveries on taffetas. The demand for the taffetas, he said, was coming entirely from the cutters-up. The wholesaler in question offered taffetas to the retail trade throughout the country because of recent reports that they would be prominent Spring numbers, but where customers ordinarily bought 50 to 100 piece assortments, this year they bought only a dozen pieces, covering as many shades. This was done, he said, in order to have them in stock if a demand for taffetas sprang up.

Dutiable Silk Imports Gain.

Statistics compiled by the Silk Association of America, covering dutiable silk imports at New York in the five weeks ended Nov. 30, show a substantial gain as compared with last year's figures. Imports last month were valued at $2,554,602, against $1,969,705 in 1912, and of these totals $993,245 and $520,360 were contributed, respectively, by fabrics woven in the piece. Velvets, chenilles, and other pile fabrics were valued at $133,167, or a gain of about $48,000 over last year's receipts of this merchandise. Ready-made silk clothing and silk laces, embroideries and trimmings also showed substantial gains. The principal losses were shown in receipts of velvet or plush ribbons, laces and embroideries made of artificial silk, and spun silk or schappe silk yarns. Raw silk imports showed a good gain, as did receipts of noils.

Corrective Legislation Wanted.

Apropos the recent report that many members of the cloak and suit trade were hypothecating their accounts receivable to get money enough to meet urgent expenses, comes a report from local credit circles that a movement will be started shortly to obtain State legislation that will make it necessary for all transfers of these accounts to be made matters of public record. Such a law is needed, it is said, to guard against loss by creditors both from premeditated fraud and unavoidable bankruptcy on the part of hypothecators. It is comparatively easy now to obtain 75 to 80 per cent. cash on accounts receivable, and, because of the secret proceedings that attend such hypothecating, the financially embarrassed merchant is thought more freely to take advantage of the opportunities offered than he would if his act were recorded for his creditors to examine at any time.

Scoreboard Lessens Accidents.

An Indiana firm has a novel scheme for lessening accidents in its plant. This scheme, which has been in operation only a little more than a year, has already proved its value. Not only has it decreased the number of accidents, but it has reduced the average cost per accident from $3.08 to $2.42. A big scoreboard, set up in a conspicuous place, plays a prominent part in the scheme. On it are recorded, by departments, all of the accidents that happen in the plant. Totals showing the monthly and "year to date" records of all departments are also posted. Each department begins the month with an allowance of 1,000 points, and from this the penalties are deducted. All of the departments start on an equal parallel basis, and no deduction is made for less than one day's absence for obvious reasons. Prizes are given monthly to the foremen of all departments retaining their 1,000 points, and a record of 1,000 for the year means a reward of two days' extra pay for all of the employes of the department, including the foremen. Failing a perfect mark, the department making the highest score is given this prize, with one day's extra pay for the employes of the department making the next highest total. Greatly increased carefulness on the part of the employes is a notable result of the scheme.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 15.—Incorporated to-day: Chandler & Co., White Plains, stock brokerage, realty contracting; $1,250,000. A. J. Leonard, R. P. Buell, S. V. Morris, 471 W. 22d St.

Interborough Motion Picture Co., Brooklyn; $200,000; E. J. Tucker, A. F. W. Leslie, Anthony Becker, 652 E. 42d St., Brooklyn.

Municipal Asphalt Co., Patchogue, asphaltum, oils and soils; $200,000. J. Wunk, E. Bailey, Jr., Dayton Hedges, 1,451 B'way, N. Y.

Monitor Clock Works, Brockport; $100,000, B. A. Chubbuck, F. S. Levan, M. E. Lott, Brockport.

Dyckman Amusement Co.; $80,000. Harriet H. and Bessie Harris, Florence O. Jacobs, 137 E. 23d St.

Marine Efficiency Co., machinery, hardware; $50,000. F. X. Mulry, A. R. Westling, Richard Tiager, 51 E. 42d St.

Venus Silk Glove Mfg. Co., B'klyn; $50,000. Richard Dietert, Oscar Wackwitz, J. E. Wunsch, 970-52d St., B'klyn.

Meyers & Grayson, auto accessories; $25,000. Morris Meyers, S. J. Grayson, Mary Ginsburg, 691 Wales Av., N. Y.

Melrose Park, Buffalo, realty; $35,000. F. A. Busch, C. I. Shepard, C. D. Ream, Buffalo.

William Baker, electric, plants; $20,000. W. Baker, F. L. Hartigan, Arthur Faust, 1,025 Lincoln Pl., B'klyn.

Gray Drug Co., Fort Edward; $20,000; G. N. Cherrington, G. W. Loft, C. L. Gray, 1,482 B'way.

A. H. Jeter & Co., L. I. City, contracting, engineering; $10,000; A. H. Jeter, C. A. Taylor, Louis Partzschefeld, 2,409 8th Av., N. Y.

Auto Accessories Asso.; $10,000, Sam'l and H. C. Falk, E. M. Brandle, 109 William St.

Half Moon Lake Resort, Beaver Brook; $10,000; Hans Howard, Otto Gassmann, Carls Michel, 140 E. 48th St.

Briarcliff Distillers Co.; $10,000. Harry Rosenfeld, Max Danish, Rubin Koslow, 60 Henry St.

No. 323 W. 74th St., Co., realty and const.; $10,000; J. M. Sullivan, F. R. Kennedy, F. D. Stone, 37 Wall St.

Oriental Rubber & Supply Co., auto agency; $10,000. H. G. Martin, C. R. Gedney, R. F. Lucey, 340 Clifton Pl., B'klyn.

Increases in capital: No. 11 E. 68th St., $10,000 to $500,000; Loton H. Slawson Co., $1,200 to $10,000.

No. 11 E. 68th St., $10,000 to $500,000.

Aitken, Son & Co. reduced its capital $1,500,000 to $630,000. Debts and liabilities $435,810.

Dissolution proceedings filed:

Jones Printing of Manhattan. Charles E. Hall of Buffalo, Herschenov & Silverman Co. of Brooklyn.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

The Board of United States General Appraisers has settled a controversy between the Government and Hess & Harburger regarding the classification of sealskins, in favor of the Government. The skins were returned by Appraiser Higgins as tanned, and duty accordingly was taken by the Collector at the rate of 15 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 451, act of 1909. The importers insisted that the skins had not been tanned, and were in the rough, and therefore were dutiable at 5 per cent. under the first part of the same paragraph. The board held that the articles were classified properly.

A protest by Menke, Kaufman & Co., New York, was sustained. The merchandise consisted of partly made blouses, which were returned for duty at the rate of 50 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 324, act of 1909, as partly manufactured wearing apparel of cotton. The importers insisted that the merchandise was dutiable as printed cotton cloth at the appropriate rate under Paragraphs 313 to 320. Judge Cooper reached the conclusion that the goods were as suitable for making parasol covers, or table covers, as for making blouses.

The board sustained in part contentions raised by B. Ulman & Co. of this city as to rates on embroidery cotton in skeins. Duty was taken at ½ of 1 cent for each hundred yards or fraction thereof, under Paragraph 314, act of 1909. The board held that a portion of the shipment, consisting of mercerized yarns, properly was dutiable, as the claim was made under Paragraph 313, at 20 per cent. The remainder of the goods was held dutiable as assessed.

Judge McClelland sustained a claim made by the China-American Importing Company. The Collector at New York assessed baskets as being colored, at 40 per cent. ad valorem, Paragraph 214 of the old tariff. The claim was made that they were dutiable at 35 per cent. as not colored.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Black and dark seal brown are the favored colors in children's plush coats this season. In chinchillas and boucles, dark gray, brown, navy, and hunter's green predominate.

A novelty which has just been placed on the market is a combination watch bracelet and bag. The bag is an envelope model developed in pin morocco leather, and can be obtained both in black and colors. The novelty feature of this article is the handles, which can be buckled into place at either end of the bag, and which can be easily changed about.

Cotton goods importers report a fairly satisfactory amount of business passing, but say that orders for their lines since the new tariff went into effect have not increased materially.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

The grain markets improved after early declines, but final prices were not greatly changed from Saturday's. Wheat was net unchanged to ¼c higher, corn was unchanged in some options and ⅛c up in others, while oats was irregular, ⅛c up to ⅛c down. Cotton broke down heavily while liquidation for a net decline extending from 19 to 28 points. Provisions were unsteady and cotton oil rather weak.

WHEAT.

The wheat market was inactive, and, after declining ¼c to ½c during the forenoon under moderate liquidation, prices rallied, and at the close were net unchanged to ¼c higher. The final Government report was due after the close of the market, and this had a tendency to discourage aggressive operations either way. The Government report showed an increase in the yield of Winter wheat of 22,042,000 bushels over the preliminary estimate and a decrease of 2,895,000 bushels of Spring wheat, while the total Spring and Winter wheat crops was 10,147,000 bushels over the preliminary estimate, the total yield being placed at 763,386,000 bushels, compared with the final crop last year of 730,267,000 bushels.

The foreign markets were without special feature, although the foreign news was rather conflicting. World's exports for the week were 11,008,000 bushels, compared with 12,152,000 bushels last week and 11,168,000 bushels last year. Of this amount Russia shipped only 2,872,000 bushels, and advices from Europe indicate that the trade there is inclined to be skeptical about accepting the recent estimate of 873,751,000 bushels for that country. The visible supply of the United States decreased 2,977,000 bushels, compared with an increase of 119,000 bushels last year.

In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat was 1c higher at $1 elevator, domestic, and $1.01 free on board; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 99¾c, free on board.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	.....	.....	.....	98¼	91½
May	99¼	98¾	99¼	99 1-16	95¾
July	.....	.....	96	95¾	..

CHICAGO PRICES.

December	89¾	88¾	89¼	89¼	84⅝
May	92⅝	91⅝	92¼	92	86¾
July	89⅛	88⅝	89⅛	88¾	86¾

CORN.

The weather over the corn belt was again favorable for marketing the new crop, and receipts at interior points were the largest for any one day so far this season, aggregating 2,176,000 bushels, compared with 877,000 bushels last week and 1,238,000 bushels last year. The market declined ¼c to ½c early under quite active selling on the movement, but rallied late and closed net unchanged to ¼c higher. The Government report indicated a crop of 2,446,988,000 bushels, compared with the preliminary estimate of 2,463,017,000 bushels, and the final crop last year of 3,124,746,000 bushels. The visible supply showed an increase of 322,000 bushels, compared with an increase of 548,000 bushels last year.

In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 77½c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	69⅝	69	69⅛	69¼	47¾
May	69⅝	69¼	69⅝	69¼	48⅝
July	69	68⅝	69	68¾	49¼

OATS.

The oats market was heavy early in sympathy with corn, and owing to larger receipts at interior points, but closed steady at ⅛c decline to ⅛c net advance. The Government report indicated a yield of 1,121,768,000 bushels, compared with the final last year of 1,418,337,000. The visible supply decreased 1,070,000 bushels, compared with a decrease of 847,000 last year.

The local cash market was easy, standard white being quoted at 44¼@46¼c; No. 2, 46⅛@47c; No. 3, 45¼@46c; No. 4, 44¼@45¼c; ordinary clipped white, 45@46¼c; fancy clipped white, 47@48c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	39	38⅜	39	39¼	32¾
May	41⅞	41½	41⅞	41⅜	32⅞
July	41	40⅝	41	41	33⅛

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was easy during the greater part of the day owing to heavier receipts of hogs West than expected and under selling by longs. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 58,000; estimated for Tuesday, 45,000. Kansas City received 10,000 and Omaha 6,700.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January...	10.70	10.65	10.70	10.72	9.95
May.....	11.02	10.95	11.00	11.05	9.87½
Ribs—					
January...	10.85	10.80	10.82	10.90	9.77½
May.....	11.10	11.02	11.07	11.15	9.67½
Pork—					
January...	20.72	20.70	20.70	20.90	18.00
May.....	20.90	20.77	20.85	20.95	18.03

COTTON.

There was a severe break in the cotton market yesterday under heavy general selling, with the close steadied by covering and 4@6 points up from the lowest, but at a net decline of 19@28 points. January contracts sold at 12.44c, or fully $1.50 per bale below the closing figures of Saturday, and 56 points under the best price reached on the bulge following the Government's crop estimate of last Friday. This break carried the market to within 4 points of the low records established early in September and $7.05 per bale under the high records of late last October. Possibly the census figures on supply and distribution for the month of November contributed somewhat to the bearish sentiment which prevails quite generally around the ring, as these showed domestic mill consumption of 462,594 bales, comparing with 542,800 during October. The figures for November, however, compared with 475,511 for the same month last year.

There was a renewal of Saturday's selling movement at the opening, which was easy at a decline of 10@17 points. A rally of 6 or 7 points followed on covering, arbitrage buying and a little demand from trade sources, but the support tapered off on the advance, and the market soon showed renewed weakness.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to ⅛c lower, most of the larger markets being ⅛c lower.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 25 points lower at 13.00c for middling upland; sales, nil; delivered on contract 5,200 bales.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	12.81	12.61	12.65@12.66	12.90
January	12.65	12.44	12.49@12.50	12.75
February	12.50	12.50	12.46@12.47	12.74
March	12.78	12.60	12.66@12.68	12.88
April	.....	.....	12.64@12.66	12.88
May	12.76	12.58	12.63@12.64	12.84
June	12.64	12.64	12.59@12.60	12.79
July	12.65	12.50	12.55@12.57	12.74
August	12.44	12.30	12.30@12.34	12.52
September	.....	.....	11.87@11.90	12.06
October	11.87	11.75	11.75@11.76	11.94

COTTONSEED OIL.

The weakness in the cotton market, as well as heaviness in lard, caused active liquidation in cotton oil and prices were easier, closing 1 to 13 points net lower.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	.....	.....	6.75@7.00	6.75
December	6.80	6.76	6.77@6.79	6.81
January	6.88	6.88	6.79@6.81	6.92
February	.....	.....	6.88@6.90	6.96
March	7.05	7.01	7.02@7.03	7.07
April	7.11	7.09	7.09@7.10	7.19
May	7.19	7.15	7.15@7.16	7.22
June	.....	.....	7.17@7.22	7.24
July	7.28	7.24	7.25@7.26	7.30

COFFEE.

A holiday spirit prevailed in the coffee market and few traders seemed disposed to do business in the absence of new developments. In consequence the volume of sales was the smallest so far this season, amounting to only 16,000 bags. Prices at the start were 5 points lower to 3 points higher. The European markets were also inactive and rather heavy, Havre closing ¼f to ½f net lower, while Hamburg was down ½ pfennig. So far this season receipts at Santos have aggregated 8,070,000 bags, compared with 6,041,000 last year and 7,842,000 two years ago. The present crop is popularly estimated at about 9,750,000 bags, which would leave only 1,680,000 bags to come forward during the balance of the season, whereas two years ago, when the crop was slightly under 10,000,000 bags, receipts were 2,180,000.

The local spot market was unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 9½c. The total warehouse deliveries in the United States last week were 109,353 bags, against 149,842 last week and 108,033 last year. Of the former amount New York had 73,432 bags.

The receipts at Rio and Santos for the week aggregated 279,000 bags, against 436,000 the previous week, 286,000 last year, and 222,000 last year.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	.....	.....	9.24@ 9.26	9.24
January	.....	.....	9.36@ 9.37	9.38
February	.....	.....	9.48@ 9.49	9.51
March	9.59	9.58	9.60@ 9.62	9.64
April	.....	.....	9.73@ 9.75	9.77
May	9.94	9.84	9.87@ 9.88	9.90
June	.....	.....	9.87@ 9.88	10.00
July	.....	.....	10.07@10.08	10.10
August	.....	.....	10.15@10.17	10.19
September	10.26	10.20	10.24@10.25	10.28
October	.....	.....	10.28@10.30	10.32
November	.....	.....	10.32@10.34	10.36

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 4,074 packages. Rather short supplies of strictly fancy fresh creamery. Secondary qualities are plenty and rather slow. No change in storage creamery. Process, factory, and packing stock quiet. A lot of 375 casks Siberian butter arrived from London. Creamery extras, 36@37c; firsts, 28@34c; seconds, 23½@27c; thirds, 22@23c; held, extras, 32@33c; firsts, 27½@31c; seconds, 23@26½c; thirds, 22@24½c; State dairy, finest, 31@33c; good to prime, 26@30c; common to fair, 20@25c; process, extras, 24½@25½c; firsts, 23@24c; seconds, 20@22c; imitation creamery, firsts, 23@23½c; factory, held, 21@22c; current make, firsts, 21@21½c; seconds, 19½@20c; factory, thirds, 18@19c; packing stock, held, 19½@20½c; current make, No. 2, 19@19½c; packing stock, No. 3, 17½@18¼c.

CHEESE.—Receipts yesterday, 1,419 boxes. Trading is quiet. Market firm on high-grades under a moderate demand. State, whole milk, held, colored, specials, 16¾c; white, 16¾c; colored, average fancy, 16¼@16½c; white, average fancy, 16¼@16½c; fresh, colored, specials, 16c; white, 16c; colored, average fancy, 15½@15¾c; white, average fancy, 15½@15¾c; undergrades, 12½@15¼c; daisies, held, best, 16¾c; Wisconsin, whole milk, daisies, fresh, best, 16c; twins and flats, held, best, 16@16¼c; daisies, held, best, 16@16½c; State skims, held, specials, 13@13½c; choice, 11½@12½c; fresh, specials, 12@12½c; skims, fresh, choice, 11@11½c; skims, poor to fair, 5@10c; State, full skims or badly defective, 2@4c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 4,271 cases. Arrivals to-day are moderate, advices indicate a fair supply to come and the trade is quiet. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 39@40c; current, firsts, 37@38c; firsts, 35@37c; seconds, 31@34c; thirds, and poorer, 28@30c; dirties, 25@28c; checks, 23@25c; refrigerator, special mark's, fancy, 30½c; firsts, 29@30c; seconds, 27½@28½c; lower grade 22@27c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, henmery whites, fine to fancy, large, 44@47c; gathered whites, fine to finest, large, 44@45c; whites, fair to good, 40@43c; small or otherwise seriously defective, 32@38c; Western, gathered whites, 36@41c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby henmery brown, 41c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 37@40c; European eggs, fresh, 120 dozen cases, fair to prime, 28@32c; held, fresh, 120 dozen cases, poor to fair, 22@28c; refrigerator, 120 dozen cases, poor to good, 23@26c; limed, 120 dozen cases, fair to prime, 22½@24c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—Wholesale prices for Western beef cuts showed no change yesterday.

SUGAR.—The refined sugar market was not active. The Federal reduced its price for fine granulated to $4.30, although other refiners were quoting $4.25 as their basis. The raw sugar market was lower, with quotations at $3.86 for centrifugal, $2.86 for muscovado, and $2.61 for molasses sugar. The London beet sugar market stood at 9s for December, 9s 3½d for January, and 9s 4½d for May.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—There was a moderate demand for molasses, and prices were firm. Syrups were steady and unchanged.

RICE.—The market was quiet and prices were more or less nominal.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was inactive and prices were steady.

OILS.—Refined petroleum and linseed oil were steady and unchanged.

NAVAL STORES.—Trading in turpentine was quiet and prices were steady and unchanged. Resin and tar were quiet at recent quotations.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

CHITMAN, GOODMAN & BREGER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Chitman, Goodman & Breger, manufacturers of furs at 132 West Twenty-second Street, by these creditors: Cassileth & Miskin, $99; Jack Sharf, $125, and Samuel Wolman, $525. Liabilities are said to be $10,000 and assets $13,000.

REIN BROTHERS.—A petition has been filed against Rein Brothers, composed of Herman J. and Henry Rein, manufacturers of furs at 132 West Twenty-second Street, by these creditors: Pollak & Terker, $300; Wachtel & Sametti, $350, and Dora B. Horwitz, $400. Judge Holt appointed Richard S. Otto receiver. Assets are valued at $9,500.

H. & M. BASSER, dealers in dry goods at 131 First Avenue and 97 Avenue A, have made an assignment to Marcus Helfand. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed against them by these creditors: Charles Moselle, $264; M. Schlesinger, $222, and Aaron Rosin, $39. Liabilities are said to be $12,000 and assets $5,000. Judge Holt appointed Marcus Helfand receiver.

S. SHIDLOVSKY & CO.—A petition has been filed against Sussman Shidlovsky, trading as S. Shidlovsky & Co., manufacturer of dresses at 2 to 6 East Broadway and 248 East 148th Street, by these creditors: A. D. Juilliard & Co., $500; Martin Mittelmark, $250, and James H. Dunham & Co., $454. Judge Holt appointed James F. McNaboe receiver.

LA BELLE.—A petition has been filed against Belle Sosenko, doing business as La Belle, dressmaker and milliner, at 1,500 Broadway, by these creditors: Julius Sosenko, $300; Frank Schneider, $150, and Israel Cohen, $50. Judge Holt appointed Shirley Shackelford receiver. Liabilities are $4,000 and assets $1,000.

JOHN EARLY.—A petition has been filed against John Early, furniture dealer at 531 Eighth Avenue, by these creditors: J. Preiser & Co., $147; P. Nathan & Co., $208 and John J. Dempsey, $300. Judge Holt appointed Charles P. Sanford receiver. Liabilities are $6,000 and assets $4,000.

CONTINENTAL STEEL AND SUPPLY COMPANY of 390 Hudson Street has filed a petition, with liabilities $5,565, and assets, $1,597, consisting of stock, $100; accounts and equities in accounts, $922; cash in bank, $525, and fixtures, $50.

JENNIE MACBRIDE.—Schedules of Jennie MacBride, dressmaker, 18 West Thirty-seventh Street, show liabilities, $10,460, and assets, $4,595, consisting of stock, $2,492; fixtures, $750; accounts, $483; claim, $500, and cash, $370.

DONATO D'ANDREAS.—Judge Holt has appointed Emil G. Fuchs receiver for Donato D'Andreas, grocer, of 457 9th Av. The stock is valued at $600.

N. DIABES & CO.—Judge Holt has confirmed a composition of N. Diabes & Co., wholesale dealers in dry goods at 8 Carlisle Street, with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar, payable 20 cents cash, and 5 cents in a note at 5 months.

A. VAN DER POORTEN & SON.—Judge Holt has confirmed a composition of A. Van der Poorten & Son, dealers in leaf tobacco and cigars at 2,259 Second Avenue, with creditors at 15 cents on the dollar in three notes, due Feb. 1, May 1, and Aug. 1, 1914, indorsed.

BERNARD WENER.—Judge Holt has dismissed the petition, filed on Sept. 16, against Bernard Wener, formerly a clothing manufacturer, at 764 Broadway, on application of Henry B. Singer, his attorney, who said that creditors had accepted a settlement at 75 cents on the dollar.

LOUIS METZER, INC.—Judge Holt has dismissed the petition filed on Oct. 31 against Louis Metzer & Co., Inc., importer of millinery ornaments at 637 Broadway and 202 to 208 Mercer Street, on a settlement with creditors at 40 cents on the dollar. Liabilities were $180,000.

Bankruptcy Petition Withdrawn.

The petition in bankruptcy filed on Dec. 9 by Benjamin Altman, a creditor, for $900, against Markheim & Soldinger, furriers, at 26 West Twenty-sixth Street, was withdrawn yesterday. The firm is continuing business.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Holt of the United States District Court has granted discharges from bankruptcy to these bankrupts:

Mrs. MURIEL V. SPENCER STADLER of 350 West Eighty-fifth Street, who was owner of the Hollywood Hotel at Long Branch and whose liabilities were $228,513.

SARAH A. M. WHITMORE of 225 West Eightieth Street, liabilities, $5,425, to get rid of an assessment on stock of the Carnegie Trust Company.

PHILIP B. LEVY of Herman Levy & Sons, diamond importer of 65 Nassau Street, liabilities, $355,867.

JOHN S. FORGOTSTON, salesman, 40 West Thirty-third Street, formerly manufacturer of pearl buttons, liabilities, $47,962.

PATRICK HENRY FITZ HUGH, a physician, 17 East Thirty-eighth Street, liabilities, $16,208.

ABRAHAM GRAFF, dry goods, 540 Second Avenue, liabilities, $6,178.

ISAAC GOLDSTONE, hats, 2,074 Third Avenue, liabilities, $215.

W. E. HEFFRON, 416 Madison Avenue, gowns.

PAULINE L. HERMAN, known as Bonita, a vaudeville actress, of 543 West 143d Street, liabilities, $5,487.

MORRIS HOROWITZ, hatter, 142 Orchard Street, liabilities, $9,870.

LIONEL A. HYMAN, costumes, 1,560 Broadway, liabilities, $6,147.

JOHN F. KOEHNE, saloon keeper, 1,898 Park Avenue, liabilities, $2,304.

MEYER LEHMAN, waists and dresses, 29 West Seventeenth Street, liabilities, $22,000.

MORRIS MEYER, advertising novelties, 24 Park Place, liabilities, $9,552.

POTTESCU & GOLDWINE, dresses and waists, 37 West Nineteenth Street, liabilities, $3,728.

NATHAN RANDELL, photographer, 6 West 112th Street, liabilities, $1,084.

JONAS SCHON, shoes, Saugerties.

PERCY H. SMITH, 500 West 122d Street, liabilities, $1,535.

GEORGE E. GERRY, builder, Shandaken, N. Y., liabilities, $8,251.

THRASYBULUS CHALKIADI, 128 Water Street, liabilities, $6,742.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Aarons, William—National Bank of North Hudson, $121.

Ark, Barnett—National Surety Co., $202.

Barmes, Geo. E., and Geo. C. McLannan—J. S. Guiritch, $104.

Bloom, Joseph—D. Meyer, $107.

Brennen, Martin A.—Encyclopedia Press, Inc., $106.

Brett, Jacob A.—I. Schenck, $2,086.

Birnbaum, Samuel, Herman Elkan, and N. Y. & Terraine & Building Co.—J. H. Pape, $1,132.

Blum, Rudolph—M. B. Miller et al., $595.

Bonner, Antoinette—P. M. Friedlander, $296.

Blackburn, Joseph E.—Citizens' National Bank of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., $1,296.

Benesch, Arthur E.—M. M. Moritz, $523.

Collins, Mamie R.—Bank of Washington Heights, $239.

Cohen, George—M. Friedlander et al., $136.

Clyti, Victor—J. C. Madigan, $740.

Cerkoff, Jacob—N. Jaffe, $165.

Deere, Mary—S. Katz, $177.

Dudley, Theresa A.—W. A. Haughton et al., $208.

Ewen, John, trustee—E. M. G. Ochs, costs, $158.

Egan, Chas. E.—A. Troiano et al., $6,457.

Feldman, Morris—W. Daniels, costs, $113.

Furstenberg, Samuel—National Surety Co., $569.

Freund, Adolph—J. Ruppert, $405.

Friedman, Joseph—Gus Lurie & Co., $135.

Garson, Hiram or High—L. G. Janiszeff, $209.

Same—O. Lorrane, $254.

Geiger, Minnie—G. E. Pitzer, $199.

Goodman, Sophie, and Leopold Grossberg—F. Horowitz, $118.

Guggenheim, Robert—Wetzel, $743.

Gerlett, August or Aug.—C. P. Stupke, 823.

Goodwin & Vincent—Greenhut-Siegel Cooper Co., $270.

Gillespie, John—L. Strauss, $125.

Same—Same, costs, $100.

Hough, James W.—C. Littlefield, $682.

Hillman, Jacob—A. Berg, $561.

Harris, Samuel, and Abraham Halpren—D. Maeshler, $125.

Holdon, Warren B.—S. Schacher, $274.

Hesse, Henry—R. Frank, $135.

Jordan, Alfred R.—S. Schiller, $259.

Jacobs, Henry C.—M. H. Dockstadter, $481.

Jackson, Edw. W.—National Bank of Glen Falls, $1,632.

Kelling, Henry—Bridgeport Wood Finishing Co., $161.

Klenk, Henrietta—Greenwich Bank of City of New York, $1,042.

Same—Same, $1,045.

Same—Same, $1,043.

Kurzman, George and Joseph—E. Henry, $225.

Kelly, Hannah E.—Metropolitan Life Ins. Co., $2,391.

Same—Same, $5,453.

Lynch, Peter, Jr.—W. C. Smithson, $231.

Lazarus, Barnet—J. P. Meagher, costs, $109.

Levy, Leopold—H. B. Twynes, costs, $120.

Same—C. D. Towne, costs, $116.

Lessing, Louis—J. Ungar, $232.

Licht, Herman S.—P. Kobre, $214.

London, Louis—J. Levine, $114.

Levey, Harry—L. Mack, $273.

Lippman, Israel—J. Price, $100.

La Barbera, Salvatore, guardian—G. W. Linch, costs, $141.

Mackey, Anne T.—W. P. Coe, $164.

Milhauer, Charles—Penn. R. R. Co., $408.

Mittler, Louis—J. S. Survitch, $299.

Orange, Louis—J. J. Ward, $158.

Pfeffer, Jacob, and Morris Weber—O. Rein, $135.

Perlmutter, Sam—F. Kornblatt et al., $190.

Peterson, Eugenia—A. B. Scaftner, $2,839.

Pellitier, Samuel, and Adeline—F. A. Waldo, $780.

Prentice, Vernette E.—Chicago Trust & Savings Bank, $5,856.

Rosenberg, Florence—Raygold Realty Co., $113.

Reiman, Alexander—B. Pflaster, $264.

Rosenstein, Gabriel, and Louis Rosenzweig—People, &c., $100.

Shapiro, Isaac L.—F. W. Beckwith, $113.

Sheldon, Benjamin C.—Baeck Wall Paper Co., Inc., $166.

Schroeder, Millie L., administrator—Francoamerican Baking Co., $159.

Schmidt, Edward A.—S. C. Pulis, costs, $112.

Saxe, Paul D.—L. Aronson, $161.

Schwartz, Nathan—H. Hermann Furniture Co., $830.

Spitzer, George—J. H. Hyde, $246.

Stern, Lawrence M.—George Zucker Co., $105.

Scheff, Jonas S., and Elias A. Cohen—Congregation Shelras Chadisha B'Nai Israel Mikalwarke, $2,618.

Streifler, Laura—Colonial Bank, $368.

Thompson, Glen D.—H. Engel, $2,209.

Tuperman, William B.—O. A. Wurm et al., $108.

Weill, Henry M.—R. Gianninoto, $232.

Weinberg, David—Moto Bloc Import Co., $147.

Ward, Charles H.—Session, $117.

Washburn, Henry L., and Joseph W. Babcock—A. J. Matter, $165.

Weber, Joseph—M. Hoffman, $184.

Connecticut Cab Co.—C. Cumings, $340.

Held & Co.—P. Vcss et al., $186.

John T. Hall Music Publishing Co.—W. Teller et al., $504.

Jacob Streifler Co. and Laura Streifler—Colonial Bank, $471.

Jacob Streifler Co.—Colonial Bank, $363.

Morris Park Estates—Realty and Suburban Home Exposition Co., Inc., $308.

Monok Co., Abraham, Koeppel and Annie Koeppel—Felber Engineering Works, $2,427.

National Waste Co.—A. Troiano et al., $6,457.

N. Y. Railways Co.—H. Hayden, $500.

Purdy Construction Co. and George D. Brown—International Heater Co., $1,013.

Perfect Adjustable Dress Form Co.—Henry Decker, Ltd., $516.

Pilgrim Spring Water Co.—Guarantee Realty Development Co., $128.

Anglo Realty & Mortgage Co.—City of N. Y., $139.

Dickerman Player-Piano Co.—Same, $104.

American Sightseeing Coach Co.—Same, $139.

Alarene Spring Water Co.—Same, $1,100.

Afro-American Realty Co.—Same, $1,100.

Addis Tobacco Co.—Same, $104.

Spofford Estates—J. M. Biswert et al., $3,892.

Brend Magazine Pub Co.—L. L. Postes Engraving Co., $228.

William Rickey & Co.—Bradstreet Co., $111.

American Camphor & Forest Produce Co.—City of N. Y., $451.

Boyers Brothers Mfg. Co.—Same, $268.

Cottonwood Creek Copper Co.—Same, $1,200.

Clio Waist Co.—Same, $288.

Consolidated Mortgage Co.—Same, $288.

Dyche, John A.—Same, $126.

Driscoll, Joseph—Same, $126.

Drug Novelty Co.—Same, $126.

Day, John H.—Same, $342.

Daw, William A.—Same, $126.

Donato, Vincenzo—Same, $234.

Empire State Garage—Same, $234.

Epstein, Abraham—Same, $342.

Forguignon Mfg. Co.—Same, $126.

Flymon Interchangible Razor—Same, $1,425.

Glass Etching Paste Mfg. Co.—Same, $126.

Gomprecht Diamond Braid Provision Co.—Same, $126.

Gibbond, Horace A.—Same, $342.

Grand Central Building and Construction Co.—Same, $126.

General Finance Co.—Same, $126.

Grace Pub. Co.—Same, $126.

Gotham Lithographic Co.—Same, $342.

Ginsburg, Harris—Same, $342.

Goldberg Embroidery Co.—Same, $104.

Greater San Francisco Cloak Co.—Same, $126.

General Fireproofing Supply Co.—Same, $126.

Gelberg, Israel—Same, $126.

Gau, Charles—Same, $126.

Gelberg, Abraham—Same, $126.

Holbs Court Realty Co.—Same, $234.

Hammond, Wm. J.—

WANT NEW RACE CAR FOR THE AUTO SALON

Importers Try to Get Latest English Speed Marvel—Has Twelve Cylinders.

Efforts are being made by the management of the Importers' Automobile Salon to obtain for their exhibition, which opens on Jan. 2, the new special racing car which was built recently in England. This car, a Sunbeam, was designed to establish new records in straightaway running. It has twelve cylinders, and is fitted with dual pneumatic tires. The present plan is to try out this speed monster, which its pilot, Chassagne, expects to drive at the rate of 140 miles an hour, on one of the straight stretches of road in France.

The plan suggested by the Salon management is to have the car sent here for the exhibition and then take it to the Ormond-Dayton beach for its speed tests. The importers, in support of their plan, assert that the present world's straightaway records were made on that course and that special racing cars always have been able to make faster time on the smooth sands of Florida than they could on the best hard road.

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It is expected that many motorists will be present at the luncheon business talk to-day at the Manhattan Automobile Club. Harrington Emerson, William C. Freeman and a number of other speakers will talk on matters which concern the future of the automobile. E. E. Schwarkopf, Vice President of the club, said yesterday that he believed the luncheon would afford an excellent opportunity for motorists to get together to improve motoring conditions. The meeting to-day will be first of a number which it is proposed to hold at the M. A. C. this Winter.

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In the assembly room of the Automobile Club of America, John Kendrick Bangs will speak to the members and their guests this evening on "Salubrities I Have Met."

***

"Automobile Row" heard yesterday that arrangements had been completed for the manufacture of a new small car at Mount Clemens, Mich., by the Flyer Motor Car Company. The car will have a four-cylinder, water-cooled motor of 2¾ inch bore and 4½ inch stroke, sliding gear, giving two forward speeds, and wire wheels, 28 by 3 inches. It is designed to carry two passengers and will sell just under the $500 mark.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M.		Loss.
2:15–252	West 47th St.; J. Bass	$15
8:45–244	Avenue B; Third Avenue R. R. Co.	Slight
10:30–82d St. and Columbus Av.; S. H. Lodge		Trifling
11:05–427	West 23d St.; C. Lane	$5
11:45–76-78	Cannon St.; A. Smolke	$10
P.M.		
1:40–103	West 100th St.; F. Devilo	$10
2:05–119	Suffolk St.; H. Morris	$150
2:30–69-73	Rivington St.; Fanny Topkin	$5
3:30–646	Lenox Av.; G. Dilon	Trifling
4:30–208-210	East 101st St.; B. Honick	$25
5:45–1424	3d and Park Avs.; Kinsley Brothers	$25
7:00–213	West 62d St.; City Suburban Homes Company	$500
7:45–450	East 176th St.; Ida Schaefer	Trifling
8:20–423	Broadway; L. Gansky	$500

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has amended the classification of positions in the exempt class by increasing the number of clerks in the City Magistrates' Courts from eleven to thirteen.

The following have been approved by the commission:

Report of Mr. Murray relative to the request for an examination for promotion to the position of Sanitary Superintendent. Mr. Murray says that it is impossible for him to recommend the examination with eligibility limited, as has been requested by the Department. He recommends that Commissioner Lederle be so informed; also informed that if he still desires to limit the examination to the position of Assistant Sanitary Superintendent, definite and convincing reasons be submitted which would justify the granting of the request in accordance with the civil service law.

Request of Katherine V. Patton that her name be certified from the list of typewriting copyist for permanent appointment only at $750 a year.

Letter from Joseph F. O'Neill saying that he cannot consider appointment from the list of attendance officer at the present time, as he has a suitable position.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination on Dec. 22 for senior land appraiser, for men only, for vacancies in the Interstate Commerce Commission. As a result of this examination two grades of eligibles will be established, the salaries in the first grade ranging from $2,700 to $3,000 a year, with necessary expenses when absent from headquarters in the discharge of official duties, and in the second grade from $1,800 to $2,400 a year and such expenses. Appointment will be principally for duty in the field, but some appointments will be made for duty in Washington, D. C. Applicants will not be required to appear at any place for examination, but will be rated upon the evidence adduced as to their general and technical education and training and their practical experience and fitness. For positions under grade 2 applicants must have reached their thirtieth but not their sixtieth birthday, and for grade 2 they must have reached their twenty-fifth but not their forty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Major W. G. Penfield, Jud. Dept., 6 visits in Jan., Feb., and March to Colt's Firearms Man. Co., Hartford, Conn., 4 visits during same months to the American & British Mfg. Co., Bridgeport, Conn.

Capt. D. H. Currie, 3d Field Artillery, to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to vacancy Sig. Corps, changing with Capt. W. N. Mitchel Dec. 23.

Major W. L. Clarke, Sig. Corps, from Ch. Sig. Of. to Ft. Sam Houston, relieving Capt. A. C. Voris. The latter goes to Wash., D. C.

Lieut. Col. T. H. Biddle, Cav., 10 days; 2d Lt. G. S. Patton, 15th Cav., 14 days; Capt. L. C. Duncan, Med. Corps, 10 days; Major J. J. Hornbrook, 6th Cav., 10 days; 2d Lieut. E. P. Duval, 2d Cav., 14 days.

Navy Orders.

Capt. M. L. Bristol to spec. duty Navy Dept.

Com. L. A. Bostwick, the S. Carolina, to com. Nashville.

Com. F. L. Chadwick, com. the Montant, to ch. mag. at St. Juliens Creek, Va.

Com. L. M. Nulton, com. Nashville, to com. Montant.

Com. H. Kaiser, com. the Montgomery, to com. Tennessee.

Com. J. M. Luby, n. y., Norfolk, to S. Carolina as ex. of.

Lt. Com. D. M. Wood, mag. St. Juliens Creek, Va., to Michigan as 1st Lt.

Lt. W. S. Lassing, rect. stat., Cincinnati, O., to the New York.

Lt. R. V. Lowe, ch. rect. stat., Kansas City, Mo.

Jr. Lt. E. G. Allen, the Florida, orders.

Jr. Lt. H. J. Abbett, rect. stat., Kansas City, Mo., Cincinnati, O.

Pas. Asst. Surg. J. B. Pollard, to Prairie.

Asst Paymaster R. V. W. Bleecker, Yorktown, to n. y., Mare Island.

Paymaster Clks. B. W. Shumaker, to the Maine, A. J. Marshall, the Oregon; F. Lewis, Yorktown.

EDUCATION NOTES.

A meeting will be held at 8 P. M. on Friday in the Washington Irving High School to arrange definite plans for the organization of the League of Evening School Teachers and Principals. The officers are Irvin E. Margulies of Evening School 100, Brooklyn, Chairman; E. R. McCullough of Evening School 141, Brooklyn, Secretary, and Samuel Wohlgemuth of Evening School 45, Manhattan, Treasurer.

The Central Council of Teachers, which was organized last Spring at the suggestion of President Thomas W. Churchill of the Board of Education, will hold a meeting on Thursday afternoon at 63 West Fifty-sixth Street. The topic of discussion will be Dr. McMurry's report on elementary schools. The following reports will be assigned to various sub-committees for study:

William H. West's "Organization of the Office of the Secretary and Organization and Work of the Bureau of Audit and Accounts."

Marvyn Scudder's "Investigation of Complaints and the Bureau of Supplies."

E. W. Stewart's "Janitorial Compensation and Accounting Methods of the Bureau of Supplies."

W. A. Averill's "Organization and Filing Methods of the Office of the City Superintendent and His Associates."

Charles G. Armstrong's "Condition and Efficiency of Public School Buildings," &c.

The council has been holding meetings every Thursday since Feb. 4, 1913, and has made considerable progress in its study of the school inquiry reports.

Commissioner James E. Sullivan will speak this evening in the Spring Street Settlement House, 244 Spring Street, on "Playgrounds, Athletics, and Olympic Games."

The pupils of Public School 155, Brooklyn, will give an entertainment on Friday evening.

The New York Teachers' Association will hold a meeting at 4 P. M. to-day at 63 West Fifty-sixth Street.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

COTMAN, WILLIAM, (died Nov. 9, 1912;) net estate, $9,146.96; equity in 141 West 105th Street, $10,913.70; bank account, $4.20; wearing apparel, $10; 2 shares Huron Cigar Company, $80.

COULTER, MARGARET, (died July 4, 1913;) net estate, $12,136.42; two vacant lots at Elmsford, N. Y., $50; bank accounts, $12.; 535.87; interest in estate of Isabella Coulter, $500; personal effects, $100.

TALBOT, ANNE, (died May 18, 1913;) net estate, $42,070.58; bank accounts, $946.79; cash, $98.36; household effects, $573.75; stocks and bonds, $42,726.34; 50 shares Colorado & Southern first preferred; 40 shares Pittsburgh Steel preferred; 25 shares United Dry Goods preferred; 100 shares Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe preferred; 57 shares Corn Products Refining preferred; $3,000 New York Railways; $3,000 Erie 4s; $5,000 Interboro Rapid Transit Company; $10,000 New York City 4½s, 1960.

VAN BUSKIRK, LOUISE J., (died May 22, 1913;) gross estate, $4,922.50; bank account, $12.50; personal effects, $200; 84 shares Adams Express Company, $4,590.

WATSON, WALTER, (died July 9, 1912;) net estate, $3,540.44; bank account, $278.43; watch and chain, $150; liquors &c., at Circle Hotel, 301 West Fifty-ninth Street, $600.90; stocks and bonds, $3,729.58; $1,000 United States Steel Corporation 5 per cent. gold coupon bond; 15 shares United States Steel Company; fixtures, lease, and good will of Circle Hotel business at 301 West Fifty-ninth Street, $2,000.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The pressure continued high over nearly all parts of the United States, but is low over the extreme Southwest and Southern Canada. This pressure distribution has resulted in fair weather over all parts of the country. There were, however, light local rains in the South Atlantic and Gulf States and on the North Pacific Coast.

Temperatures are moderate for the season over all parts of the country. With the exception of unsettled weather and probably local rains over the Southwest, fair weather will prevail generally Tuesday and Wednesday. No important temperature changes are indicated for any part of the country during the next forty-eight hours. The winds along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate westerly.

Winds for Tuesday and Wednesday—North Atlantic, moderate westerly; Middle Atlantic, light variable; South Atlantic, moderate northeasterly and easterly; East Gulf, light to moderate variable, mostly northerly; West Gulf, light to moderate variable; Lake Michigan, moderate southwesterly and westerly.

FORECASTS TO-DAY AND WEDNESDAY.

New England, Eastern New York—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate westerly winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; light variable winds.

Western Pennsylvania, Western New York—Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday; moderate southwesterly and westerly winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	35	30	4 P. M.	49	45
6 A. M.	34	34	6 P. M.	45	43
9 A. M.	36	34	9 P. M.	44	35
12 M.	49	40	11 P. M.	43	36

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 38; for the corresponding date last year it was 42; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 34.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 33; at 8 P. M. it was 36. Maximum temperature, 46 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 34 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity, 56 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 47 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.26 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.25 inches.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Sale and Lease of the Northeast Corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-first Street Held at $300 a Square Foot—Woodbury G. Langdon Increases His Midtown Holdings—Bronx and Suburban Sales.

Through the purchase of the old building on the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-first Street and the leasing of it from the new owners by Rogers, Peet & Co., the latter firm has obtained a valuable corner frontage for its contemplated new building, which will also have a frontage on Forty-second Street.

The corner plot, occupied by a five-story commercial building, has been sold by Frank V. & J. H. Burton to the Oceanic Investing Company, composed of A. E. Thorne, George L. Nicholas, and Albert G. Milbank, and this company has leased it on a long term to Rogers, Peet & Co.

It adjoins the property at 481 to 485 Fifth Avenue and 3 East Forty-first Street, owned by John Hoge of Zanesville, Ohio. In the rear of the corner parcel just sold is a little alley giving access to the 481 Fifth Avenue building, to which Mr. Hoge held easement rights. He has released this right of way easement so that the entire property may be improved with the new building which will probably be about ten stories in height.

Several months ago the Hoge property, in addition to 5 and 7 East Forty-first Street and 4 and 6 East Forty-second Street, immediately abutting, owned by I. S. & M. S. Korn, were obtained by the Rogers, Peet firm under long ground leases.

With the corner plot just obtained the firm now controls a plot fronting about 73 feet on Fifth Avenue, 166 feet on Forty-first Street, and 44 feet on Forty-second Street. The ground floor of the new structure will be occupied as a new store by the clothing firm, but it is stated that none of the other three stores will be abandoned.

The asking price for the Burton corner parcel was about $700,000, and it is said the Oceanic Investing Company paid very close to that figure. The asking price figure is at the rate of a trifle over $300 a square foot. Horace S. Ely & Co. acted as the brokers in the transaction.

Deal on Washington Heights.

Contracts have been signed for the sale of the two five-story apartment houses at 603 and 607 West 139th Street, of which William Lane is the owner. The two structures occupy a plot 125 by 99.11, adjoining Lane Court on the northwest corner of 139th Street and Broadway. The property has been held at about $155,000.

Enlarges 41st Street Hodlings.

Woodbury G. Langdon has enlarged his Forty-second and Forty-first Street holdings between Sixth Avenue and Broadway by purchasing the old three-story building at 123 West Forty-first Street, on a lot 24.4 by 98.9. It was bought from Charles A. Mc Luring through the brokerage firm of William Cruikshank's Sons. With this plot Mr. Langdon now owns a frontage including 119 to 127 West Forty-first Street, running through the block to 116 to 124 West Forty-second Street, a portion of which is occupied by the new nine-story Edison Company Building and the two-story Bryant Bank building.

Investor Buys Old Church.

A client of William H. Matthews & Co. has purchased, for investment, the old Charles Street United Presbyterian Church, at 39 and 41 Charles Street. The structure occupies a plot 65 by 95 and is near the line of the Seventh Avenue extension. This is the first transfer of the property in seventy-one years.

Tenements in Demand.

An investing client of Paul A. McGolrick has purchased from Joseph B. Peck 326 East 118th Street, a five-story double flat, on a lot 25 by 100.11.

M. Renken has purchased, for investment, from Mrs. M. Taferna 422 East Eighty-fourth Street, a five-story double flat, on a lot 25 by 100. John Lucker negotiated the sale.

Resale of Bronx Plot.

Shaw & Co. have resold for Anthony Schwoerer the plot of lots on the north side of 137th Street, 225 feet east of the junction of Third Avenue and Lincoln Avenue, 75 by 100.

It is understood that a large fireproof storage warehouse is to be erected on the property. This is the second time Shaw & Co. have sold this plot, having sold it for James Pringle of the Hygiea Ice Company in July of this year.

Paul Buttmann has sold for Peter Ludermann 456 East 169th Street, a four-story double flat, with stores, on lot 25 by 100, to a client, for investment.

$55,000 for the Dickinson Tract.

The former Dickinson tract in the Woodlawn section of the Bronx was offered at public auction by Bryan L. Kennelly in the Bronx Salesroom yesterday. The sale was the result of foreclosure proceedings held under the direction of William Klein as referee, the suit being brought under four separate actions. In the action brought by Elbert H. Dickinson against the Meyer-Gatling Investing Company and others there was due an amount of about $44,000, with back taxes, &c., of $14,000. The property was put up in separate lots, 34 in all, and brought a total of $54,000. The property was then offered for a whole and went to the plaintiff for $55,000.

New Jersey.

Edward P. Hamilton & Co. have sold for A. L. Decker, his residence and grounds on Hickory Drive, Maplewood.

Suburban.

The Anderson Realty Company reports the sale of a residence at 237 Rich Avenue, Mount Vernon, for the owner, Mrs. Clare B. Watson, to J. F. Butler.

J. C. Gleason & Son sold for Alice I. Burrill the property 28 Brookside Place, Halcyon Park, New Rochelle. The property was held at $7,000.

F. M. Soule of Montclair, N. J., has sold to a client of F. M. Crawley and Brothers, Twin Elms Farm at East Aurora, New York. The farm consists of 85 acres, a dwelling and outhouses. It was held at $60,000.

Building Bureau Moving.

Owing to the removal of the Bureau of Buildings from its old quarters on the southwest corner of Fourth Avenue and Eighteenth Street, to the Municipal Building this week, the receiving of new plans for structures in Manhattan has been suspended until to-morrow.

A Recent Buyer.

Willis M. Follmer is the buyer of the dwelling, 256 West Ninety-third Street, sold recently by Mrs. Nellie D. Marshall. Mr. Follmer at present resides at 214 Riverside Drive.

Leases.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased for L. Gross & Son the store, basement, and sub-basement, containing about 30,000 square feet of space at 627 and 629 Broadway, for a term of years, to Sol. Ducker & Co. The same brokers have also leased for Gross, Engel & Co. the store and basement at 113 West Twenty-seventh Street, for a long term of years, to Solomon Schnier.

William H. Whiting & Co. leased to the American News Company for a term of years the entire store, basement, and part of the sub-basement in the Scott & Bowne Building, on the corner of Pearl and Rose Streets. The same brokers have also leased in conjunction with the Charles F. Noyes Company, the entire building, 94 Cliff Street, to the Estey Wire Works Company.

M. M. Hayward & Co. have leased to a client for a long term of years the buildings at the northeast corner of 100th Street and Broadway, known as 2,640 and 2,642 Broadway, for Leopold L. Barzaghi. The aggregate rental is $250,000. The lessee intends to alter the street building into stores.

The McVickar-Gaillard Realty Company has leased for Miss May Irwin, the building at 156 West Forty-fifth Street to Marius Fabre for a term of years at a rental of $5,500 per annum.

Realty Notes.

The Board of Directors of the First Mortgage Guarantee Company have declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent., payable Jan. 2 to stockholders of record on Dec. 2.

The Midwest Realty Company, Henry Hellman, President, has conveyed title in the new sixteen-story loft building, 22 to 26 West Thirty-second Street, to Lucius T. Sheffield and another. Sheffield originally sold one of the lots to the Midwest Company.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Henry Brady.

Grand St, 258 and 260, n s, 100 ft w of Forsyth St, 49.8x75, two six-story lots and store buildings; all right, title, and interest; also 2d Av., 174, n e corner of 11th St, 25.9x100, four-story office building and five-story tenement and stores; all right, title, and interest; Willy Rieser against Joseph Weinstein et al.; Winthrop & S., attorneys; Outerbridge Horsey, referee; due, $3,781; taxes, &c., $1,844; subject to two prior mortgages aggregating $103,000; first parcel to defendant on bid of $2,500; second parcel to same on bid of $1,575.

Manhattan, 386, e s, 27.11 ft n of 116th St, 36.3x82, five-story tenement; C. G. Chapin against C. E. Jones et al.; J. H. Judge, attorney; J. H. Rogan, referee; due, $31,787; taxes, &c., $128; to the plaintiff for $30,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By L. J. Phillips.

Monoghan Av, e s, 375 ft n of Jefferson Av, 25x100, Eastchester; J. S. Wilson against John Muller et al.; J. C. Higgins, attorney; Ezekiel Fixman, referee; due, $3,654; taxes, &c., $190; to the plaintiff for $3,000.

By Henry Brady.

228th St, East, n s, 155 ft w of Paulding Av, 25x114, Sheriff's sale of all right, title, &c., which Adam Lenz, Jr., had on Nov. 26, 1912 or since; P. H. Gregory, attorney; withdrawn.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY ST.
By Joseph P. Day.

47th St, 41 West, n s, 595 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.5, four-story dwelling; Trustees Columbia University against Mary C. Harper and others; Nash & J., attorneys; Maurice Marks, referee; due, $64,460.77; taxes, &c., $3,129.26.

8th Av, 2,055, w s, 75.7 ft n of 111th St, 25.6x100, five-story tenement and stores; M. C. Goddard, executor, against Marvel Baking Co. and others; W. A. Alcock, attorney; D. C. Oliver, referee; due, $30,653; taxes, &c., $2,035.78.

22d St, 423 East, n s, 323 ft e of 1st Av, 31.7x98.9, four-story tenement and stores; Margaret Mooney Realty Co. and others; W. C. Rodger, attorney; R. J. H. Powel, referee; due, $2,794.31; taxes, &c., $1,517; subject to prior mortgage for $16,000.

76th St, 324 West, s, 300 ft w of West End Av, 22x102.2, four-story dwelling; Abraham Leipzig against E. A. M. Hand; Jacobs & Ja., attorneys; Thos. Kelly, referee; due, $5,208.49; taxes, &c., $705.90; subject to first mortgage of $31,000.

112th St, 111 West, n s, 125 ft w of Lenox Av, 19x100.11, three-story dwelling; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. against Mary R. Davis and others; Geller, R. & H., attorneys; L. G. Wallace, referee; due, $14,930.50; taxes, &c., $237.30.

102d St, 111 West, n s, 150 ft w of Columbus Av, 45.10x100.11, six-story tenement; G. P. Sherwood & Co. against Rosaria Pizzutiello and others; Deyo & B., attorneys; L. G. Wallace, referee; due, $2,208.22; taxes, &c., $588.25; subject to two prior mortgages aggregating $61,000.

By J. H. Mayers.

Stanton St, 206, n w corner of Ridge St, 25x80, six-story tenement and stores; Louis Simon against William Menzel and others; A. F. Silverstone, attorney; R. A. Seligman, referee; due, $14,969.81; taxes, &c., $807.75; subject to prior mortgages aggregating $100,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans for new structures were filed yesterday in Manhattan. The following were filed in the Bronx:

Tremont Av, n s, 80.3 ft e of Daly Av, for a one-story frame store, 34x60; Mrs. Ellis Delaney, 1,044 East Tremont Av., owner; Tremont Architectural Co., 401 Tremont Av., architect; cost.....$1,000

167th St, s e corner of Teller Av, open-air theatre, 111x158.9; G. and S. Amusement Co., (Simon Strauch, 1,013 Boston Road, President,) owner; Herman Goldberg, 2,908 Briggs Av., architect; cost.....$1,000

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Park Av, s w corner of Wendover Av, to a four-story brick store, studio, and assembly rooms, 75x100; Trask Building Co., (August J. Schwarzler, 1,662 Boston Road, President,) owner; Tremont Architectural Co., 401 Tremont Av., architects; cost.....$5,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, DEC. 15.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE D, s e corner of 5th St, 22x78; Mary Rosenberg to Newman & Wischer Construction Co., Inc., 85 Division St, (mtg $30,000,) all title, outclaim Dec. 8; attorney, Jacob Cebulsky, 212 East Broadway.....$100

BROADWAY, s w corner of 169th St, 90.1x150; Pembroke Realty Co. to Central Building Improvement and Investing Co, 149 Church St, (mtg $225,000,) all lines, Dec. 13; attorneys, Dulon & R., 41 Park Row...$100

MADISON Av, 667, e s, 18x100; Ralph Hickox to Charles R. Hickox, on premises, ½ part, (mtg $10,000,) Sept. 28, 1911; address, Charles R. Hickox, 27 William St.

NORTHERN AV, w s, from 178th to 179th Sts, 200x125; Central Building Improvement and Investment Co. to Haven Construction Co., 149 Broadway, all liens, Dec. 15; attorneys, Dulon & Roe, 41 Park Row.....$100

VERMILYEA AV, s e corner of Emerson St, 100x100; Alliance Realty Co. to Gustavus L. Lawrence, 299 Broadway, (mtg $16,210,) Dec. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$100

18TH ST, 436 East, s s, 25x92; Frank Vettel to Fanny Belgar, New York City, (mtg $6,000,) April 25, 1906; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway.....Gift

51ST ST, 361 West, n s, 18x100.5; Alexander Tofte to George A. Glass, 170 Lefferts Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $16,000,) Dec. 15; attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway.....$100

52D ST, s s, 275 ft e of 11th Av, runs s 200.10 to n s 51st St x w 100.5 x e 75 x n 100.5 to n s 51st St x e 25 x n 100.5 x e 100 x n 100.5 to s s 52d St x w 225 to beginning; Dordan-Butler Realty Co to Hardman, Peck & Co, 433 5th Av, (mtg $210,000,) Dec. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

84TH ST, 442 East, s s, 25x102.2; Pauline Werner to Meta Reuken, 829 9th Av, (mtg $20,750,) all liens Dec. 15; attorneys, A & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St.....$100

74TH ST, n s, 130 ft w of West End Av, 24x86x — x85.1; Marianne G. Faulkner to William Bradley, 320 West 86th St, all liens, Dec. 4; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

94TH ST, s s, 65 ft e of Columbus Av, 50x72.8; Hannah East to Coroline Smith, 18 East Kingsbridge Road, (mtg $47,000,) Dec. 12; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co, 160 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Caroline Smith to Fifth Avenue Bond and Mortgage Co, 334 5th Av, (mtg $52,000,) Dec. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co, 160 Broadway.....$1

120TH ST, 146 West, s s, 18x100.11; Emanuel Krulewitch and others, executors, &c., of Simon Weinstein, to Jacob Greenfeld, 2,183 Washington Av, all liens, Dec. 8; attorney, Frank M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row.....$500

138TH ST, 642 West, s s, 15x99.11; Lizzie Meagher, widow, to Winthrop Parker, 102 West 93d St, (mtg $6,500,) all lines, Dec. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway.

140TH ST, n s, 547 ft w of 7th Av, 28x99.11, (mtg $22,000;) 142d St, 225 and 227 West, n s, 50x99.11, (mtg $37,000;) Berthold M. Schey and another, executors of Simon Schey, to Hans J. Widness, Park Ridge, N. J., Dec. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$93,000

142D ST, n s, 215 ft w of Broadway, 15x99.11; Thomas J. Brady to John B. Dolan, 613 West 142d St, (mtg $6,000,) Dec. 15; attorney, M. J. Scanlan, 51 Chambers St..$100

Bronx.

CLINTON AV, w s, 120 ft n of Elmwood Place, 16.8x100; Peter F. Coen to Mary A. Singleton, 1,986 Clinton Av, Nov. 26, (mtg $2,500;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

COSTER ST, e s, 520 ft s of Spofford St, 40x100; John Buehler to George J. Amann, 215 Palmetto St., Brooklyn, Dec. 10, (mtg $12,500;) attorney, E. Schaefer, 111 Broadway.....$1

EVERGREEN AV, n e corner of Westchester Av, 104x—; New Realty Corporation to Mary E. Mullis, 296 Carroll St., Brooklyn, Dec. 10, (mtg $121,000;) attorney, J. C. Meyers, 527 5th Av.....$100

FAIRMOUNT PLACE, 714, s s, 275 — E. Strauss to David Kraus, 246 West 129th St, (mtg $15,100,) Nov. 12.....$100

HOFFMAN ST, 2,389, n w s, 25x100; Elizabeth D. Ulise to John Phillips, 618 West 136th St, (mtg $2,700,) June 9; attorney, D. W. Kiralfy, 391 East 149th St.....$1

LA SALLE ST, s s, 60 ft e of Fort Schuyler Road, 64x49.11; Alexander F. Walsh to Minnie P. Gaffney, Fall River, Mass., Dec. 8, (mtg $16,300;) attorney, J. B. Harrison, 258 Broadway.....$1

LOT 123, map of F. P. and H. A. Forster; Thomas M. Rice to Agnes E. Burgess, 561 West 156th St, Feb. 26.....$1

LOT 52, map of New York Chartered Bond and Mortgage Co.; Brunetta Tozzini to Assunta Di Justo, 68 East 180th St, Dec. 13, (mtg $5,100;) attorney, A. J. Romagna, 277 Broadway.....$900

LOT 395, map of F. P. & H. A. Forster & Schmidt; Sadie Sanders to Nathan Sanders, 961 Tiffany St, Dec. 8, (mtg $2,000).....$1

LYDIG AV, s e corner of Barnes Av, 50x100; Helen Williams and another to Nora Goldschmidt, 945 Aldus St, Nov. 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

SETON AV, w s, 425 ft s of Randall Av, 25x100; the Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Association of the Twenty-third Ward, City of New York, to Patrick Coyle, 3,941 Seton Av., Dec. 10; attorney, Julius Helderman, 783 Elton Av.....$3,000

STERLING AV, s s, 121 ft w of Glebe Av, 25x112; Gordon S. P. Kleeberg, referee, to Thomas F. Keating, 201 West 85th St, Dec. 12; attorney, John B. Harrison, 258 Broadway.....$4,300

TINTON AV, 772, e s, 16.8x100; Betsey Brauer to Leah H. Jospe, 941 Intervale Av, Dec. 15, (mtg $5,250;) attorneys, Joseph & Wishkind, 876 Dawson St.....$1

TREMONT AV, 749 and 751, n s, 50x95; Clement H. Smith to Henry Wendt, 171 West 85th St, Dec. 15, (mtg $23,500).....$100

UNION AV, n s, 266.2 ft s of 165th St, 45.7x164.5; Jaques C. Green and others to Michael Driscoll, 936 East 178th St, Dec. 12; attorney, J. M. Breen, care of Register's Office.

VYSE AV, w s, 93.9 ft n of 172d St, 19.9x100; Sarah F. Cahill to Viola M. O'Hara, 1,531 Vyse Av, (mtg $8,500,) Dec. 15; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 160 ft s w of 176th St, 50x150; Marcel Levy, referee, to Clara Waterman and others, Newburg, N. Y., Dec. 9; attorney, H. H. Frost, Jr., 141 Broadway.....$20,000

132D ST, n s, 187.8 ft e of Brook Av, 25x100; Port Morris Land and Improvement Co. to Berkshire Springs Co., 517 East 132d St, Dec. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

137TH ST, 457 East, 16.8x100; Brightwaters Building Co. to Michael H. Kennedy, Newport, R. I., Dec. 15, (mtg $5,500;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

140TH ST, n s, 211.5 ft s of Southern Boulevard, 75x125; Hugh L. Lawler to John C. Forster, 1,983 West 47th St, Dec. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$1

161ST St, s s, 53.5 ft w of Tinton Av, 21.9x76.2; Benjamin Rosen to Sarah Meltzer, 915 Intervale Av, part mtg, 13; attorney, Louis Rosenberg, 116 Nassau St.....$1

176TH ST, 109 East, 25x125; David Kraus to E. E. Strauss, 2,048 Prospect Av, Nov. 29, (mtg $4,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

234TH ST, n s, 231 ft e of Carpenter Av, 50x114; Minnie Jude to Daniel Houlihan, 2,867 Jerome Av, Dec. 12.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Daniel Houlihan to Frederick Jude, 989 Columbus Av., Dec. 12; attorney, Minnie Jude, 989 Columbus Av..$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified:

Manhattan.

AVENUE B, 49 and 51, w s, 44x80; Public Square Realty Co. to Samuel Kadin, 1,800 7th Av, Dec. 12, 1 year, 6 p. c.; mtg $42,000; 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. I. Berman, 346 Broadway.....$9,000

BROADWAY, n w corner of 150th St, 99.11x irg, 86th St, Manhattan Bond Co. to Realty Co. of America, 2 Wall St, prior mtg $450,000, Dec. 13; attorney, F. C. Kronmeyer, 2 Wall St.....$80,000

BROADWAY, s w corner of 151st St, 99.11x150; same to same, prior mtg $450,000, Dec. 13, due April 1-16, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.

COLUMBUS AV, e s, 50.5 ft n of 100th St, 25.3x100; Adele R. Ughetta to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, 5 years, Dec. 15; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St.

MADISON AV, e s, 49 ft n of 41st St, 26x100; Joanna C. Riker to New York Eye & Ear Infirmary, 218 2d Av, Dec. 15, due as per bond; attorney, Samuel Riker, Jr., 19 Cedar St.....$62,500

NORTHERN AV, w s, extends from 179th to 180th St, 200x125; Haven Construction Co. to Pembroke Realty Co., 15 East 40th St, Dec. 15, 5 years, $270,000, due on demand per bond; attorneys, Dulon & R., 41 Park Row.....$15,000

NORTHERN AV, w s, extends from 179th to 180th St, 200x125; Haven Construction Co. to Central Building Improvement and Investment Co., 149 Church St, Dec. 15, (prior mtg $270,000,) due June 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$15,000

NORTHERN AV, n w corner 179th St, 100x75; same to same, Dec. 15, due as per bond; attorney, same.....$90,000

NORTHERN AV, s w corner 180th St, 100x75; same to same, Dec. 15, due as per bond; attorney, same.....$90,000

PARK AV, n e corner of 80th St, 82x106.3; Geraldyn Redmond to United States Realty Co., 45 Wall St, Dec. 15, 3 years; attorneys, Stewart & S., 45 Wall St.....$130,000

VERMILYEA AV, s e corner of Emerson St, 100x100; Gustavius L. Lawrence to Alliance Realty Company, 115 Broadway, prior mtg $16,200, Dec. 15, due June 1, 1916; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Company, 160 Broadway.....$18,000

West Broadway, e s, 15 ft s of White St, 15x47; Dorothy A. Lockhart to John E. Hogan, 153 South Park Av, Rockville Centre, L. I.; attorneys, Miller & Vos, 25 Pine St.....$500

36TH ST, n s, 195.7 ft e of 7th Av, 39.7x98.9; Finney Bldg. Co. to Eva S. Mathews, Rye, N. Y., Dec. 9, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. M. Clute, 156 Broadway.....$10,000

51ST ST, 361 West, 18x100.5; George A. Glass to Alex. Tofts, 241 5th Av, Dec. 15, (prior mtg $16,000,) 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway.....$7,000

52D ST, s s, 275 ft e of 11th Av, 225x—; Hardman Peck & Co. to Dordan Butler Realty Company, 103 Park Av, Dec. 15, prior mtg $150,000 due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway.....$60,000

74TH ST, n s, 130 ft w of West End Av, 24x66; William Bradley to Marcaime G. Faulkner, 992 5th Av., Dec. 15, 1 year, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Whitridge, B. & R., 60 Wall St.....$25,000

94TH ST, s s, 55 ft e of Columbus Av, 50x72.8; Caroline Smith to Hannah Bass, 2,749 Bedford Av, Brooklyn, (prior mtg $47,000,) 3 years, 6 p. c., Dec. 12; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$5,000

95TH ST, 151 West, 18x100; John P. Magner to Arthur A. Miller, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Nov. 13, prior mtg $14,500, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,000

140TH ST, 309 to 313 West, 74.5x99.11;

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Appointments: As Patrol.—Jos. Anckner, transf. from Bo. Water Supply. Prob. Patrol.—Martin Sheehy. Transfers: Patrolmen—J. C. Perez, 2d prect. to 74th prect; J. Cronin, 74th prct. to 2d prect. (Mutual) Mtd. Serg.—Bernard McGowan, 66th prect to 68th prect; E. F. Kelly, 68th prect. to 66th prct. Patrol.—Aug. Feudner, 37th prect. to 38th prct; J. G. Burns, 38th prct. to 37th prct.; W. V. Hughes, 38th prct. to 40th prct.; Pat. Tully, 40th prect. to 38th prct; Jos. Anckner, to Com's Off.; Joseph Perez, 74th prct. to Mtd. Div. Prob. Pat.—Martin Sheehy, to Schl for Rects. Tempo. Insps.—C. A. Formosa, to com. 9th Insp. Dist, in add. to own, 5 days; T. J. Kelly, to com. 17th Insp. Dist, in add. to own, 14 days.

Det. Div.—Act. Capt. J. Thompson, 11th Det. Dist., to com. 9th Det. Dist., in add. to own, during abs. of Act. Capt. Lieut. L. M. Haupt, 26th Prect., to com. 4th Det. Dist., during abs. of Act. Capt. Discontinued—Lieut. Jeremiah Butler, 282d Prect., to com. 283d Prect. Patrol. J. Cronin, 74th Prect., to mtd duty.

Leaves (With Pay)—Insps.: M. F. Schmittberger, J. J. Farrell, 5 days each. Capts.: Dominick Henry, 17th Insp. Dist., 14 days; Matthew McKeon, 74th Prect., 13 days; M. J. Reidy, 172d Prect., 15 days; G. A. Aloncle, 277th Prect., 10 days; Albert Ruthenberg, 282d Prect., 11 days.

Sick Leave—Patrol. Cornelius Link, 43d Prect., 20 days.

Restored to Duty—Act. Det. Sergts. E. A. Buddemeyer and Herman Meyer, Det. Div.

Suspended—Patrol. C. A. Walsh, 6th Prect. Permission is given until Jan. 4 for peddlers to attend at the curb for the sale of holiday goods.

It is also announced that the salaries of 6th and 7th grade patrolmen have been fixed at $1,000 a yr., to take effect Oct. 1, 1913.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 239.

H. W. Miller, appt. auto. eng., and John McGuire, lab. in Tel. Bu.

Tried, Not Guilty—E. C. Parry, Eng. 283, reckless driving; J. J. Clark, Eng. 156, violation of Gen. Ord.; A. R. Thorn, H. & L. 79, violation of Gen. Ord.; J. C. Nealy, Bklyn rep. shop, reckless driving.

Prob. Fire. Martin Sheehy, H. & L. 11, and R. W. F. Conley, Eng. 19, resigned.

Prob. Fire. Apptd.—H. F. Gray, G. P. Butler, J. J. Boertlein, Jr., E. J. Eberly, Jr., L. M. Johnson, E. J. Maloy, G. F. Homme, W. J. Hennessy, J. L. Foley, J. E. Seger, Bernard Heaney, E. V. Jaycoxe, T. A. Michenfelder, M. J. Dowling, Jas. Harnett, J. H. Fleisch, Louis Schneider, B. E. Wells, E. V. Doherty, J. J. Bronleben, C. O. Diedrickson, J. Goertz, J. A. Maine, E. E. Jerolomon, W. E. Papke, E. H. Werthmuller, E. Schafer, E. M. Adams, W. E. Adams, J. F. Freund, D. O'Leary, F. B. Bender, M. A. Luckas. Retired.—J. C. Hussey, Eng. 67, after 20 years; pension $700.

WILL'S FOR PROBATE.

BENJAMIN, CHARLES S., (died Oct. 11;) left less than $2,000 personalty to Caroline S. Benjamin, his wife.

COLELL, HENRIETTA, (died Dec. 1;) left $500 personalty; to Julius Hirsh, her brother, and Louise Harris, Martha Loeser, Esther Hirsch Disbecker, and Lina Hirsch, her sisters, six Austrian bonds, value not given; to Louise Harris and Lina Hirsch, her sisters, and to Henrietta Bertha Loeser, her niece, and Frederick Loeser, her nephew, each one-fifth of the residuary; to Esther Disbecker, her sister, and Lucretia Hirsch, her niece, one-tenth of residuary.

SCHUSTER, SOPHIA, (died Dec. 9;) left $5,000 realty and $100 personalty; one-seventh of estate each to Julius, Harry, Samuel, and Michael Schuster, her sons, and Lena Speesman and Hannah Adler, her daughters; $150 to Congregation Beth Hamedrash Hechodosh; $25 to Sarah Nassauer.

Real Estate

Manhattan—For Sale.

West Side.

43d St., west of 8th Av.—5-story 22-family house; ranges and boiler. Tobin, 483 W. 30th.

East Side.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—TWO FAMILY HOUSE, 235 East 62d St. Particulars. R. M. DE LEEUW & Co., 15 Broad St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

CHESTER COURT ONE-FAMILY HOUSES, $7,750-$8,000; terms to suit; English stucco brick. Prospect Park Station. Brighton "Z"; opp. 610 Flatbush Av. F. J. Collins, Builder.

For Sale—Two-family brick house; easy terms; near City Line Station, Kings County "L." Stolz, 677 Broadway, New York City.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

Forced to sell my beautiful six-room cottage on large plot of lawn and garden soil; all modern improvements; near depot and trolley; 20 minutes from New York; fare 10c., terms, $100 down, $18 monthly; title guaranteed. Call or write B. Bieden, 395 Bridge St., Brooklyn.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

A valuable corner plot, 75x100 ft., at Forest Hills Gardens, L. I., ready for building. On 125-ft. boulevard, 5 minutes from station. Will sell contract for 15% less than prevailing prices. Only $750 cash required. A Sacrifice, Box C 108 Times Downtown.

Owing to business reverses, owner must dispose of his country residence, 10 rooms, 3 baths; all modern improvements; 2½ acres on the north shore of Long Island; bargain; will also sell furniture. Owner, Room 47, 11 Wall St., N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

A big little six room semi-bungalow at Westfield, plot 75x100, new and modern, $4,275; $300 cash, $20 per month and interest; it is choice. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

$4,900 on easiest of terms buys a modern 6 room semi-bungalow in choice location Fanwood; big rooms, steam heat, &c.; send for picture. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Real Estate—Out of City.

ORMOND BEACH, FLORIDA.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED IDEAL BUNGALOW, NINE MASTERS' BEDROOMS, THREE BATHS; EVERY COMFORT AND LUXURY; RENTAL $1,100. ALLEN NORTON, 57 WEST 57TH.

FOR AN EASY, PROFITABLE LIVELIHOOD, Poultry and fruit growing conducted intelligently make a combination hard to equal. In the Southeastern States these lines can be conducted on smaller capital and made more profitable than elsewhere in America. Literature and all evidence free. M. C. Richards, Land and Industrial Agt., Southern Railway, Room 219, Washington, D. C.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Exchange 100 lots, 215th, near Broadway, for apartments, lofts. Edwards, R. 1,002, 35 Nassau.

Mortgage Loans.

$125,000.—First mortgage, new apartment hotel, by owner who is to build; building loan; rents $35,000 per annum; appraised at $200,000. Room 1,325 Singer Building.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, &c. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

Sacrifice $15,000 lot equity for $10,000 second mtge. A. N. Gilterman, Singer Bldg.

To Let for Business Purposes.

157-9 East 32d Street, 50x175; five story and basement; suitable for factory, warehouse, garage, stable, &c. Adrian, 137 E. 34th St.

Store to let suitable for gentlemen's tailoring establishment. Apply St. Lorenz, Lexington Av. and 72d St.

17th St., 141 East.—Small loft, suitable light manufacturing, $15 to $25. Inquire Berlin Renting Agency, on premises.

Floors, offices, and desk rooms to rent from $10 to $150. 1,544 B-way, at Times Square.

Offices, very light, steam heated, 109 Broad St.; $15 per month up.

Country Property

To Let—Furnished.

HACKENSACK, N. J.—Ten-room house, recently built, parquet flooring, hardwood finish, electric light, hot water heating system, two bathrooms, very modern improvement; 5 minutes to R. R. station or trolley line; to be let furnished or unfurnished; no reasonable offer refused. Apply A. W. Brunn, Produce Exchange Building, New York City.

Public Notices

The American Forestry Association seeks additional members. The objects of the society are the development of public thought and knowledge along practical lines for the propagation and care of forests for timber production, the protection of watersheds, the utilization of non-agricultural soils, and the use of forests for public recreation. Those interested may apply to P. S. Ridsdale, Secretary, 1410 H Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C.

I BEG TO ANNOUNCE TO THE PUBLIC and trade that I have taken over the shoe business formerly owned by Sol. Lebenstein, 1,334 5th Av., New York City, on Dec. 12. HERMAN TRIEBITZ, 1,334 5th Av., New York.

Lost

LOST—Fraternity pin, square, with sides curved inward; gold edge, black centre, with lamp, star, pen, and scroll, bearing letters Sigma Delta Chi; on back, C. F. L., 271, Iota. Please return to janitor, Journalism Building, Columbia University.

LOST—Dec. 8, between 5th Av. and 53d St. and East 65th St., an emerald and diamond cluster scarfpin. $50 reward will be paid for return to Pickslay & Co., 570 5th Av.

LOST.—Yesterday afternoon, 181st St., between St. Nicholas and Fort Washington, black handbag containing money. Liberal reward. Apt. 45, Nathan Hale, 454 Fort Washington.

LOST.—Silk fob, elk's tooth charm attached, engraved "Bronx Lodge 871," from 166th to 9th St. via 3d Av. "L," Friday morning, liberal reward for return. Write S. S., M 22 Times.

LOST.—Gold bracelet watch, Saturday evening, at Marie Antoinette, Bretton Hall, or in taxi to 137th. Liberal reward. Glenn, 601 West 137th St. Phone 1600 Audubon.

LOST.—Saturday afternoon, lady's gold Waltham watch, monogram E. F. H. on back. Liberal reward. Return Hotel Grenoble, 56th and 7th Av.

LOST.—A cameo brooch surrounded with pearls, Sunday evening, Park Av., between 77th and 62d Sts. Reward for return. 60 East 77th St.

FOUND.—Lady's chatelaine watch, on Saturday morning, on 5th Av., near 45th St. Owner can recover same by calling at 107 East 37th St.

LOST.—Dec. 11th, gold bar pin with diamond centre, 2 sapphires, 2 rubies; probably in shopping district; liberal reward. Return apartment 8F, 622 West 141st St.

LOST.—Saturday evening, Dec. 13, pendant, mother of pearl, surrounded by diamonds and suspended by string of pearls. Liberal reward. J. P. F., 256 Clinton Av., B'klyn.

LOST—Memorandum book containing Christmas shopping list, on 6th Av., between 40th and 46th Sts. Suitable reward if returned to Cashier of Ritz-Carlton Hotel.

LOST—Reward offered for return of Ford, 1913, runabout; New York license A1880; motor number 203,596. Earl D. Wright, 511 West 160th St., Phone 6212 Audubon.

LOST.—Gold pin, (lily of the valley design,) set with pearls, Sunday, between Park Av. and 60th St., 5th Av. and 30th St., or in bus. Liberal reward. Phone 7235 Plaza.

LOST—Gold mesh purse, with four $5 bills, in Central Park or 72, 76th Sts., on 5th Av., Thursday morning; reward. Mrs. E. B. Knowlton, 830 Park Av.

LOST—Dec. 13, at Delmonico's, a platinum barpin containing eleven diamonds. $15 reward will be paid for return to Pickslay & Co., 570 5th Av.

LOST—Thursday, on 5th Av., between 59th and 86th Sts., large oval green malachite in old silver brooch; liberal reward. Holden, 7 East 44th St.

LOST.—Dec. 7, watch and pearl pendant, between 72d St. Subway and Carnegie Hall; liberal reward. D. Davis, 669 Beck St., Bronx.

LOST.—$100 dollar bill, by messenger, in Sub-Treasury, noon Monday. Liberal reward. Guerin, 88 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

LOST.—Carnegie Hall, Sunday night, bead bag, purse, keys, watch. Reward. Gilmer, 319 East 197th St.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Lady's blue enameled bracelet watch, engraved "Juliet," lost Dec. 8 or 9, on Broadway, 143d-145th Sts. Return to Miss Becher, 561 West 143d St. No questions asked.

Found.

FOUND—Diamond barpin, platinum setting. Write description Lost and Found Department, New York Times.

FOUND.—Sum of money. Address, stating full particulars. M 37 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—LARGE SCOTCH COLLIE, WHITE MARKING AROUND NECK; LIBERAL REWARD FOR RETURN. MADAME DUCHENE, 121 EAST 83D ST.

LOST—Collie dog; answers to name of Laddie; white chest, collar, and feet; other coloring tan. Return to 37 West 72d St.

Business Opportunities

Manufacturing company, factory located in Central West, product on market 10 years, sales branches in various cities, wishes to sell $14,000 of its first mortgage treasury bonds, with bonus of stock; product of this company is a type of equipment widely known and extensively used in the United States and Canada, is manufactured solely in the United States, and for certain reasons always will be and is finding largely increasing market abroad; fullest investigation will be accord; the purchaser, if right man, can secure employment in sales or operating department; highest references required and will be given. M 9 Times

EXPERIENCED BUSINESS MAN OF BERLIN, LONG, SUCCESSFUL CAREER, DESIRES DURING SHORT STAY HERE FIND CONNECTION WITH FIRST-CLASS CONCERNS AS REPRESENTATIVE PURCHASES OR SALES IN GERMANY, AUSTRIA; FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES, NEW YORK AND BERLIN, AVAILABLE. PLEASE ADDRESS X. Y. Z., POST OFFICE BOX 822, NEW YORK.

$40,000.—Desirable salaried position as housekeeper in new, modern apartment hotel; money secured by good real estate mortgage. Room 1,325 Singer Building.

Excellent opportunity for party with small capital to enter the investment brokerage business. Address J. C. E., care of C. D. Massey, 165 Broadway.

A good opportunity for a partner; capital $10,000; established business, ladies' coats; excellent possibilities. Box M 7 Times.

Complete furnishings; good will; 7 high-class apartments; profit $100 month; all rented; price $2,500. 2907 Gramercy.

Excellent chance for an active man, with capital to enter well-established manufacturing business. M 35 Times.

Wanted—Active partner in established business; particulars by interview only. Address M 23 Times.

Small interest Arizona business; employment; climate cures weak lungs. C 64 Times Downtown.

Patented combination bust form and Brassirs mail order novelty. Baumgarten, 516 West 169th St.

Want profitable business; can invest $8,500 with services. Write details, T 69 Times.

Money to invest in moving picture proposition; what can you offer? T 109 Times.

Business Notices

Multigraph letters: 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,018

Our customers get the business. Why not you? Call and explain your proposition. National Advertising Service, 1,182 Broadway.

Will loan on diamonds to responsible parties; references given and required. A 67 Times.

Clothing.

Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes; diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. 670 Bryant.

Vacuum Cleaning

Rooms, 40c up; monthly contract work a specialty. Phone Greeley 4022. Kleenwall Co., 141 West 30th St.

Country Board.

New Jersey.

Attractive, large sunny rooms, modern conveniences, private baths, hot water heat, open fires; station auto; 42 minutes New York; elevation 550; booklet; telephone; $10-$14. Murray Hill Park, Murray Hill, N. J. (Adjoining Summit.)

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.

100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.

Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

THE NEVADA,

70th St. and Broadway.

Seven light rooms, facing Broadway; exquisitely furnished; two baths. Apartment 3C, Phone 684 Columbus

120th, 434 West.—Gem of an apartment; 4 large, light, outside rooms, completely and exquisitely furnished, overlooking Columbia College Parkway; strictly first-class housemaid service; hotel conveniences. Phone 840 Morn. Apartment 5A.

NEWLY FURNISHED APARTMENT TO LET FOR THE SEASON; EIGHT ROOMS AND TWO BATHS; $250 MONTHLY. LASANNO COURT, 301 WEST 70TH ST. APPLY TO SUPERINTENDENT.

Comfortable furnished apartments, all sizes, short or long leases, $75 per month and up. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 73d St.

95TH, 330 WEST.—Exceptionally furnished seven rooms, elevator apartment; piano, library; references. Apartment 23.

Living room, two bedrooms, kitchenette, bath; high-class apartment; immediate possession. Day, 210 West 108th St.

Attractively furnished, four rooms, housekeeping; $85.00 monthly. Apt. 52, 401 W 118th St.

East Side.

45TH, 19 EAST.—Comfortable two and three rooms; bath, kitchenette; $65, $85.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

West Side.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS,
308-310 West 15th St.
Two rooms and bath, $33.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.
111 WEST 43D ST.,
Two rooms and bath, $30.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.
N. E. COR. LEXINGTON AV. & 34TH ST.
Three rooms and bath, $50.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

463 Central Part West.; 7 rooms; steam heat, hot water; condition; $57.50, 206 St. Nicholas Av.; 4 rooms; bath, steam heat, hot water; first-class; $20. 61 West 98th; 6 rooms, bath, $19. CYRILLE CARREAU, owner, 706-9th Av.

Concord Av., 325, (142d St., ½ block from Southern Boulevard.)—Three-story 2-family brick house, 10 rooms, 2 baths, open plumbing, electric lights, inlaid floors; rent, $45. Keys 347. Ernst, 35 Nassau St.

240 West 15th St.—Light 5-room apartment, with all modern improvements; suitable for a doctor; rent $40. Inquire on premises. Phone Chelsea 5865.

203 WEST 94TH STREET.

Elevator apartments, six rooms; $60; ground floor; suitable for doctor, $50. Apply to janitor, on premises.

47th St., 10 West.—Small kitchenette apartment; heat, hot water; every convenience; moderate.

88TH, 68 WEST.—Single apartment, 8 rooms, all improvements; moderate rent.

93D, 62 WEST.—Eight large rooms; all improvements; rent, $42.

East Side.

LEXINGTON AV. 73.—Bachelor's apartment; unusually attractive; three rooms, bath; services housekeeper.

Storage.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2607 Bryant.

ANSONIA STORAGE.

Moving, packing, and shipping; automobile vans for long-distance moving; let us estimate. Send postal. 137-139 West 99th St., or Tel. 3032 or 3053 Riverside.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

11TH, 29 EAST.—Desirable rooms; heated; running water; excellent table; moderate.

29TH, 38 EAST.—Comfortable rooms, adjoining bath; parlor dining room; excellent table.

34TH ST., 117 AND 119 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with board.

53D ST., 37 EAST.—Rooms, with board, table board; references.

5TH ST., 23 EAST.—Second floor, corner room; southern exposure; excellent table.

71 IRVING PLACE.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM SUITABLE TWO; PRIVATE BATH; GRAMERCY PARK SECTION; EXCELLENT TABLE; ALSO SMALLER ROOMS.

West Side.

5TH AV, 46.—Desirable large, small rooms; excellent board; steam; telephone; table guests.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Sunny rooms; steam heated; homelike house; best board.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well heated; excellent board; telephone.

39TH ST., 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Large room; heat; running water; two beds; good board; reasonable.

47TH ST., 50 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished single rooms; private baths. Telephone 8539 Bryant.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms; superior board; references.

57TH, 359 WEST.—Large, small rooms; back parlor; good board; reference; reasonable.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths, electricity; excellent cooking; parlor dining.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; exceptionally well appointed house; private bath; Southern cooking; desirable for particular people.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-story room; private bath; steam heat; room telephone.

71ST, 62 WEST.—Exceptional board; large, sunny rooms; private baths, steam heat, electricity; single rooms; running water; reasonable.

71ST, 61 WEST.—Large room, third floor; table excellent; gentlemen preferred; all cars.

71ST, 135 WEST.—Exceptional board; double rooms; private baths; single rooms; reasonable.

72D, 121 WEST.—Handsome, large, small rooms; new furniture; private bath; southern exposure; excellent table; half block subway. "L."

72D, 206 WEST.—Attractive, large and small rooms; with or without private baths; newly decorated throughout; excellent table. 4381 Columbus. Mrs. T. W. Markley.

72D, 267 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms, second floor; excellent table; southern house.

72D ST., 157 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure, well-appointed house; references.

72D ST., 117 WEST.—Suite of rooms for adults; reasonable. Telephone Columbus 8966.

74TH, 121 WEST.—Medium and small rooms; near bath; excellent table; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—19th year; sunny rooms; baths; excellent table; references.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Large rooms; home cooking; parlor dining; reasonable; table guests.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Attractive room; parlor dining; references.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Newly furnished large front room; excellent board; table guests.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.

Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat, telephone in every room; booklet on request.

79TH, 162 WEST.—Handsome suite in first-class boarding house; references.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Cheerful rooms; plenty heat; hot water; generous table; reference.

84TH ST., 56 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; desirable location; references; table guests accommodated.

86TH ST., 23 WEST.—Attractive single rooms, bath, connecting; board; table guests; high class.

90TH, 13 WEST.—Elegant private home; large, small rooms; excellent table; moderate.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Unusually attractive, large and small rooms; handsomely furnished; exclusive and quiet; private home; gentlemen only.

113TH.—Small room, excellent cuisine, fine surroundings; moderate. Inquire 560 West 113th.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Large, front, southern rooms; unsurpassed table; quiet, efficient service.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Rooms, heated, closets; with or without private bath; electricity.

149TH, 512 WEST, Near Broadway.—Newly and elegantly furnished private residence offers bright, large rooms and private bath, $25 weekly; another room, $20 for two; home comforts. Tel. 1344 Audubon.

149TH, 544 WEST, B'way Subway, "The Audubon."—Bright rooms, delicious meals, $8 to $12, one; $14 to $20, two; every comfort. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

A HOUSE
FOR PARTICULAR PEOPLE
111 WEST 123D. INSPECTION INVITED.

Charming Winter Home.

Away from city and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
"THE EVELYN LODGE."

Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $8; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

CONVENT AV., 336.—Couple to share elegant rooms; excellent table; references.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 481.—Delightful rooms; private apartment; 116th Subway. Nelson.

THE LA GRANGE,

57th, 411 West; 102d, 283 West.

Accommodations unsurpassed; double rooms, (board two,) $14; single, $7 upward; superior cuisine.

THE HOUSE RICHARDS

106, 108, 110 West 80th St.—A satisfactory home for permanent refined people; all new high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well balanced meals; parlor dining room; table guests; reasonable.

WEST END AV., 878.—Corner room; excellent meals; 103d Subway; reasonable; reference.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

15TH, 210 EAST, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Single rooms; home cooking; table guests; telephone; references.

28TH, 109 EAST.—Large and small comfortable rooms for business men; subway; $2.50-$3.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

29TH, 119 EAST.—Large double and two single rooms; refined private house; telephone; all conveniences; near Subway.

32D ST., 40 EAST, (Hotel St. Louis.)—$6 week; several rooms left; running hot and cold water, telephone, bath near; all outside rooms; newly furnished.

34TH, 56 EAST.—Large and small, comfortably furnished, clean rooms; $4 up.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Room with bath; sunny room, running water; breakfast optional; references.

45TH, 25 EAST.—Rooms with or without private baths; gentlemen; references.

49TH ST., 38 EAST.—Bright, pleasant rooms for gentlemen; quiet, refined neighborhood; references.

55TH, 83 EAST.—Excellent large, quiet room, with all conveniences; phone; references.

58TH ST.—Married couple in high-class elevator apartment, between Madison and Park Aves., will rent comfortable room; hot and cold running water; steam heat; electric light; references required. T 106 Times.

60TH ST., 41 EAST.—Large, nicely furnished room to rent; gentleman only.

68TH, 239 EAST.—Most beautifully furnished rooms; all conveniences; also suitable for two; refined neighborhood. Phone Plaza 4753.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 527.—Large, small, beautiful rooms; bath; steam; electricity; reasonable.

West Side.

11TH, 23 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; running water; telephone; good table.

12TH, 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, newly decorated, strictly clean, warm rooms. 6327 Chelsea.

23D ST., 428 WEST.—Furnished second floor, three desirable rooms, bath; electricity; all conveniences; reasonable. Phone 299 Chelsea.

36TH, 78 WEST.—ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS; BATHS ON EVERY FLOOR; STEAM HEAT; ELECTRIC LIGHTS; TELEPHONE; GENTLEMEN ONLY; $3 WEEKLY. HOTEL MYERS.

36TH ST., 311 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; renovated house.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Small sunny room, adjoining bath; bachelors; references required.

48TH, 130 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; well-kept house; bath; telephone; breakfast if desired.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Attractive, sunny room, adjoining bath; modern conveniences.

50TH ST., 65 WEST.—Comfortable large room; hot, cold water; telephone.

53D ST., 62 WEST.—Large, newly decorated room; southern exposure; also single room; every convenience.

55TH ST., 103 WEST.—Attractive room in private apartment; refined surroundings; reasonable. Tappan.

56TH ST., 63 WEST.—Steam-heated, sunny room; suite; private bath; meals optional.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Large room; southern exposure; steam heat; board optional; references.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; telephone; reference.

70TH, 134 WEST.—Large, comfortable, handsome rooms, with, without private bath; references.

70TH ST., 136 WEST.—Large, comfortable, quiet rooms; running water; surroundings refined; references; $10.

70TH, 146 WEST.—Comfortable room, bath, private house; references; permanent.

71ST, 165 WEST, (off Broadway.)—Immaculately clean large and small rooms; continuous hot water; cozy home for refined business people; telephone.

71ST, 308 WEST.—Exceptionally furnished front, suitable two, $6. Telephone 9087 Columbus.

72D, 123 WEST.—Beautiful large front room, near Subway, "L"; references, reasonable.

73D, 255 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated suites, with private bath; also single rooms; telephone; near Subway express.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Beautiful large, medium rooms; one or two; telephone; reference.

75TH ST., 102 WEST.—Beautiful room; high-class elevator apartment; gentlemen; reasonable. Tracy.

76TH ST., 113 WEST.—Back parlor; medium and small room; board optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 179 WEST.—Outside, single, double rooms; suite; reasonable; breakfast; telephone. Wanamaker.

76TH ST., 244 WEST.—Private house; large, attractive front room; board optional; references.

76TH, 303 WEST.—Room; bath; electricity; parquet floors; private house; references.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Desirable small room; references; reasonable; gentleman.

77TH, 150 WEST.—Large room, with private bath; also small room; references.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Two delightful, sunny rooms; private bath; single, en suite; Subway; kitchenette; privileges; reasonable; small room.

81ST, WEST.—Attractive two-room suite, adjoining bath, in private apartment; bachelor or business woman; reasonable. Schuyler 9286.

82D, 70 WEST.—Back parlor; private bath; attractive small rooms; reasonable; board optional.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; reference.

83D, 11 WEST.—Warm, attractively furnished rooms; front parlor, connecting bedroom; toilet; single or full sized beds; telephone; reasonable.

84TH, 51 WEST. — Beautiful, exceptionally comfortable large front; private bath; toilet; single or full sized beds; telephone; reasonable.

84TH, 14 WEST.—Attractively furnished large rooms; every convenience; quiet, homelike; telephone; reasonable.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large second-story front room; lavatory; smaller room, suitable two; private house; telephone.

85TH ST., 130 WEST.—Choice, large, small rooms; select, private family; telephone; "L," Subway.

85TH, 205 WEST.—Artistic home surroundings; women only; references. Barcus, 5589 Schuyler.

86TH, 302 WEST.—First floor room; southern exposure; select neighborhood; telephone; references.

92D ST., 204 WEST.—Housekeeping suite; also second floor room; running water. Pearsons.

93D ST., 2,493 Broadway, (The Blenheim.)—Double, well-furnished room; one, two gentlemen; elevator; every convenience. Purdy, 3677 River.

93D ST., 107 WEST.—Large, attractive front room; southern exposure; private bath; $8.

96TH ST., 139 WEST.—Large front room, southern exposure; running water; telephone; private residence; family of two.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Unusually attractive, large and small rooms; handsomely furnished; exclusive and quiet; private home; gentlemen only.

101ST, 205 WEST, (Two Doors from Broadway.)—Finest uptown; beautifully furnished single, double rooms; electricity, maids, elevator; kitchenette and laundry included; $3-$7. The Ludington.

107TH ST., 201 WEST.—Double and single room; electricity; elevator; $5, $3.50; Subway express.

108TH, 211 WEST.—Clean, newly furnished rooms; bath, steam heat; two blocks Subway and elevated; $3.50 to $7 weekly. Brown. 4797 Riverside.

113TH, 523 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, homelike rooms, single, double; private house; reasonable.

115TH, 419 WEST, (Columbia University.)—Light, outside room; bath; electricity, telephone, elevator. Lyman.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Large front room; also single room Grant.

119TH, 435 WEST.—Large, attractive room; high class elevator apartment; 'phone, electricity, shower; practically private bath; no other roomers; near Columbia; subway. Apartment 2 M.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive single, double rooms. Apply directly Apartment 51.

181ST ST., (2,138 5th Av.)—Week free; housekeeping rooms; running water; all conveniences; $2.50 up.

184TH ST., 601 WEST.—Outside room; quiet place for permanent, well-bred tenant. Apartment 5D.

BROADWAY, 2,189. — Furnished room; all modern conveniences; Broadway Subway; reasonable. O'Brien.

CONVENT AV., 425, (Washington Heights.)—Large, medium rooms; private residence; telephone; service.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 11, (141st St., Convent Av.)—Dainty suite; dressing room; $6.50; private residence.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587, (136th.)—Nicely furnished, large, outside rooms, overlooking Hudson; private family; Subway and bus transportation; breakfast if desired; first-class. Apartment 5A.

THE BROTELL,

8th Av., 27th St.

Room and bath, $1, $1.50, $2 and upward per day; special rates for permanents.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 88, (Washington Square Section.)—Desirable room; private apartment; refined surroundings.

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FRANKLIN ARMS.

Brooklyn's newest Apartment Hotel; 2 minutes from Brooklyn Bridge; 10 minutes from City Hall and Wall Street, Manhattan. Rooms single or en suite, with or without private bath. Telephone in every room; elegant mahogany furniture, beautiful rugs. Very moderate rates. Dining room, American plan. Frank L. Ferguson, 66 Orange St.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

LADY STUDENT desires room, West 78th to 90th, near Broadway; steam, electricity; privileges; reasonable. 183 West 87th. De Maris.

Help Wanted Female

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SALESMEN.—Require several salesmen for the following departments: Books, Handkerchiefs, Jewelry, Gloves, Lace, Fancy Goods, Toys, Pictures, Art Embroidery, China, Glassware, and Candy Departments. Apply to Superintendent.

ALSO

DEPARTMENT OF WRAPPING.—Require a number of girls as parcel wrappers. If under sixteen years of age, come with working certificate. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, Subway Floor, Central Building.

AN EDUCATED WOMAN, over 25, will be given an opportunity by old reliable house, permanent and profitable employment; high school or college preferred; guarantee and commission. Ryan, 156 Fifth Av.

CANVASSERS.—Charles Scribner's Sons want women who know how to canvass or willing to learn; article is heavily advertised; sells particularly well to women; steady employment; liberal commission for energetic workers; work well suited to refined women. Wier, 3d Floor, 599 5th Av.

DRESSMAKING.—An educated young woman with good ideas in dress and some experience in dressmaking can secure permanent position with good prospects for the future; apply by letter, giving age and experience; no other applicants will be considered. P. C. Sieger, Butterick Building, New York.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,

REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF YOUNG GIRLS, 16 TO 18 YEARS,

FOR LIGHT WORK;

MUST BRING WORKING PAPERS.

Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. Side.

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REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF EXPERIENCED CASHIERS.

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GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,

REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF YOUNG GIRLS TO ACT AS INSPECTORS, 16 TO 18 YEARS;

MUST BRING WORKING PAPERS.

Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. Side.

MODEL.—Desirable all-year-around position as model in fitting department for a young woman with good figure; measuring 36 bust. Apply P. C. Sieger, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts.

NURSE.—White, for two-year-old girl; must have personal city reference. Call between 9 and 10 o'clock mornings and after 7:30 o'clock evenings, 318 West 100th St.

SPECIAL WORK.—A well-educated woman who has had experience in book work for a special position on our new publication, "The Story of Music." Irving Squire, Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Law office requires stenographer with several years' experience in law office; salary, $18 to $20. C 151 Times Downtown.

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A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, AEOLIAN HALL, 33 WEST 42D ST. SECRETARIAL COURSES ONLY: STENOGRAPHY, SECRETARIAL ENGLISH, ACCOUNTANCY, AND SOCIAL AMENITIES. V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES

at a reliable school. Registered and inspected by the Regents of the University of the State of New York.

Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St., known throughout the country for thorough work.

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ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
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CAMERA DEPARTMENT.—Require an experienced salesman, thoroughly versed in camera and photographic sup

DIAMONDS
PRECIOUS STONES
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Honest representation, superior quality, and absolute guarantee, combined with prices more reasonable than Uptown, are the keynotes of our success for sixty-eight years.

"Being in Business Since 1845 Means Something"

GEO. W. WELSH'S SON
256 Broadway
Opposite City Hall Park

Loading Christmas Tree.

Do you want a Christmas Tree to plant and grow on your lawn? Packed with ball of earth about 150 pounds, you can keep it in the house a few days.

White Spruce, 3½ feet.....$2.00
Douglas Spruce, 6 feet.....9.00
White Pine, 5 feet.....4.00

Do you want evergreens 6 to 25 feet high planted this Winter? Select them at the Hicks Nurseries. Are there similar large evergreens in your neighborhood we can move for you? Send for catalogue, "Winter Evergreen Moving."

HICKS NURSERIES,
Westbury, L. I.

SILVERWARE
Always a Joy to look upon when Cleaned and Polished with
ELECTRO SILICON
The Unrivalled
SILVER POLISH
Put up in either
CREAM or POWDER form
Quickly removes all dirt and tarnish and imparts a wonderful lustre without scratching or marring. Free from acids or other injurious substances. Equally effective for Nickel, Aluminum and all fine metals. Send address for Free Sample.
Electro Silicon Co. 30 Cliff St N Y.
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WATCHES
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JEWELRY
FOR
CHRISTMAS

Solitaires	$10 to $600
High Grade American Waltham and Howard Watches	$50 to $250
Ladies' Gold Watches, 14K.,	$12 up
Young Men's Gold Watches, 14K.,	$12.85 up
Gold Signet Rings	$3 up
Gold Wedding Rings, 14K., Absolutely seamless.	$2.70 up
Diamond Lavelliers	$50 to $800
Bracelets, Solid Gold,	$15 & up
Solid Gold Bracelets, Set with Diamonds,	$50 to $250
Diamond Scarf Pins	$10 to $200
Gold Monk Buttons	$2 up

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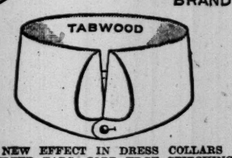

A NEW EFFECT IN DRESS COLLARS INSERTED TABS, CORD EDGE STITCHING
2 FOR 25 CTS.
EARL & WILSON.
MAKERS OF TROY'S BEST PRODUCT.

TRIED TO INSURE HIS VICTIM'S LIFE

Priest Had Murder in His Mind Five Months Before Crime, Prosecution Shows.

SCHMIDT MAY TAKE STAND

Counsel Agree to Limit Alienist Witnesses to Four on Each Side.

The prosecution scored an important point in the trial before Judge Foster of General Sessions of Hans Schmidt, the priest, who has confessed that he murdered Anna Aumuller, when it proved yesterday that Schmidt, several months before he killed the girl, attempted to insure her life for $5,000.

A few days after his arrest in September a large number of Board of Health death certificates were found in Schmidt's trunk at the rectory. It was discovered that Schmidt had stolen these certificates from the office of Dr. Arnold G. Leo of 508 West 135th Street, and that he had practiced forging the signatures of other physicians. Inspector Faurot believed at the time that Schmidt planned to commit murders for the sake of perpetrating insurance frauds. The priest said his real intention was to slay persons who were sick and suffering, and would be better off dead. He said he had planned, after killing such persons, to make it appear that they had died natural deaths by the use of forged death certificates.

The witness whose testimony supported the theory that Schmidt at one time had planned to murder Anna Aumuller with the intention of later collecting the insurance by declaring himself her husband was Dr. Harold M. Hays of 11 West Fifty-eighth Street, medical examiner for the Postal Life Insurance Company. Dr. Hays said that last April, nearly five months before the murder, Schmidt tried to obtain a policy for the young woman. In her application she used the name of Mrs. John Schmidt, and gave the date of her marriage as May 5, 1912. It was under the name of John Schmidt that the priest had obtained the license to marry Anna Aumuller. According to Schmidt's statement, he and the girl joined hands in St. Joseph's Church, and he read the ceremony which, according to his representations to the girl, made them man and wife.

The Postal Life Insurance Company, however, rejected the application. Dr. Hays declared that the power to accept or reject the application did not finally rest with him, and the reason for rejecting the application was not stated.

W. M. K. Olcott objected to the admission of the testimony of Dr. Hays since the application had been rejected. Assistant District Attorney Delehanty argued that the application was evidence of Schmidt's farsightedness and suggested a possible motive for murder. Judge Foster ruled in favor of Mr. Delehanty and the testimony went into the record.

It was said when court adjourned yesterday that Schmidt may take the witness stand. Alphonse G. Koelble, who was a friend of the priest before his arrest and is the only one of his lawyers to whom Schmidt will talk, wrote a note to his client during the proceedings yesterday, asking if he cared to take the stand. Schmidt said he would like to testify if he could be permitted to tell his story in his own way.

Schmidt's lawyers had not made up their minds last night whether or not he should be placed on the witness stand. The priest has not talked or acted rationally since his arrest. In every explanation of his reason for killing Anna Aumuller he has described it as a sacrifice made at the behest of St. Elizabeth. According to Mr. Koelble, no man who hears Schmidt talk on the subject of the crime can resist the conclusion that he is insane on the subject of religion and it is believed probable that the defense will take the risk of having the jury judge, by hearing Schmidt tell his story, whether he is irrational or only shamming.

The lawyers for the defense believe that the insanity plea received strong support from the confession of Schmidt to Assistant District Attorney Deacon Murphy, a transcript of which was read yesterday by Mr. Murphy. When Schmidt was questioned by Mr. Murphy as to his reason for killing the girl, Schmidt asked:

"Are you a Catholic?"

"No," replied Mr. Murphy.

"Then there is no use of telling you. You do not understand the sacrifice of the mass."

In reply to a question from Schmidt, Murphy said that he read the Bible. Schmidt then said that his sacrifice was like that which Abraham had been commanded to make of Isaac. At this point in his confession Schmidt added that he had drunk the blood of his victim to consummate the sacrifice. The confession also described in detail how Schmidt had dismembered the body and afterward carefully wrapped up the parts, weighting each with a stone, so that they sunk when he dropped them from the Fort Lee ferry into the North River.

Several witnesses were called to tell of Schmidt's purchase of a saw, butcher knife, wrapping paper, and wire. Detective Cassassa told of his visit with Schmidt to the vacant lot, where the priest burned the stained mattress, two days after the murder had been committed.

"What did Schmidt say," asked Judge Olcott in cross-examining Detective Cassassa, "when you asked him what he had done with the mattress?"

"He said he had burned it in deepest hell," answered Cassassa.

Mr. Delehanty introduced a German folk-song from which Schmidt had taken a quotation referring to a lovers' quarrel which he had written on a post card sent to Dr. Leo. Dr. Leo, when he was on the witness stand last Friday, had said that he considered this an evidence of a disordered mind. Mr. Delehanty said he introduced the folk-song in evidence to show that Schmidt had not composed what he had written on the postcard. The song was excluded, however, by Judge Foster.

An agreement was reached during the day by which Assistant District Attorney Delehanty allowed the defense the privilege of examining the effects of Anna Aumuller, including about 300 letters, which are now at Police Headquarters and in the office of the District Attorney.

It was agreed, also, between Mr. Delehanty and Judge Olcott, that each side should limit itself to four alienists when the issue of Schmidt's insanity is formally raised after the case of the prosecution is closed.

RADIO STOCK RESTRICTED.

Wireless Telephone Company Prevented Transfer for a Time.

Samuel E. Darby, who with James Dunlop Smith, Lee De Forest, and Elmer E. Burlingame, is on trial in the Federal District Court before Judge Hunt on the charge of using the mails to defraud in the Radio Telephone Company stock, was cross-examined yesterday by Assistant United States District Attorney Stephenson on the issue of stock to other companies. The stock, which was sold to the Ellsworth Company, was marked, "not transferable for one year," and the $1,000,000 stock given the De Forest Radio Wireless Telephone Company in exchange for its patents, was marked "not transferable for ten years."

The witness explained that this was done to prevent any interference with the treasury stock of the Radio Telephone Company, which it was intended to put on the market first. He did not explain why the sale of the stock in the possession of the Fiscal Agency Company was not stamped with the same limitation.

When a dividend notice of March 27, 1908, to which was attached a statement that contracts and installations were pending in Mexico and South American countries was produced, Capt. Darby could not recall where contracts were pending though there had been fruitless negotiations in Mexico. He knew nothing of installations, he said.

To the fourth dividend notice, issued June 24, 1909, a statement was added to the effect that contracts had been made with subsidiary companies, which provided for large cash payments for licenses and royalties to the parent company. The witness acknowledged a contract between the Radio and the Great Lakes Company, by which the latter was to pay 5 per cent. on gross receipts for three years, and 7½ per cent. for the next seventeen years.

"Where is the provision for the large cash payment?" asked Mr. Stephenson.

"Oh, that was contained in a supplementary contract," said Capt. Darby.

The Fiscal Agency Company, which had the exclusive selling privilege of Radio Telephone stock, it appeared from the evidence, was threatened with criminal proceedings by the Radio Company, then agreed to return $625,000 of Radio stock to the Radio Telephone Company on receipt of $27,500. This was the best arrangement which could be made, said the witness, but he did not approve of it.

The trial will continue to-day.

'POISON NEEDLE' CASE FAILS

No Evidence Against Young Man Girl Accused In Subway.

When Yetta Schlissel of 202 West 134th Street appeared in the West Side Court yesterday against Ernest Harf, the young salesman she had had arrested in a Subway train the night before, she did not produce a shred of evidence in support of her accusation that Harf had jabbed her with a poisoned needle. Magistrate Ten Eyck discharged Harf.

His companion, Albert Leffman, had testified that he and Harf were talking together with another man when the excited girl forced herself into the group, clutched Harf's arm, and started screaming. As for needle, poisoned or otherwise, there was none in evidence, and the tiny scratch on the girl's arm did not strike the ambulance surgeon as a recent acquisition.

What amused the police in the case was the girl's admission that she had perused carefully the "woo-lala" literature of recent production and her eagerness to have as many reporters around as possible.

Blast Kills Horse, Batters Car.

A blast set off yesterday morning in the work on the sewer at Webster Avenue and Gun Hill Road, the Bronx, showered rocks in every direction. One piece struck and killed a horse standing a hundred feet away. A passing trolley car was battered and three windows were smashed. All of the passengers were scared and some of them were hurt.

LAWYERS PASS LIE IN COURT CORRIDOR

Hugh Gordon Miller and Otto A. Gillig in Heated Colloquy Over Case of Senator Hughes.

FIGHT IN PARK SUGGESTED

But Gillig Tells Miller to Run Along —Suit, Is Is Alleged, Is Brought for Political Purposes.

A suit brought against United States Senator Hughes of New Jersey by James Longworth of Middletown, Conn., will begin before Supreme Court Justice Lehman this morning, and that it will be fought with bitterness was shown yesterday by a clash between the lawyers representing the opposing sides. Hugh Gordon Miller of counsel for Senator Hughes and Otto A. Gillig, who represents Mr. Longworth, met in the corridor of the Court House after the case had gone over. The lie passed between them, and each appeared eager to settle the controversy by a resort to fisticuffs.

Senator Hughes was the attorney for the Tangier Manor Corporation, a Long Island land concern, and was made one of its Trustees. In this capacity he has in his custody about $100,000 worth of the company's bonds, which Mr. Longworth wants to obtain possession of. Senator Hughes has refused to surrender them, and the court has recently rendered an opinion adverse to Mr. Longworth.

When Mr. Gillig left the courtroom he was asked by some reporters about the suit. While he was striving to explain the matter Mr. Miller walked up to him and said:

"You ought to be ashamed of trying to exploit yourself at the expense of Senator Hughes."

"I am not trying to exploit myself," retorted Mr. Gillig. I am only trying to explain the case to these men."

Mr. Miller walked up close to Mr. Gillig and, shaking his fist, said in a loud voice:

"You are a friend of Jim Smith, but I want to tell you that neither Jim Smith nor any of his friends will find anything here against the character of Senator Hughes."

There was some more talk and then Mr. Gillig said:

"Mr. Miller, you are a liar."

Mr. Miller retorted by calling Mr. Gillig one, too, and there was every sign that the two men would clash.

"Come out in the park, I dare you to," challenge Mr. Miller.

"Run along, Miller," said Mr. Gillig, "you are a little excited. That's all that's the matter with you."

Mr. Miller said last night:

"Gillig has been seeking to exploit himself and Jim Smith and the friends of Smith by trying to create the impression in New Jersey that Senator Hughes is mixed up in some shady real estate transaction. Stories to this effect have been sent to newspapers all over New Jersey. Senator Hughes has merely refused to give up some bonds he is holding as a trustee until he gets the necessary order from the court. If this order is issued the bonds will be surrendered, and not before. I said today that Gillig ought to be ashamed of himself, and I repeat that statement now."

Mr. Gillig said: "Mr. Miller has a habit of getting excited. He prides himself on his Southern ancestry. He is also addicted to making misstatements.

"When he said I had brought a number of 'character assassins' into court for the purpose of giving testimony detrimental to his client, I told him that he was not telling the truth. He flared up, and asked me if I meant to call him a liar. I told him to draw his own conclusions. Then he called me a liar, and I told him to go home.

"I had no idea of beating him up, but I daresay that if he had been within striking distance when he made that statement, I should have handed him one."

FIREMEN SPENT $215,000.

Commissioner Johnson Hints It Went to Promote Legislation.

District Attorney Whitman and Fire Commissioner Johnson conferred yesterday over the telephone concerning the alleged irregularities in the Firemen's Mutual Benevolent Association, of which ex-Fire Captain James G. Clifford is President, and as a result Mr. Whitman assigned Assistant District Attorney De Ford to go into the matter.

The Commissioner's formal request for an investigation was made in a letter, in which he reasserted his fears that money had been misappropriated, and intimated his belief that the association was trying to influence legislation, notably the two-platoon bill. A quotation from a report on the association, made last October by the Commissioner of Accounts, was also included in Commissioner Johnson's letter. This reads:

During the last fifteen years, therefore, the collections should total about $450,000.

From the calculations made from the figures suggested from some of the witnesses who gave evidence it would seem that the total expenditures, including death benefits, did not and do not exceed about $10,000 a year. For fifteen years this would mean a total expenditure of about $150,000. This would mean that there should be about $300,000 in the treasury of the association, whereas from the evidence it would seem that the present assets do not exceed $85,000.

The question, therefore, properly arises, Where is the difference between $300,000 and $85,000? If expended, then the public has a right to know for just what purpose.

Commissioner Johnson informed Mr. Whitman that he had exercised patience with the organization because so many of the firemen had their money invested in it, but now he wanted to clear the matter up before leaving office on Jan. 1.

COUNTY TO BIND ITS BOOKS.

Ruoff Says Jamaica Plant Will Save $10,000 a Year.

Although the proposal was opposed by several taxpayers of Jamaica, L. I., including John J. Bliss, ex-President of the Jamaica Citizens' Association, the plans of County Clerk Leonard Ruoff for a book binding plant in his office at Jamaica has been approved and the plant will be established on Jan. 1.

Mr. Bliss and the other taxpayers objected to the establishment of the book bindery on the ground that it would be a needless expense. Mr. Ruoff says, on the other hand, that it will save the taxpayers $10,000 a year.

Reduction Sale!!

$20 Prior to stock-taking we have reduced 187 stylish suitings, and 29 attractive overcoat patterns. Sale includes $40, $35, $30 and $25 materials. To measure only. All at $20. Sale ends Saturday. $20

Broadway & Ninth Street — Ready for Christmas — Arnheim

The Gift to Make This Christmas Memorable in Your Family

¶ Have you seen and heard the newest type of player piano, on which PERFECT GRADUATION OF TONE is obtained through simple finger pressures as in hand playing? This new type of Player Piano opens up possibilities for artistic piano playing by you and your family which are impossible to attain with any other player piano.

Sohmer

"The Player Piano with the Gradutone Buttons"

Graduation of Tone the Secret of True Musical Expression

¶ The ability of a skilful pianist to "carry you with him" as he plays is due in a large measure to the way he graduates his tones.

¶ The new Sohmer Player Piano is the only Player Piano on which proper provision has been made for graduating the tone evenly, positively, naturally, by hand. So it is the only player piano on which you can hope to attain the finished artistic results of a skilful pianist.

The Gradutone Buttons a Fundamental Improvement in Player Pianos

¶ The Gradutone Buttons of the Sohmer Player Piano represent a distinct advance in player piano construction. They overcome the last drawback to artistic playing. They bring to critical music lovers a new world of opportunities for refined musical enjoyment.

Don't Overlook the Importance of the Piano Itself

¶ In judging a player piano, too many people are apt not to give sufficient consideration to the piano itself. This is a mistake, since a great many pianos of low grade and inferior workmanship are being sold as player pianos under the mask of high-sounding names.

¶ A player piano usually gets so much harder and more continuous use than an ordinary piano, that it has need of the greatest possible quality and durability if it is going to retain its musical qualities.

Sohmer, "The Piano of Permanent Tone"

¶ This is where the Sohmer Piano, with its more than forty years' reputation as "The Piano of Permanent Tone," stands supreme.

An Invitation

¶ See and hear and play this wonderful instrument yourself as the guest of Sohmer & Co. at their Music Rooms, 315 Fifth Ave., some day this or next week, and plan to give your whole family a Christmas present which will mean a new musical life for each and every one of them. New Sohmer Player Pianos from $775; convenient terms and a liberal allowance for your present piano.

Send Your Card for Interesting Brochure

¶ If it is not convenient for you to come at once, enclose your card to Sohmer & Co., and receive by mail a brochure with illustrations and complete details of the new Sohmer Player Pianos. Address Dept. 7.

Sohmer & Co., Fifth Ave. at 32nd St.

Piano and Player Piano Makers

Purchasers are entitled to an unusually favorable Monthly Music Roll Service.

Open Evenings by Appointment

Put Yourself In His Place

A recent customer in giving us his second order said——

"I have been paying from $60 to $80 for my suits and overcoats for years, and I'm tired of it.

The suit you made me for $45 is equal in every detail—even superior in cut—to any I have ever worn.

Your reason for selling at such a large price concession is a good one.

I give a large discount to customers who pay cash, and a tailor can do the same."

All our customers pay cash. That is why we make for $45 the identical suit or overcoat sold on credit, elsewhere on Fifth Avenue, for $60 to $80. No deposit required.

MABIE & CO., Inc.
TAILORS TO MEN
251 Fifth Ave., Cor. 28th St.
Phone Madison Square 2671

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Get Him A Velour For Christmas.

If you want to give him a practical gift that will carry with it lasting appreciation, make him a present of a smart Truly Warner Drooped Brim Velour with a Silk Puggaree scarf band.

We will issue a certificate for $3.00 that will entitle the holder to one of these Velours, which are really $5.00 values.

This is the Velour Hat that you see on smart dressers all around town. See it at my nearest store. Mail order charges prepaid.

ENJOINS THE HAMMERSTEINS

Impresario Will Appeal at Once Against Opera Decision.

In accordance with his decision, filed on Dec. 6, Supreme Court Justice Pendleton issued an injunction yesterday afternoon restraining Oscar Hammerstein from engaging directly or indirectly in the production of grand opera in New York until April 26, 1920. The issuance of the injunction, in which Mr. Hammerstein is held to the terms of his contract entered into with the Metropolitan Opera House in April, 1910, makes it possibe for Mr. Hammerstein to proceed at once with his appeal. He is anxious for a decision on the appeal before the time set for the opening of his new opera house on the east side.

Oscar Hammerstein learned last night for the first time that Justice Pendleton, who on Dec. 6 had accorded him the privilege of amending his answer within twenty days upon payment of costs, had withdrawn that privilege upon the application of Alfred F. Seligsberg of counsel for the Metropolitan Opera Company.

"I know nothing about it," said Mr. Hammerstein last night. "But it makes little difference anyhow. We would not have made use of the privilege. We intended to waive it and wait for the signing of the injunction. That being signed, we can proceed at once with our appeal."

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Last week here—Next Week, Playhouse.
The Things That Count
"The right play in the right place at just the right time."—Acton Davies, Eve. Sun.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. Evs. 8. Mat. To-m'w, 2.
HOP O' MY THUMB with DE WOLF HOPPER

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mat. To-morrow, $1.50.
LAST 7 TIMES THE FAMILY CUPBOARD
NEXT WEEK THE THINGS THAT COUNT

Booth Thea., 45th w. of B'way. Thurs., Sat. 2:30 Evs. 8:45.
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Oh, I Say!

39TH ST. THEATRE, Near Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
AT BAY Mat. T'm'w, $1.50.

COMEDY 41st St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:30. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:30.
ALEXANDRA CARLISLE in The MARRIAGE GAME

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